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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LX.—NO. 308. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEW OIL INSPECTOR CONFIRMED BY COUNCIL.

MELVILLE G. HOLDING

Melville G. Holding, who was appointed Oil Inspector by Mayor Harrison yesterday and confirmed by the City Council, has figured more or less in local politics for several years. He resides at 445 West Sixty-seventh street, and two years ago made the race for Alderman in the old Thirty-first Ward, but was defeated by Henry F. Eidmann by 350 votes.

Mr. Holding served two consecutive terms as President of the old Thirty-first Ward club, and also organized the Harrison league in that ward. He is identified with Alderman Carey's "Indians," being on the Executive committee of the Watita league.

Mr. Holding has been employed for sixteen years in the city sales department of Sprague, Smith & Co., plate and window glass dealers, at 205 Randolph street. He is a Kentuckian, having been born near Georgetown. He spent many years in Covington, and came to Chicago twenty years ago. Mr. Holding is married, but has no children. He is 42 years old.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— TUESDAY, Nov. 5, 1901.

Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday, continued cold Tuesday, slightly warmer Wednesday. Variable winds, becoming easterly.

Sun rises at 6:37; sets at 4:50. Moon rises at 1:10 a. m.

NOTICE.

The Tribune will display election returns tonight at Dearborn and Monroe streets.

PAGES.

1 Reported Taking of Smyrna. Kills Father to Save Mother. Robber Killed in London Fog. Morgan Park Couple Elopes. Opening of the Horse Show.

2 M. G. Holding Oil Inspector. Proceedings of the Council. Ready for Ballot in New York. Seventh-Warders Fight Bossism.

3 Details of Horse Show Opening.

4 British Fighters Called Outlaws. Germany Growling at England. General News of New York.

5 News of the Theaters.

6 Minnesota Defeats Haskell Indians. Records of the Bowlers. Harry Forbes Whips Attel.

7 Jockey O'Connor at Oakland. More Turfmen Reinstated. Would Purge Hearst of Contempt. Lake Marine.

9 England Yields Canal Control. Vote Today on Dividing Cicero. Kozlowski Case to Grand Jury. Argument Begun in Schley Case.

10 In the Commercial Markets. Insurance Affairs.

11 News of the Railroads. Record of the Courts. Financial News of the World.

12 Editorial Comment.

13 News of Society. Among the New Books. Fontenoy Letter. Flower Show Begins Today.

FOREIGN:—

Admiral Caillard and his French squadron reported to have arrived at the Turkish port of Smyrna, which they have seized to enforce payment of French claims. M. Delcasse told Chamber of Deputies Turkey would be made to settle.

Worst fog London has experienced in years stopped business and street traffic. Robber took advantage of it to attempt holdup of a bank, but was killed after shooting the cashier.

Bitter comment made in Germany on Chamberlain's speech in which he made a cusual reference to the Franco-German war.

Crew of Columbian gunboat Darien reported to have mutinied and turned vessel over to insurgents.

Chinese court rejected new Manchurian treaty with Russia, submitted by Li Hung Chang.

Committee of Aero club decided Santos-Dumont entitled to the Deutsch prize of $20,000.

General Botha, in a proclamation replying to Kitchener, called the British troops outlaws.

Forty cigarmakers left Havana to take the places of strikers at Tampa.

British surveying party attacked in Kurram and thirteen Sepoys killed.

LOCAL:—

Horse show opened at the Coliseum with a big attendance, day and evening. Society people turned out in force. Notable animals shown at night in the various classes.

Dan M. Hogan, bookmaker and old-time gambler, slain by his 15-year-old son, who shot him at Wilmington, Ill., to save his mother from a beating.

Robert E. Burke asked the court to quash the indictments against himself and Max Praeger, giving twenty reasons why this should be done.

County Civil Service commission to cause an investigation of the charge of mistreatment of patients at Dunning Insane Asylum.

Employés of the Chicago American filed answer in the Haney contempt case, demanding a change of venue and trial by jury.

Ordinance introduced in the Council prohibiting winerooms in saloons and repealing the midnight closing ordinance.

Scott Witt, a farmer from Kinsley, Ill., declared he was robbed of $40 and a gold watch by a policeman in full uniform.

William Beattie, aged 20, and Miss Laura Strong, aged 16, members of a Morgan Park church choir, eloped.

Melville G. Holding appointed Oil Inspector to succeed Robert E. Burke. Confirmed by the Council.

DOMESTIC:—

Engineer of an Erie train stricken with paralysis near Corning, N. Y., and the train ran for miles while he lay unconscious.

Vessel supposed to be the bark Benjamin F. Hunt went ashore on shoal off Chatham, Mass.

Thirty hurt in a train wreck at Bedford, Ind. Accident caused by train breaking in two.

Another case discovered at Boston of a patient who died under Miss Toppan's care.

Boat on Lake Michigamme capsized during a storm and four men were drowned.

General Funston soon to return to the United States on leave of absence.

POLITICAL:—

Real issue of the Republican faction fight in the Seventh Ward declared to be the defeat of bossism.

Weather expected to prove an important factor in the elections today in several States.

NEW YORK:—

Miss Harriet Smith, a Brooklyn society girl, made perilous trip at night across the river on the narrow swaying footway of the new East River bridge.

Betting on today's election is 10 to 6 on Low. Large amounts wagered on the result of the vote, one wager of $20,000 on Low being reported.

A. R. Goslin, who was indicted for causing a raid in Brooklyn Rapid Transit stock, swore he gave $500 to bribe a Judge.

Ice trust brought suit to prevent two small dealers who sold out to the trust engaging in the business again.

President Roosevelt arrived from Washington on his way to Oyster Bay, where he will vote today.

WASHINGTON:—

Argument begun in the Schley inquiry. Assistant Prosecutor Hanna making the first speech. Court excluded two witnesses who offered to prove Captain Sigsbee told them the Spanish fleet was not at Santiago.

Lord Pauncefote called on the Secretary of State and gave him assurance there is nothing in the way of an agreement upon a canal treaty which will satisfy the Senate.

Delegation from Porto Rican Chamber of Commerce called on President Roosevelt to urge protection for coffee industry of the island.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Harriman and Hill reported to have made a deal to divide business between the Burlington and the Pacific coast lines.

SPORTING:—

Pittsburg club made tempting offers to Heidrick and Wallace, who signed with St. Louis American league club.

Western Jockey club reinstated a number of horsemen expelled for violation of rules.

Peter Howley of the Tosetti Bowling club averaged 235 in a Chicago league contest.

Football results: Minnesota, 28; Haskell Institute, 0. De Pauw, 30; Vincennes, 0.

Miracle II., a 2-year-old, won notable victory at Lakeside.

Harry Forbes won decision over Abe Attel at St. Louis.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOULOGNE	Ryndam	
BREMEN	K. Luise	
CHERBOURG	K. F. Wilhelm	
CUXHAVEN		Patricia.
GIBRALTAR		Hohenzollern.
GLASGOW	Siberian	
MOVILLE	Australasian	
NEW YORK	Trave	
NEW YORK	Perugia	
NAPLES	F. Bismarck	
ST. JOHN	Corean	

REPORT SMYRNA HAS BEEN SEIZED

Word Sent to Paris That Admiral Caillard and Fleet Had Reached Destination and Act as Ordered.

LACK OFFICIAL DISPATCH

Minister Delcasse in Chamber of Deputies Wins Vote of Confidence in Policy of Government.

TURKEY MAY PAY BILLS.

Ugly Disputes on Floor Caused by Suggestion That British Concentration Camps Be Condemned.

MEMBERS INSULT EACH OTHER.

LONDON, Nov. 5, 3 a. m.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail says he understands that dispatches have been received at the French capital announcing that Admiral Caillard's division of the French Mediterranean squadron has arrived at Smyrna and seized the customs.

Report Widespread in Paris.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Nov. 5, 3 a. m.—It is rumored on the boulevards tonight that Admiral Caillard's squadron has reached Smyrna, and that the French have occupied the custom-house there. The rumor cannot be confirmed.

Sultan Appeals to England.

"The Porte has asked Great Britain," says the Constantinople correspondent of the Echo de Paris, "to fulfill the terms of the convention of 1878 whereby, in exchange for the Island of Cyprus, Great Britain guarantees the integrity of the Sultan's Asiatic possessions.

"The Porte claims under this convention that Great Britain should protect Asiatic-Turkey against an attack by France, and suggests that Great Britain should send a squadron to the Levant for that purpose."

According to the Athens correspondent of the Journal, a French dispatch boat arrived yesterday (Monday) at Syra, capital of the Island of Syra, to get a number of dispatches that were waiting at the telegraph office.

Debate on Expedition.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Nov. 4.—In the Chamber of Deputies today M. Delcasse, replying to an interpellation by M. Marcel Sembat, Socialist, in regard to Turkey, spoke vaguely of having always defended the right of France without infringing on the rights or exciting the susceptibilities of other powers.

He said that Turkey had not profited by the delay which had been granted, and France was now determined to claim the settlement of grievances which had been outstanding for more than twenty years, and to maintain the material and moral interests of France.

France's patience was exhausted by the Porte's breaking its own promises. France in the present difficulty pursued no fresh advantage, but everybody would agree that this effort on the part of France ought to at least serve to put an end to the annoyances and unjust treatment of which French works in the Orient, scholastic and hospitable establishments, and commercial and industrial enterprises had been the object.

Means to Enforce Just Claims.

He added:

"Unless Parliament arrests our action, the government wishes to show that France, after exemplary patience, has other things to oppose to the long and persistent refusals to do justice than simple observations. The government intervened in the quays question in order to get Turkey to fulfill her engagements. If the government had not done so there would have been an end to the numerous enterprises which France has created in Turkey in the shape of railroads, roads, lighthouses, and banks.

"The Porte has also persisted in its refusal to reimburse MM. Tubini and Lorando, in spite of the decrees of the tribunals in their favor. The government will only present to the Porte demands which are in conformity with its conscience, and which can be sustained in perfect tranquillity of mind before the whole world.

"Our rights are certain and nobody will dispute them. Our action is legitimate and nobody can take umbrage at it, and as our patience has been long, so our action must be more resolute."

Naval Plans Kept Secret.

M. Delcasse declared that the government still thought it advisable to remain silent in reference to the destination of the naval division under Admiral Caillard. The government, he said, after having shown exemplary patience with the repeated injustices of the Sultan, had determined to uphold French interests, which had been violated so often in the last quarter of a century.

The Premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, then rose and said that M. Delcasse's declarations showed that the government's task was heavy and complex. As the government desired respect for the interests of its fellow-citizens, so it intended to defend the patrimony of moral interests devolving upon France. It needed the confidence of the Chamber in order to accomplish its task.

M. Sembat's motion was rejected by 394 to 75 votes.

The Chamber then, by 305 to 77, voted to sustain the government's action towards Turkey, and expressed confidence in the government.

Show Dislike of British.

Prior to the debate on the Turkish incident M. Berry asked leave to interpellate the government regarding the measures it proposed to take in accord with other governments to call upon the British government to remove the women and children in the south African concentration camps to healthful districts.

M. Millevoye, Nationalist, interposed violently and called Joseph Chamberlain, the British Colonial Secretary, a coward. Other Deputies joined in insulting M. Delcasse.

Vice Admiral Rieunier, a former Minister of Marine, called M. Lanessan, who holds that portfolio in the present Cabinet, a liar.

SON KILLS HIS FATHER.

BOY SHOOTS TO PROTECT MOTHER FROM ANGRY HUSBAND.

Sight of Halloween Decorations Angers Bookmaker Dan M. Hogan and He Attacks His Wife in Their Home at Wilmington, Ill.—Fifteen-Year-Old Lad Shoots with Deadly Aim—Dying Man Exculpates Lad—Well-Known Figure in Chicago Sporting World.

Dan M. Hogan, bookmaker and old-time gambler, is dead. He was slain by his own son, who shot to save his mother from her infuriated husband. Almost the last words Hogan spoke were:

"It was my own fault. I had it coming to me."

The affray took place in Hogan's house at Wilmington, Ill., early on Sunday morning. Hogan lingered in life a few hours. A Coroner's jury exonerated the boy.

Halloween decorations started the quarrel which ended in Hogan's death. He had been making a book at the Roby track. Business detained him in Chicago on Saturday, and it was late when he reached Wilmington. Mrs. Hogan was awaiting him at the station, and they drove to the family residence, near the Soldiers' Widows' Home.

Hogan seemed in excellent humor and talked and joked during the late supper Mrs. Hogan had prepared for him. Suddenly he noticed the decorations, put up for a Halloween party and still in place. He began to abuse his wife.

Quarrels with His Wife.

"It seems to me that every time I get home," he said, "you have the house torn up with more of your foolishness. I will clean out the place."

He started in to do it, and began by striking his wife. The other members of the household attempted to interfere, but they were frightened away. Mrs. Hogan attempted to escape from the enraged man, running upstairs. Hogan followed, striking her repeatedly. When the top of the stairs was reached Hogan again struck his wife and knocked her against a door.

The noise aroused young Dan, who is 15 years old, who went at once to his mother's assistance. Hogan tried to grab a revolver that lay on a dresser, but the boy reached it first, and fired. The bullet entered near the right shoulder and passed downward. Before he died Hogan said that it was his own fault.

His Career as a Bookmaker.

For twenty years Dan Hogan was a bookmaker at the racetracks around Chicago. He was also one of the best known men in the Chicago gambling fraternity, having operated several houses in Chicago in former days. At the time of the elder Carter Harrison's first administration he was known as the "Captain" of gamblers on the West Side.

Hogan made a fortune at the racetracks and lost the greater part of it at the gaming table. Sporting men in Chicago assert that ten years ago Hogan was worth $500,000. He was one of the pioneer bookmakers in the West and was in his prime when the Garfield Park racetrack was in operation. He made books at other tracks in the country, including New Orleans and Memphis, where he was successful.

Lately he had been "on the block" for others at the Lakeside track. A few years ago he was a partner of George W. Poole, whose horses are now running at Lakeside. For a time Poole's horses ran under Hogan's name.

Although Hogan conducted several gambling-houses he did not reap the same financial rewards as in the bookmaking business. He ran a house in Halsted street and later managed the House of David. After the closing of the Garfield racetrack he met heavy losses, and it is said that he lost $25,000 at one sitting at a game of faro in his own establishment.

His brother, Patrick Hogan, a commission man living at 136 North State street, will leave this morning for Wilmington. A half brother, Dennis Hogan, lived in Chicago until recently.

WOMAN KEEPS OLD PROMISE BY TAKING HER OWN LIFE.

Emma Sanger Tried to Die with Her Friend in St. Joseph, Mich., Years Ago—Found Dead in Her Room.

Emma Sanger, after long years, kept faith with her friend and ended her life. Her body was found hanging in her rom at 133 Thirty-fifth street, and yesterday the Coroner held an inquest. Suicide while despondent was the verdict.

Fifteen years ago Miss Sanger lived with her parents in St. Joseph, Mich. Her best friend was a Miss Duncan. They decided to commit suicide together, and made their plans carefully. At an agreed upon hour they drank carbolic acid.

Miss Duncan died, but Miss Sanger's life was saved by prompt medical attendance. A few years later she came to Chicago.

Mrs. Sanger left St. Joseph yesterday to take her daughter's remains home.

NEGRO BURNED AT STAKE BY A MISSISSIPPI MOB.

Man Whose Name Is Not Known Identified by His Victim, Makes Confession, and Is Executed Without Delay.

Gulf Port, Miss., Nov. 4.—A negro whose name has not yet been learned was burned at the stake in Perry County, Miss., on Saturday night. The crime for which the negro suffered was committed early in the morning and Mrs. Fortenberry was the victim. She is the wife of one of the most prominent men in that section.

A negro answering the description given by Mrs. Fortenberry was caught, taken, and identified by her. The negro then made a confession.

An informal court was organized by the members of the posse. The trial resulted in a decision to burn the negro at the scene of his crime.

PIN SCRATCH PROVES FATAL TO ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

Edward Percival Seeger of 671 Sedgwick Street Dies at Ithaca, N. Y.—Graduate of Harvard in 1898.

Edward Percival Seeger of 671 Sedgwick street, a graduate of Harvard in the class of 1898, died yesterday at Ithaca, N. Y., of blood-poisoning from the effects of a pin prick received three days previous. He had been working at Ithaca as an electrical engineer in the employ of the Westinghouse Cement company. While at college he distinguished himself in his studies. The body will be brought to Chicago for interment.

LONDON BROUGHT TO STOP BY FOG.

Normal Business and Traffic Ceases, While Criminal Classes Become Unusually Active.

BANK CASHIER IS SHOT.

Theaters Close for Lack of Actors, and Audience and Railways Only Grope Along.

SHIPPING IS HELD IN PORT

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 4.—During the black fog which prevailed here this afternoon a man named Aubrey attempted to rob the branch of the London and Southwestern Bank in Kensington road. He shot and killed the cashier and then ordered three clerks to hold up their hands. Two of them obeyed, but the third, named Couchs, grappled with him.

The robber shot Couchs in the cheek, inflicting a wound that is not dangerous, but the former struggled with him until Aubrey was shot and killed, a bullet passing through his head. It is not known whether the robber was shot by accident or committed suicide, or whether his wound was inflicted by Couchs turning his revolver on him as Aubrey attempted to fire at him the second time.

Plucky Clerk Exhausted.

The two clerks who threw up their hands when ordered to do so seem to have fled during the struggle. Couchs was exhausted by his struggle, but is recovering.

London has again been blanketed with a heavy fog for thirty-six hours and the streets have been well nigh impassable by day, and traffic has been virtually suspended by night. The functions of the old-time linkmen have been performed by police with lanterns and by street boys with torches. The fogs during the last fortnight have been the densest known in London for many years, and cabmen have been forced to lead their horses and omnibus drivers have been piloted by men with lanters during the night rounds.

Manay Theaters Are Closed.

The streets were half empty this evening owing to the heavy fog. The audiences at the theaters were thin. The Garrick, Criterion, and Prince of Wales Theaters were closed, and notices were posted that the principal members of the companies were unable to reach London. Some of the suburbs were practically isolated, the running of trains being almost impossible. The police stopped traffic at Trafalgar Square owing to the danger of collisions. The square had become congested with vehicles. Drivers were compelled to lead their horses and the place was cleared slowly and with difficulty.

In parts of the West End the authorities removed the burners from the lamp posts and burned flames from the gas pipes. Pedestrians were frequently compelled to grope along the walls and feel for the curbs with canes.

Fog General Over England.

The fog is general over a large part of England, and it has not been equaled in years. Many isolated accidents have been reported. There was a railway collision at Todmorthen, in which five persons were injured. A train overran the station in the fog at Davington and a disaster was narrowly averted.

Navigation has been stopped at Bristol. The fog is dense around Manchester, and also in the midland counties. It is practically universal east and south. Many hunting fixtures have been canceled.

Hamburg has been fogbound since Sunday, and the sailing and arrival of steamers are delayed. Holland, Belgium, and northwestern France are also covered with fog.

Long for Better Railroads.

The return in November of fogs in the blackest and most impenetrable form helps to increase the public impatience over the delays in working out the system of electric transit underground. While the twopenny tube in Waterloo and the city and South London lines are liberally patronized in such weather, the suburban train service is more or less blocked and a large section of the central belt of the metropolis has no other resource than the district and metropolitan smoke pipes.

The orang outang at the zoo named Oom Paul and Bridget, the baby chimpanzee, have died from the effects of the fog.

BURGLARS IN IRVING FLATS TAKE JEWELRY WORTH $1,000.

Apartment of G. Calhoun Entered in the Afternoon by Forcing a Lock and Watches and Diamonds Stolen.

The apartment of G. Calhoun, in the Irving, 291 North State street, was entered by burglars between 2 and 6 p. m. yesterday and jewelry valued at $1,000 was taken. The articles included a man's gold watch, a woman's gold watch, five diamond stickpins, three diamond rings, and two pair of diamond earrings.

The robbers got in by forcing the lock of a door with a kitchen knife. Mr. Calhoun is Western manager for the George Publishing company of New York.

The robbery was reported at the East Chicago Avenue Police Station, and Detectives McNally and Clancy were detailed to investigate the burglary. It is thought that men who have recently visited the building under the guise of insurance agents and have been calling on the occupants of the building are the burglars.

Three times the building has been burglarized within a few months. Last night Inspector Heidelmeier detailed four men to guard the building in hopes that the men will be found around the place.

Mr. Calhoun, with the members of his family, was visiting on the South Side and did not learn of the burglary until he reached his rooms in the evening.

GOVERNOR REMOVES CHICAGOAN

Charles W. Nothnagel Dropped from Board of Examiners of Architects by State Executive.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 4.—Governor Yates this evening removed Charles W. Nothnagel of Chicago from the State Board of Examiners of Architects on the ground that Nothnagel was not qualified for the position.

ELOPERS STIR A SUBURB.

MORGAN PARK YOUNG COUPLE RUN AWAY TO BE MARRIED.

Miss Laura Strong and William Beattie, Members of Well-Known Families, Disappear from Their Homes, Leaving Note as to Their Intentions—Telephones Called Into Play to Head Off Pair, but They Are Not Found—Romance of Church Choir.

All Morgan Park is talking today about the elopement of a pair of youthful lovers, members of well-known families. The girl is Miss Laura Strong, the 16-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mr. H. J. Strong of Crescent avenue. The young man is William Beattie, whose home is with his widowed mother on Morgan avenue. Mr. Beattie is 19.

Both are members of the choir of the Episcopal Church of the Mediator, one of the most aristocratic congregations in Morgan Park. Acquaintance led to courtship and ripened into love while the couple attended rehearsals and stood side by side in the choir on Sundays.

Those of Morgan Park who knew the young people were not surprised to hear that they were engaged, but none looked for a wedding on account of the youth of the girl. The first that was known of the elopement was learned by the mother of Mr. Beattie, who discovered a note from her son on the dining-room table at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. It read:

Dear Mother: When you read this Laura and I will be on our way to be married. Hold congratulations in readiness and don't worry. WILL.

Warning Comes Too Late.

Mrs. Beattie divined at once that an elopement was planned and in process of execution, and without delay called at the home of Miss Strong. Then it was discovered that it was too late—that both birds had flown and in all probability were on their way to the altar. Mrs. Strong made a hasty search for Laura and discovered that instead of being in her room on the second floor the young woman had quietly left the house half an hour before and gone to the city on one of the Rock Island suburban trains.

Mrs. Strong was agitated, and for a short time hysterics were imminent. Then all friends concentrated their efforts to overtake or outwit the pair. The telephone to Chicago was invoked, and the wholesale department of Marshall Field & Co., where Mr. Beattie is employed, communicated with. The reply came back that Mr. Beattie had just left the store with Miss Strong.

Probably Met on Train.

Beattie had secured leave of absence at noon, gone to his home in Morgan Park, prepared for his departure, and left the note for his mother. Within the same hour Miss Strong left her home, and it is surmised met her fiancée on the train. They were seen leaving the Rock Island Depot in Van Buren street a few minutes after 6 o'clock last night, and from that time until midnight no trace of them was found.

It was learned that no license had been issued, and a telephone message was sent to the authorities at St. Joseph, Mich., warning them not to issue one to Miss Strong. After all of the justices of the peace had been communicated with, the Harrison Street Police Station was visited and a description of the young couple furnished with instructions to detain them if found.

Both young people are popular in Morgan Park social circles, and the only objection to the match, as stated by the relatives of the pair, is on account of their youth.

HANNAH & HOGG EMPLOYE'S SHORTAGE SAID TO BE $40,000.

Investigation Reported to Show That Amount Gone—It Is Declared Confidential Man Has Left Chicago.

Fresh reports were current last night of a shortage in the accounts of a trusted employé of Hannah & Hogg.

It was said that the amount, as shown by the investigation of the books so far, would be between $30,000 and $40,000. It was also reported that the employé affected had left town.

Alexander D. Hannah declined absolutely to discuss the mater.

"I do not care to talk about the affair," said Captain Hogg at 83 Madison street. "It will do no one any good and may do much harm."

"We are not situated here so we can tell of the trouble," said an employé at 234 South Clark street. "The matter has now been thoroughly sifted, but I am not a member of the firm and I have no right to say anything at all."

A person not connected directly with the firm, however, vouched for the truth of the report and declared his information enabled him to place the shortage at nearly $40,000.

ANTITOXIN ADDS A VICTIM.

Emma Ernest, Aged Four, Is Eleventh Child to Die of Lockjaw from Its Use.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 4.—[Special.]— Emma Ernest, 4 years old, died this afternoon from tetanus, the eleventh victim to the use of antitoxin for the prevention of diphtheria furnished by the city.

Coroner Funkhouser concluded his investigation into the infection of antitoxin serum with tetanus germs this morning.

Deputy Coroner Boogher said that the verdict would be postponed until the three experts who are making bacteriological tests of the serum have made their reports, which will probably not be concluded for ten days.

PURSE AND $3,000 DISAPPEAR.

Dropped in Chamber of Commerce Block —Reward of $250 and No Questions Ineffective.

A pocketbook containing $3,000 in currency and negotiable papers was accidentally dropped in the barber shop on the seventh floor of the Chamber of Commerce Building yesterday by some one connected with the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance company of Philadelphia, of which R. L. Crescy is General Manager. A reward of $250 and no questions asked for the return of the money was immediately posted, but up to the closing of the office last evening the pocketbook had not been returned.

LOST ON LAKE IN OPEN BOAT.

Father and Son Blown Far from Land—Freezing Temperature and No Provisions Are Aboard.

Kewaunee, Wis., Nov. 4.—Adrift on Lake Michigan in an open boat, with no provisions and with the temperature at the freezing point—the fate of Charles Peterson, keeper of the government light, and his son Ralph. About dusk last night the two were blown away from shore by the westerly gale, and though search was made all night and all day today, there has been no trace found of the missing lightkeepers. There is every reason to believe that the two have perished.

HORSE SHOW IS BEGUN IN GLORY.

Annual Display Begins at the Coliseum with Pomp and Glitter That Surpasses Other Years.

PAGEANT SEEN AT NIGHT.

With Boxes Filled with Beautifully-Gowned Women, Splendid Steeds in the Arena, Scene Is Animated.

HOW THE PRIZES WERE WON

C. K. G. Billings Captures Several First Awards and the Moore Brothers' Entries Are Also Successful.

PROGRAM ARRANGED FOR TODAY.

Over a great oval of powdered tanbark in the Coliseum last night sounded the sharp notes of a trumpet. A line of prancing, glistening horses dashed into this area through two wide, white-gated aisles. Wealth and fashion crowded about the railings and waved a welcome from the boxes fringing the great ellipse. Green-jacketed grooms, dotting this area of tanbark, came to "present," like so many soldiers on parade. Applause came in response from 5,000 pairs of hands.

Thus was Chicago's annual Horse Show ushered in. Those who should know declared it represented perhaps the best exhibit of fine horses ever gathered together in this country.

Such a scene the Coliseum has known only once before, and that was twelve months ago, when the Horse Show was made an annual fixture of Chicago's life. From rafter, beam, and balcony fluttered streamers and flags of every color. In the arena, bordered with entwined colors of Mikado orange and hunter's green, the army of the most costly and the highest titled horses that Chicago ever has seen sought for favor and honor ribbons. Clustered in the wide promenade which bordered the ring, applauding from the scores of boxes, waving handkerchiefs from the balconies, Chicago society inaugurated the régime of the horse, and for five afternoons and nights Mr. Equus will reign undisputed.

Climax Comes at Night.

The Coliseum was a blaze of light and color. It had been brilliant in the afternoon. It was far brighter at night. The afternoon had brought the opening of the second year's exhibit, but the night brought the climax.

In a box facing the great aisles through which the horses whirled their brilliant equipages into the tanbark oval sat the Governor of Illinois. On either hand, flanking the long promenades, were gathered the rulers of society. From balcony and gallery thousands sent down their applause, and before all, asking favors and honors, whirled the proud representatives of equine aristocracy.

Among those early in the arena was President James Hobart Moore. The Horse Show, he declared, could never have known more favorable auspices. He glanced at the thousands streaming through the doors, eager to bestow their applause on the ribbon winners.

First Entries of the Night.

It was shortly after 8 o'clock when a red-coated trumpeter sounded the shrill notes that brought the opening of the wide, white gates to the south. Stationed at either end of the tanbark ring, like the linesmen of opposing football teams, a dozen green-coated, red-capped grooms stood like statues. Into the arena bounded eight horses drawing gigs or dog carts. The 5,000 spectators had the word flashed from the monster bulletin boards that the judging of "harness horses suitable for road work" was on. Favorites were designated by the storms of applause at intervals as, carefully piloted, the line of horses swept around and around the oval. From a gallery far above the brasses of a band thundered out.

Who the Judges Were.

It was with this first event that the horses of the Billings stables became the favorites. Watching every movement of the animals as they glided about the ring stood the judges. One, David Bonner, was the son of the late Robert Bonner of New York, known wherever horses have earned titles of glory. Near him was Frank K. Sturgis, held one of the best whips in New York City. Kentucky had its representative in Shelby T. Harbison of Lexington, the city of the blue grass district which has claimed so many prize winners. John W. Conley of Chicago, A. B. McLaren of Aurora, A. J. Heineman, Mansfield, O.; Charles P. Williams, Stonington, Conn.; and Clarence Moore, Washington, D. C., were the others in this group about a great spray of yellow chrysanthemums in the center of the ring of tan bark.

Seven prizes in all fell to the Billings stable. Judge Haney carried off a second prize during the afternoon with his pacer, Jesse Roy. Arthur Meeker was another first prize winner with his Mollie. W. H. and J. H. Moore captured the four-in-hand and other prizes.

Big Crowd Cheers Firemen.

Again the audience was brought to its feet when Chicago's firemen gave an exhibition drill. From a portable stable, set up in the ring, sprang the horses of Engine Company No. 9. Around the oval they swept, firemen clinging to the engine and to the trucks. It was a call to a 4-11 alarm. And 5,000 voices cheered, as it was thus shown how Chicago's firemen respond to a call to fight the flames and risk their lives.

Under the direction of the Managing committee for the evening, consisting of Lawrence A. Young and C. Garfield King, the horses of class after class whirled in. Ribbons of blue, red, and yellow were as often rewarded, there was a dash of the honor winner about the arena, and then out through the aisles at the southern end of the ring.

Governor and Mrs. Yates were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dixon. All evening they were besieged. To the right a crowd always was about the box of Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer and their party.

It was almost 2 o'clock this morning when the lights were turned out on the first day of

Chicago's horse show of 1901. Through the nearby streets and down Michigan avenue the tangles of carriages were still flying like a swarm of fireflies.

At the Afternoon Opening.

A trumpeter in a cream-colored silk hat, scarlet coat, and patent leather boots stepped to the center of the tanbark ring at the Coliseum at 2 p. m. and blew a signal for the afternoon opening. In a moment men and horses appeared through a gate at the farther end of the ring.

There was no ceremony. When the official hour for the show to open arrived the exhibit began, and that was all there was to it. It was a small crowd that greeted the opening. The gallery was wholly empty and on the main floor the spectators were scattering, the crowds reserving the evening for their time of viewing and being viewed. Yet the few were enthusiastic and clapped bravely at fine specimens of horseflesh.

There was only one bit of excitement during the afternoon, and that was when, in the exhibition of harness horses to broughams, Only Way, owned by James Hobart Moore, threw himself and had to be led from the ring. The horses were lined up for final inspection when suddenly Only Way reared in the air and turned nearly a complete somersault. It took the grooms five minutes to disentangle the horse and get it on its feet.

There was a demonstration of pleasure, too, when C. K. G. Billings' pacer, Little Boy, with the world's record of 2:01¼ to wagon, was exhibited. Little Boy was driven several times around the ring, and made such spurts of speed as were possible in such restricted quarters.

Arena Program for Today.

AFTERNOON.

2 p. m., pairs harness horses. Class 57—First prize, $50; second prize, $25; third prize, $10.

2:15 p. m., trotters, stallions. Class 3—First prize, $100; second prize, $50; third prize, $25.

2:40 p. m., livery horses to cabs. Class 50—First prize, $100; second prize, $50; third prize, $25.

2:55 p. m., exhibition of Mr. C. K. G. Billings' pacer, Little boy, record 2:01¼, to wagon.

3:00 p. m., pairs of harness horses, suitable for Victoria or Cabriolet. Class 81—First prize, $200 in plate; second prize, reserve ribbon.

3:25 p. m., Shetland ponies under saddle. Class 72—First prize, $50; second prize, $20; third prize, $10.

3:45 p. m., pairs of park horses in harness. Class 13—First prize, $150; second prize, $50; third prize, $25.

4:10 p. m., Shetland ponies, tandem. Class 62—First prize, $50; second prize, $25; third prize, $10.

4:30 p. m., exhibition engine Company No. 19, Chicago Fire department.

4:45 p. m., judging polo ponies over jumps. Class 55—First prize, $50; second prize, reserve ribbon.

EVENING.

8:15 p. m.—Runabout horses. The Rector trophy. Class 84—First prize, $200 in plate; second prize, reserve ribbon.

8:40 p. m.—Pairs of park horses in harness. Class 17—First prize, $150; second prize, $75; third prize, $25.

9:05 p. m.—Gaited saddle horses. Class 72—First prize, $150; second prize, reserve ribbon.

9:20 p. m.—Tandems. Class 45—First prize, $100; second prize, $50; third prize, $25.

9:45 p. m.—Pacers, the Speedway cup. Class 11—First prize, $250 in plate; second prize, reserve ribbon.

10:05 p. m.—Four-in-hands to delivery trucks. Class 80—First prize, $100; second prize, reserve ribbon.

10:20 p. m.—Pairs of harness horses suitable for road work. Class 19—First prize, $150; second prize, $75; third prize, $25.

10:40 p. m.—Exhibition engine company No. 8, Chicago Fire department.

10:55 p. m.—Heavyweight green hunters. Class 86—First prize, $100; second prize, $50; third prize, $25.

LOSS OF WARD STRING FELT.

Other Fine Animals, However, Strive for the Honors—How Awards Were Made.

[BY H. T. WHITE.]

It is extremely unfortunate, both for the public, which had looked forward to seeing them, and to their owner, who had expended a great amount of time and money in bringing them together, that it has been found necessary to cancel all the horse show engagements of the fine stable belonging to Mr. A. Montgomery Ward.

Sickness is the cause. When the string left Chicago for a tour of the shows some weeks ago there was material in it for the highest class of ring work. During the Wisconsin State fair some sickness developed in the stable, but it was not serious, and the trip to Kansas City was made, where nine firsts and four seconds were scored. By this time, however, several of the best horses were under the weather, so the St. Louis show was skipped. Reaching Chicago, the disease had progressed so that it was plain there could be no show ring work here. Last week, Tuesday, Mr. Ward, appreciating this fact, asked permission of the horse show officials to substitute other horses from his Oconomowoc place for some of those already entered but sick. This was refused, rather abruptly, but on Saturday, when it was manifestly too late to even half way fit the Oconomowoc horses for this week's exhibition, permission to substitute was given, but of course not accepted by Mr. Ward. Yesterday, Nighthawk, one of the choicest of the string, died, and Express, an exceptionally fine show ring animal, cannot live long. Mr. Ward bred the major part of his show horses, and the sentimental interest of a breeder in the performances of his horses is far greater than that of the man who goes out with a check book and gets them ready made. Mr. Ward's box was headquarters yesterday for sympathising friends.

The most important class decided on the opening day was the big $500 event for the best pair of harness horses, 15 hands 2 inches or under. There were but four contestants, but as the conditions of the competitions called for the highest type of carriage horses the cream of the entries was on parade. The blue ribbon went to "Judge" Moore's pair, Longy and Disturbance; Mr. Billings' pair, Ned Allerton and Billy Allerton, took second honors; and J. H. Moore's Viceroy and Vladimir were third. The railbirds, who are critics of the fiercest sort, and ordinarily fully equal to the men in the center of the ring in the matter of horse knowledge, had a great argument over the decision. There was a strong party that claimed first honors for the Billings pair on the ground that, in the full meaning of the conditions, they filled the bill as a carriage pair for actual use better than did the winners. One of the horses, however, pawed violently all the time he was supposed to be standing at attention, and this may have turned the scale against him and his mate. John Tierney, head man for Mr. Billings, did the driving, and did it well. The pair driven by Mr. Billings himself were animals with a lot of style, "a sporty team," as one critic put it, but in some respects not up to heavy harness requirements.

The cobs under saddle were an interesting class. At the trot Mr. J. H. Moore's Fairy was easily the best, but aside from that gait he was clumsy to a degree. Of the three that opposed him, however, Mr. Arthur Meeker's Mollie, a shapely bay mare, had so much class that there was practically no competition for first honors. "Williw," known at the Stock-Yards as one of the best boys in the country at showing horses under saddle, bred the mount on Mollie, and he helped her a little in places. The mare is an exceptionally fine actor at all the gaits required.

The road-riders' brigade, which was well represented, held an informal indignation meeting after the pacers in class 9 had been shown and the blue ribbon placed on Sam C., a bay gelding owned by E. B. Lombard. Judge Haney's Jessie Roy got the second place and W. D. Moone's roan mare Baby Wilkes third place. What hurt the critics was that Saul, owned by John R. Thompson, not only did not get first place but was sent from the ring. Saul is certainly a good-looking, well-bred pacer, with a record better than 2:10, and Judge Haney was free to say that he thought Saul was the only one of the lot that outclassed his mare. Unfortunately the class was one in which the only condition was that the entries be "pacing horses, 3 years old or over," so that it will never be known why it happened.

When the saddle horses came out there was no argument about first prize, as Limestone Belle, that has been getting blue ribbons all over the country for the last three years, was on hand. The other entries did their prettiest, but it was of no avail. They had all the five gaits required by the conditions of the class, but the gray mare can do every one of them with more ease and grace than any other horse in the world, and when that part of the program is ended she has nineteen other movements, including a cake walk, which never fails to make the building ring with cheers, and a few waltz and polka steps that other horses can only dream about. She also walks, trots, and canters sideways, makes a bow when leaving the ring, and has other accomplishments galore. The beauty of this mare's work is that it is all done from signals made by motions of the rider's body. There is none of the sometimes too conspicuous waving of the hand used with most saddle horses to tell them what is wanted. The Belle responds to every signal quickly and cheerfully. She does not switch her tail impatiently, as do so many trick horses, and never is the white of her eye in evidence. Limestone Belle has no rival, and the chances are her successor will not arrive.

Mr. Billings' pacer, Little Boy, hitched to a speedway wagon and driven by Charles Tanner—known on the turf as "Doc"—was one of the attractions. The breedy-looking gelding has a record of 2:01½ to wagon, driven by an amateur, his owner, and that is something no other horse has approached under like conditions. The conditions for showing the horse were not at all favorable, as a pacer never goes well in loose footing, and the tanbark ring was naturally deep on the opening day, but still as he skimmed along the straight sides of the track the great pacer gave the audience an idea of what he could do on a smooth track where there was room to turn him loose at top speed.

SMYRNA CUSTOM HOUSE REPORTED SEIZED BY THE FRENCH.

BEGIN THE AWARDING OF PRIZES

C. K. G. Billings and the Moore Brothers Capture a Number of Ribbons.

C. K. G. Billings and the Moore brothers, James Hobart and William H., were the most successful contestants of the first day, the former capturing no less than seven prizes afternoon and evening. For the most part the decisions of the judges were in accord with the ideas and desires of the spectators, and the placing of the blue ribbon was in nearly every case the signal for generous applause. Mr. Billings drove a number of his own horses, and the Moores handled the reins in several events.

In the afternoon the prizes were awarded as follows:

Class 12—Judging coach horses, mares: First prize, $100; Belle, b. m., 17, 7 years; William Tipton. Second prize, $50; Lulu, b. m., 17, 7 years; William Tipton. Third prize, $25; Viola F., bl. m., 16, 4 years; J. R. Peak & Son.

Class 5—Judging pacers: First prize, $100; Sam C., b. g., 16, 8 years; E. B. Lombard. Second prize, $50; Jesse Roy, bl. m., 15.3, 5 years; Elbridge Haney. Third prize, $25; Baby Wilkes, b. and r. m., 15.1½, 4 years; W. D. Moore.

Class 60—Judging Shetland ponies in harness: First prize, $50; Chestnut, ch. s., 42 inches, 4 years; Charles E. Bunn. Second prize, $25; Carolina, bl. h., 43 inches, 9 years; Charles E. Bunn. Third prize, Cripple Creek, br. s., 43 inches, 6 years; C. L. Francis.

Class 77—Judging cobs under saddle: First prize, $75: Mollie, b. m., 14.2, 7 years; Arthur Meeker. Second prize, $50; Fairy, ch. g., 15, 7 years; James Hobart Moore. Third prize, $20; Little Minister, ch. g., 13, 7 years; M. H. Tichenor & Co.

Class 36—Judging pairs of harness horses: First prize, $350; Longy, br. g., 15.1, 7 years, and Disturbance, b. g., 15.3, 5 years; William H. Moore. Second prize, $100; Ned Allerton, b. g., 15.2, 5 years, and Billy Allerton, b. g., 15.2, 5 years; C. K. G. Billings. Third prize, $50; Viceroy, br. h., 15.3, 7 years, and Vladimir, br. h., 15.2, 8 years; James Hobart Moore.

Class 68—Judging high school saddle horses: First prize, $50; Limestone Belle, gr. m., 15.3, 6 years; G. D. Woodward. Second prize, $30; Anna S., ch. m., 15.2, 6 years; E. F. Tucker; Third prize, $15; Cora Denmark, b. m., 15.2½, 6 years; Herbert I. Krum.

Class 85—Judging Delivery turnouts: First prize, $50; Captain, b. g., 16.1, 6 years; Mandel Brothers. Second prize, $25; Emperor, ch. g., 16, 6 years; Mandel Brothers. Third prize, $15.

Class 27—Judging harness horse to broughams: First prize, $100; Lyndon, b. g., 16, 6 years; M. H. Tichenor & Co. Second prize, $50; Logan Star, b. g., 16.3½, 5 years; C. K. G. Billings. Third prize, $25.

Class 60—Judging lightweight hunters: First prize, $100; Lord Minton, b. g., 16, 4 years; George Pepper. Second prize, $50; Goldlace, ch. m., 15.3, 4 years; Adam Beck. Third prize, $25; Lee Christie, ch. g., 16, 5 years; George Pepper.

The evening awards were as follows:

Class 18—Judging harness horses suitable for road work: First prize, $100; Brian Boru, b. g., 15.1, 6 years, C. K. G. Billings; second prize $50, South Africa, bl. m., 15.3, 5 years, Crow & Murphy; third prize $25, Billy K., b. g., 15.2, 6 years, C. K. G. Billings.

Class 67—Judge saddle horses, ladies' riding: First prize $150 in plate, Rocket, br. g., 16.3, 8 years, Miss A. S. Roeing; second prize reserve ribbon, Harry, b. g., 15.3, 7 years, Mrs. Frank R. McMullin.

Class 46—Judging four-in-hand, horses only to count: First prize, $150; Only Way, Wellington, Queen Hollywood, High Ball; James Hobart Moore; J. Donnelly, driver. Second prize, $100; Belnar, Chief, Longie, Disturbance; William H. Moore, exhibiter and driver. Third prize, $50; Paragon, Perfection, Blue Ribbon, Dondly; W. B. Leeds, exhibiter; Walter Lee, driver.

Class 4—Judging roadsters: First prize, 100; Franker, b. g., 15.3½, 8 years; C. K. G. Billings. Second prize, $50; Captor, br. g., 15.3½, 6 years, C. K. G. Billings. Third prize, Noretta, ro. m., 15.3; J. R. Peak & Son; $25.

Class 40—Judging pairs of harness horses: First prize, $350; Ned Allerton, b. g., 15.2, 6 years, and Billy Allerton, b. g., 15.2, 6 years; C. K. G. Billings. Second prize Admiral, br. g., 16.1, 6 years, and Commander, br. g., 16.1, 5 years; John Lambert.

Class 78—Judging heavyweight hunters: First prize $100: The Bard, b. g., 16.1, 4 years; George Pepper. Second prize, $50: Lucania, br. m., 16, 7 years; George Pepper. Third prize, $35; The Squire, b. g., 16, 4 years, George Pepper.

LIQUID AIR COMPANY FORMED.

Concern with Capital Stock of $1,000,000 Is Incorporated at Albany by Tripler and Others.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 4.—The Consolidated Liquid Air company, with principal offices in New York City, was incorporated today with a capital of $1,000,000, divided into shares of the par value of $5 each.

The company proposes to manufacture liquid air for refrigeration, power, light, navigation, medical application, the manufacture of steels and acids, and for other mechanical and scientific purposes. The company will also manufacture ships, locomotives, automobiles, stationary engines, elevators, and other moving vehicles and plants to which liquid air may be applied.

The company will operate in America and in Europe. The directors are: Former United States Senators P. F. Pettigrew of Sioux Falls, S. D., and Marion Butler of Raleigh, N. C., Charles E. Tripler, George W. Ballou, St. Charles B. Gwynn, and A. M. Miller of New York City; J. Bruvier Patterson of Philadelphia, and H. Willis Mosier of Newark, N. J.

OIL INSPECTOR IS NAMED

MELVILLE G. HOLDING CONFIRMED BY CITY COUNCIL.

Appointee Indentified with Harrison League and Says He Will Turn All Fees Into Municipal Treasury, Being Content with the Salary—Mayor Asserts Agreement to That Effect Will Be Signed—Former Official Attacks Validity of Indictment.

The name of Melville G. Holding was sent into the Council last evening as the successor of Robert E. Burke as Oil Inspector. The appointment was confirmed without opposition. The selection is credited to the political pull of Alderman Carey, in whose territory Mr. Holding lives, and who urged his name to the Mayor.

Asked afterwards if the new Inspector had signed an agreement to waive his claims to all fees and be content with the pay of his office—$300 a month—the Mayor said:

"He has not yet, but he will tomorrow. That was the agreement under which he was appointed. The reason the contract was not signed before the appointment was made was that it might be held not to be binding if he made it in advance."

Content with His Salary.

"It is most too soon for me to say anything about what I will or will not do as Oil Inspector," said Mr. Holding last night, "but of one thing I am sure. The city will get all that is coming to it as far as I am concerned. I hold the office, I expect and will take nothing but the specified salary, which I understand is $3,600 a year.

"I believe the appointment of my assistants rests with me, and I will endeavor to select such men as will insure the proper management of the affairs of the office. That is about all I can say at this time. Nothing has been said when I accepted the appointment as to whom I should choose as my deputies, and I shall exercise my own judgment in this matter."

Mr. Holding resides at 445 West Sixty-seventh street. He has lived in Chicago, or the old Town of Lake, all of his life.

Burke Depends on Flaws.

Following the same tactics which knocked out the first indictment against him, Robert E. Burke, former City Oil Inspector, yesterday opened his attack on the indictment for conspiracy returned against him by the October grand jury. Again alleged technical flaws in the formal draft of the accusations are the ones used.

Before Judge Dunne, who handled the former charge of embezzlement, Mr. Burke and his legal forces asked that the present indictment be quashed, nullified, and sent the way of the accusations registered by the September grand jury.

Judge Dunne said last night that he had not decided whether he would hear the arguments.

Mr. Burke has made the case against Max Praeger, who served as his chief deputy, and who is equally involved in the conspiracy charges, his own. He is the head and front of the attack, which is aimed at freeing both men.

Before marching to Judge Dunne's courtroom Burke and Praeger gave bonds, each in the sum of $10,000. Alderman "Mike" Conlon and "Pat" White, Democratic boss of the Third Ward and City Superintendent of Bridges, affixed their names to the Burke surety. Justice James C. Dooley, former City Attorney Miles J. Devine, and Alderman Conlon served Praeger in a similar capacity.

Mr. Burke's attorneys had twenty reasons why the indictment against the two men should not stand. It was Attorney A. S. Trude who addressed the court.

Some of Burke's Reasons.

"I would like to file a motion in behalf of Robert E. Burke and Max Praeger," he said. "The motion is one to quash the indictments against them."

Here are some of the reasons set forth:

The indictment is based on no general law of the State of Illinois.

The indictment is contrary to law.

There is no law by which a conviction can be secured on the indictment.

The body purporting to be the grand jury was not regularly chosen, selected, and sworn.

The grand jury which returned the indictment was not lawfully and regularly assembled.

Persons other than those selected to serve on the grand jury were present when the grand jurors were voting on the question.

These persons, by their discussion, influenced the finding of the indictment.

Not a sufficient number of jurors voted or cast their ballots in returning a true bill.

Burke is protected by the habeas corpus writ which released him from the former indictment and declared invalid ordinances on which the second indictment is found.

The finding of the grand jury was not the result of calm and careful deliberation.

The charge that outside persons influenced the jurymen is directed at Assistant State's Attorneys who were in charge of the jury.

"We will have to do the same thing over again," laughed Attorney James T. Brady. "We showed before that Mr. Burke was innocent. We shall do so again."

"This motion to quash is merely perfunctory," said an attaché of the State's Attorney's office. "Why, they didn't even see the indictment."

Denies Discrediting Burke.

Mayor Harrison denied vigorously yesterday he had said, even by inference, he had any intention of throwing Robert E. Burke over politically. During the day the Mayor had remarked that when a political manager reached a point where he could no longer get votes for his party it was time to get another one, and this was taken to mean Burke. Last evening the Mayor said:

"I was not talking of Burke, and did not have Burke in my mind. The statement was simply a general one, and had no reference to any particular person. When a hypothetical question was afterwards put to me which brought Burke's name into the discussion, I not only said I would not answer it for that reason, but added my former statement had nothing to do with Burke or any other specific person."

Incentive to Buyers.

If you visit the Horse Show the display of diamonds will make you wish you owned one. Loftis Bros. & Co., 108 State street, will sell you one on easy payments.

SEEK TO REPEAL MIDNIGHT RULE

Aldermen Refer Wine-Room Ordinance and Saloon Closing Order.

INTRODUCED BY KENT.

Council Asked to Proceed Against Certain Conduit-Using Companies.

KEDZIE PERMIT GRANTED.

WORK OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

Referred an ordinance repealing the midnight closing ordinance.

Ordered the Corporation Counsel to proceed against corporations illegally using underground conduits.

Ordered an ordinance prepared providing for grooved rails on all improved streets.

Passed the "Kedzie avenue" ordinance.

Placed on file an ordinance prohibiting coal yards and blacksmith shops in residence streets.

Ordered information prepared as to terms of telephone service in other cities.

Ordered information as to rights of the city in dock property.

Alderman Kent revived the agitation to repeal the midnight closing ordinance by introducing in the meeting of the City Council last evening an ordinance providing for this repeal. Attached to it was a clause prohibiting wine rooms in any saloon in the city. It was sent to the License committee with instructions to report on it at once, and, judging from the manner in which it was received, stands a show of passing, unless the opposition makes a determined fight, as it did the last time the question was agitated.

The ordinance in its first clause repeals the ordinance providing that saloons close between the hours of midnight and 5 a. m., and in its second clause provides that there shall not be allowed in any dramshop in the city "any wineroom or private apartment the interior of which is shut out from public view by doors, curtains, or screens of any kind." The idea of its promoters is that the people who are opposed to both wine rooms and keeping saloons open after midnight will be willing to compromise by allowing the saloons to keep open if the wine rooms are abolished. With it was sent to the committee a letter from the Chicago Presbytery thanking the Mayor for his recent message concerning the wine rooms.

After Ticker Company.

An order from the License committee on the Corporation Counsel to compel the Chicago Underground Sectional company to stop the use of its conduits by corporations not holding the necessary franchises on pain of the forfeiture of its franchise was passed unanimously. It was preceded by the passage of an order presented by Alderman Novak asking by what right the Printing Telegraph News company—the one supplying the ticker service—was doing business, and of a motion by Alderman Jackson that the ordinance to grant the ticker company a franchise be referred back to the committee.

Alderman Jackson gave as the reason for his motion that the Printing Telegraph News company was an elusive concern which could never be located and which was changing its name constantly, having another one now than the one named in the ordinance.

"Who wants the ordinance?" asked Alderman Foreman.

"Nobody," replied Alderman Ailing. "The company is constantly changing its name in order to prevent having to pay compensation to the city for use of conduits."

"It doesn't need any permit," explained Alderman Coughlin. "It is using the conduits of the Underground Sectional company." After this the order on the Corporation Counsel to stop this use was passed.

Kedzie Avenue Ordinance Passes.

Chairman Bennett of the Committee on Local Transportation called up the ordinance allowing the Union Traction company to build a line on Kedzie avenue, from Twelfth street to Ogden avenue. It provides for grooved rails. Alderman Foreman explained that, while omitting it this time, he would in the future present amendments to all franchise ordinances requiring a waiver of rights claimed under the "ninety-nine year act." Then the ordinance was passed without opposition.

At the request of the Commissioner of Public Works the Corporation Counsel was asked to prepare an ordinance providing that when streets are improved car lines occupying them be compelled to put in grooved rails.

Want Data of 'Phone Service.

Alderman Foreman had passed an order on the City Electrician to furnish information as to what telephone service is given in other cities.

An order for an ordinance to prohibit coal yards and blacksmith shops within 200 feet of a residence was placed on file on the report of the Corporation Counsel that such an ordinance would be invalid.

Alderman McInerney had passed an order calling for information by what right the Board of Education had confessed judgment in condemnation proceedings of land at Sixty-third street and the Belt line tracks for $100,000 when the terms of its sale were being considered by the Council.

Alderman Thompson had passed an order on the Commissioner of Public Works to report what dock property the city owns and how far its rights have been encroached on.

Change in Circus License Fee.

An ordinance recommended by the License committee changing the cost of amusement licenses so a circus exhibiting under a tent must pay $300 a day and one in a permanent building only $100 was made a special order.

The Council confirmed the appointment of Melville G. Holding as Oil Inspector to succeed Robert E. Burke.

TWO GRAIN ELEVATORS AT PORT HURON, MICH., BURNED.

Fire Chief Fatally Injured—Narrow Escapes from Blazing Charlotte, Mich., Hotel—Louisiana Oil Town Wrecked.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 4.—Fire tonight destroyed two large grain elevators owned by the Botsford Elevator company here, entailing a loss of $300,000. The steamer Spokane, from Chicago, was unloading grain when the fire started and was only saved by heroic efforts of its crew.

During the fire the roof of one of the buildings fell in and Chief Thorne of the fire department was caught underneath. He received probably fatal injuries.

Narrow Escapes in Hotel Fire.

Charlotte, Mich., Nov. 4.—The Phoenix Hotel, the largest in the city, was destroyed by fire tonight, and several of the guests had narrow escapes. Mrs. Beardsley of St. Joseph, Mich., and Mrs. James Metcalf of Syracuse, N. Y., were carried out of the third story on a ladder. A. W. Brookins of Ionia was taken out unconscious, but may recover.

Big Blaze in New Oil Town.

Jennings, La., Nov. 4.—At an early hour this morning fire started in the restaurant of J. F. Dudley. The wind was blowing a gale, and by 6 o'clock five blocks of the main business part of the town were in smoldering embers and ashes.

The loss is estimated at half a million dollars, with insurance of about one-half.

The heaviest individual loser is A. D. McFarland, $70,000. The houses destroyed were not of a substantial character, and the fire spread so quickly that there was small chance to save anything. There was no loss of life.

BETS IN FAVOR OF LOW.

WAGERS INDICATE FUSION VICTORY IN NEW YORK.

Backers of Columbia College President Lay 10 to 6 and 10 to 7 1-2 That Tammany Will Be Overthrown in Today's Election—Croker Declares Shepard Is Certain to Win, but District Leaders Are Not So Confident.

New York, Nov. 4.—[Special.]—The night before Tammany was overthrown in 1894 the odds at the Hoffman House were 10 to 6 against Tammany. By a singular coincidence the same odds prevailed tonight at the Hoffman House—that is, 10 to 6 on Low. These odds prevailed for a short time and then returned to 10 to 7½.

There is always a gathering at the Hoffman House the night before election day, especially when there is a municipal battle on hand. There was crowd enough at the hotel tonight, but there was little money. George Wheelock came around, but he found the odds 10 to 6 on Low, and while he has put out over $100,000 on Low most of his money is on at the rate of 10 to 9 or even, and Mr. Wheelock declined to give the odds of 10 to 6, saying he believed he could do better later in the evening.

"Billy" Oliver, the Wall street broker, was on hand with all sorts of money, but he was only able to make two bets on Low, each for $1,000 to $750. Mr. Oliver made two bets of $700 to $1,000 each that Jerome would be elected.

Early in the day George Wheelock bet $10,000 to $9,000 on Low. The Shepard money was made up by contributions. Joe Vendig was around the hotel tonight. He has been betting on Shepard. The best Vendig would do tonight was $7,000 to $10,000, and George Wheelock and others thought they were justified in holding out for 10 to 7½.

Betting in Wall Street.

Low betting money flooded Wall street today. All the Shepard money offered was covered with a rush, and the odds, which the Shepard men succeeded on Saturday in closing in the outside market at even money by means of a "snap" offering at noon after business had practically ceased, fell under the pressure of fusion offering to 10 to 7 on Low for large bets and as low as 10 to 6 for small wagers. These were the ruling odds at the close of the betting.

In no campaign before has the betting been so systematized and so nearly approximated to a regular market. When business ceased it was estimated $100,000 had been bet in this market today. That $1,000,000 has been bet in Wall street since the campaign was opened was believed to be a decidedly low estimate.

Bets $20,000 on Low.

The biggest bet of the night reported was $20,000 on Low to $15,000 on Shepard. Dave Johnson taking the Tammany end and E. E. Smathers, a broker, the other. Low closed a hot favorite, and at least two men who have been betting at the Rossmore on Shepard came down to the Hoffman House and hedged on Low, making their bets openly.

Tammany Distributes Funds.

Nearly every district leader was present at Tammany Hall this morning. The occasion was the most important feature of the campaign. Each of the leaders got their quota of funds for election expenses to be divided among the election district Captains. It was stated on good authority that between $700,000 and $800,000 had been set aside for the purpose.

Croker Defends Tammany.

Squire Croker, who has refused to be interviewed during the campaign, appears goaded into replying to the attacks on Tammany, for he gave out an extended interview today, in which he said in part:

"If thieves, thugs, and gamblers gave New York the kind of government Tammany gives it, other cities should make a demand for such persons. You don't hear of bank burglaries here now. If the police are too smart for them, they certainly are too smart for the smaller crooks. The people on the other side tell me New York is an awful city. That's the way these fusionists are hurting the city to gain votes for Low."

Republican Leaders Confident.

The Republican managers were tonight more confident than ever before that Low was going to sweep Kings County by a most decisive plurality. They differed in their estimates considerably, but none of them put the figures below 10,000, while some of them believed they would reach 30,000. The majority put it between 15,000 and 20,000.

Crowds Follow Jerome.

A sample of the enthusiasm Justice Jerome has created was given this afternoon. He walked up Broadway for five blocks, from Leonard to Canal street. It may be said without any lack of respect for this hot foot candidate that the result was much like a circus procession in a country town.

He intended to go from the meeting to a café for lunch. That's where the fun began for the crowd. It was not started by a boy, but by a man old enough to have young grandsons. He piped out three weak, little cheers for Jerome, the loudest he could produce, and a group of men at Broadway and Leonard street took them up and added a robust tiger.

Then all that section of Broadway began to yell: "Jerome!" and to repeat the rallying campaign cries which he has furnished by the score in his speeches.

There was so much cheering and so many hands to shake that Justice Jerome changed his mind about going to the café, and dodged through Canal street to his headquarters. The crowd, 2,000 strong, followed him to the door.

Prepare to Prevent Fraud.

State Superintendent of Elections John McCullagh was busy today making preparations to guard the polls against "repeaters" and "floaters." He said:

"We are better prepared to meet 'floaters' and 'repeaters' than we have ever been, and the man who manages to skin by the line at the risk of five or ten years' imprisonment for the fun will be a smart one. There has been a record-breaking attempt at colonization, but we found the plan in time to get our evidence and to prepare things."

The exact number of deputies that will guard the polls is 500. To these will be added the watchers from the different political organizations.

Croker Confident of Victory.

Richard Croker at midnight declared he was confident of the success of the Democratic city and county tickets. He said:

"We cannot lose. The figures I gave out on Saturday for Manhattan and the Bronx still stand, and the reports I hear from Brooklyn grow better all the time. We are going to carry Brooklyn for Mr. Shepard. Mr. Shepard is an able man and has made an earnest fight, and I feel certain the people of Brooklyn are proud of him and will give him a good majority."

"So you feel confident of the election of the entire Democratic ticket tomorrow?"

"Absolutely. I cannot be otherwise."

Tammany Leaders Not So Sure.

The Tammany district leaders take a more conservative view of the vote their candidates will receive than Mr. Croker does. They submitted their final estimates to him today. According to a summary of these estimates their leaders expect to carry Manhattan and the Bronx by 30,000. They concede that the fusionists will carry Brooklyn by from 10,000 to 12,000. They also concede Richmond, but they expect Queens to more than offset the fusion majority in that borough. In other words, Croker's lieutenants can only figure out on paper a majority of a little more than 20,000.

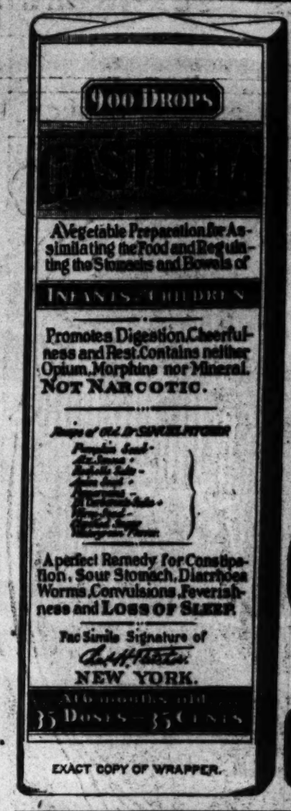
Edward M. Shepard closed his campaign tonight with a speech at Cooper Hall, East Brooklyn. He appeared to be in excellent spirits and was to all appearances confident of victory.

The members of the Twentieth Assembly District Democratic association in Brooklyn came out for Seth Low tonight. They had supported Edward M. Shepard, but after hearing that candidate speak in Cooper Hall they held a meeting, repudiated Mr. Shepard, and pledged their association to support the entire fusion ticket.

Madame Frieda, formerly of 1507 Michigan avenue, has returned from Europe, and is now located at 400 Ontario street.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Gold Medal at Pan Am. Exposition—Dr. Siegert's Imported Angostura Bitters.



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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BOSSISM OBJECT OF FIGHT

SEVENTH WARD REPUBLICANS OPPOSED TO RING RULE.

Coleman-Sims Faction Charged with Clouding the Real Issue in Club Contest by Attacking Professors and Instructors—Political Work of Latter Heretofore Welcomed, Says B. W. Snow—Demands the Ousting of County Officeholders from Control.

"This talk about the University of Chicago seeking to take a hand in Seventh Ward politics is pure buncombe," said B. W. Snow, chairman of the campaign committee of the faction that seeks to oust the Coleman-Sims combination of county officeholders from control of the Republican ward club. "There are in the university a large number of professors, instructors, and others who are permanent residents and voters in the ward. These men constitute a body of citizens that is a credit to the ward, and some of them, desiring to discharge all the duties of citizenship, have for years participated in primary elections. They have been delegates to conventions, and for years there have been university men connected with the ward club. This participation in local affairs, political, social, and materials by men of their standing in the community has always been welcomed by those who believe that public affairs, and especially political affairs, should be managed by men of integrity and capacity.

Few Students Apply.

"In the present struggle for control of the ward club the university class has no more interest and is no more active than for years past. Every application for membership in the ward club from people in sympathy with the effort to take the party organization out of the hands of the close corporation of county officeholders who control it has passed through my hands, and out of nearly 1,000 such there have not been more than about 25 students, as the university, and of them eligible for membership. The nonresident students take no interest in local politics, have no desire to belong to the club, and I doubt if they are aware that a contest is on except as they learn it from the city press. So far as I can learn not a single student has attended one of our meetings in spite of the outcome there may be yearned as to what the student body proposed doing.

"There are about 2,500 members of the ward club who are entitled to vote, and of this number not more than 2 or 3 per cent are in any way connected with the university. This proportion emphasizes the falsity of the hullabaloo about college control of politics.

Effort to Cloud Issue.

"The attempt on the part of a clique of pay roll men to prejudice the people of our ward against the great institution of learning by false assertion, misrepresentation, and distortion of motives is reprehensible in the extreme, but the attempt by billingsgate and abuse to keep this intelligent class of citizens from participation in party management is wholly characteristic of the political bosses from whom the little ward pay-rollers take their orders. No one knows better than the men who have prostituted the Republican organization to their personal ends that boss rule ceases when the rank and file of intelligent citizenship takes an active part in local party affairs.

"While the movement to enlarge and render active the ward club was not originally directed against any faction, the Coleman-Sims following accepted the effort as a challenge directed at them and seeks to obscure the real issue by dragging in the university and endeavoring to prejudice voters against it.

"The true issue to be fought out is one of home rule. The final result will decide whether the voters of the ward will manage their own affairs, or whether they will longer countenance 'A. D. T.' politics with the call box on the desk of men who seek to Crokerise Cook County."

VESSEL GOES ASHORE ON SHOAL OFF CHATHAM, MASS.

Craft Supposed to Be the Bark Benjamin F. Hunt Strikes and Life-Savers Start After Crew.

Chatham, Mass., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—A vessel believed to be the bark Benjamin F. Hunt, from Rosario for Boston, went ashore on Handkerchief Shoal at 9 o'clock tonight. The vessel appears to rest easily and may come off with high tide. The Monomoy life-saving crew has gone to the assistance of the crew. The wind is northeast, and the crew is in no danger, as they can be taken off if the vessel starts to break up.

TAKES RIDE HITCHED TO WHALE

Gloucester, Mass., Dory Fisherman Hooks Monster with Anchor and Is Towed at High Speed.

Gloucester, Mass., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Charles Decker, one of the crew of the schooner Maine Elliott of this port, had a novel experience while on the fishing banks the last voyage out.

He was at anchor fishing when his dory began to move through the water at an alarming rate of speed. He was surprised at the strange actions of his dory until after ten minutes of fast racing a huge whale came to the surface and blowed. In the snout of the whale was the anchor to which the dory cable was attached.

Decker managed to cut the painter and free the dory. The whale continued on his race against time.

MAN DIES ON CYCLIST'S BACK WHILE ON WAY TO DOCTOR.

New London, Wis., Wheelman Picks Up Sick Stranger Who Passes Away, Arriving in Hortonville a Corpse.

New London, Wis., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—E. S. Wilson of this place rode into Hortonville this morning with a dead man on his back.

Wilson is an agent and was canvassing the country. When two miles from Hortonville he saw a man staggering along the road. The actions of the man attracted his attention, and, dismounting from his wheel, he was about to ask the man what was the matter, when the stranger fell in the road.

Assuring himself that it was not a case of intoxication and that the man was sick, Wilson raised him up and placed him on the bicycle. Then, getting on the wheel in front of him, he told the stranger to put his arm around his neck and hold onto him.

The man fastened himself tightly about Wilson's neck, and the latter started to pedal the two miles to town. He felt the grip of the man grow tighter after he had gone nearly a mile, but did not pay any attention to it. He also felt the man's hands grow colder, but thought it was due to the weather.

When he arrived at Hortonville and stopped in front of a doctor's office, Wilson called to the stranger to dismount. Receiving no response, he then tried to get off the wheel, but found that the body which was back of him was apparently lifeless. At last he extricated himself and was horrified to find the stranger dead.

Wilson was immediately arrested, but was released when he told his story. A Coroner's jury found that the stranger died of heart disease.

Court Rules for Chatfield-Taylor.

Judge Stein yesterday morning overruled a demurrer which denied the validity of the claim of Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor for $2,000 against John Irving Pearce and Maude D. Pearce, his wife. Mr. Chatfield-Taylor brought suit as guardian of the estate of Adelaide Chatfield-Taylor. The Pearces are alleged to have defaulted the last interest payment.

Food for Girls.
Should be fed just right when growing.

When parents are at a loss to know what kind of food to supply their boys and girls it will interest them

STORIA
...ants and Children..
...Kind You Have
...ways Bought
...the
...ture
...Fletcher.
...In
...Use
...For Over
...hirty Years
STORIA
...ATAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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...Food
...for Girls.
...Should be fed
...just right
...when
...growing.

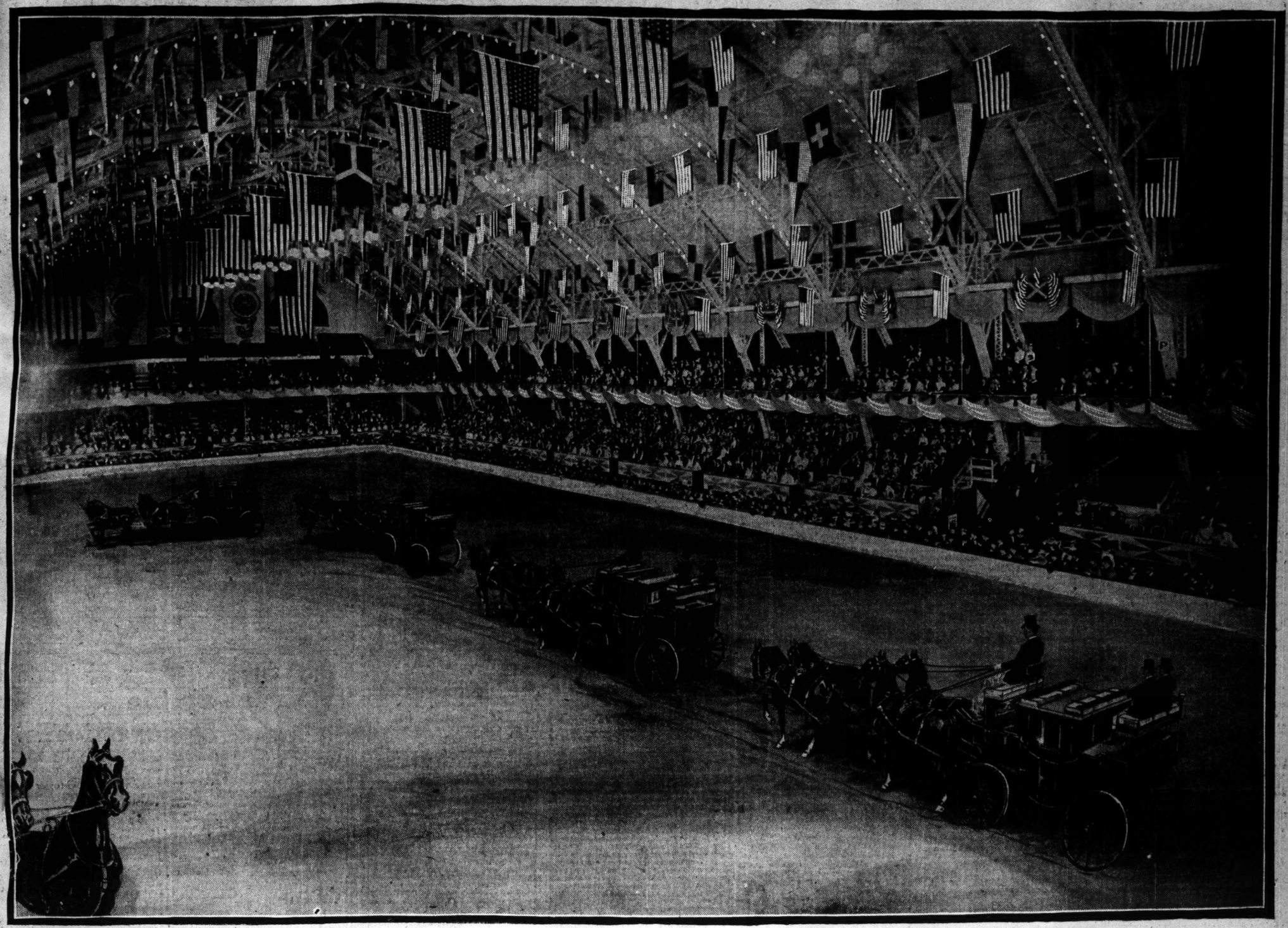
...parents are at a loss to know what ...food to supply their boys and girls ...terest them to know of the experience ...mothers in the selection of food that ...does rebuild and nourish the young ...their school duties.

...ool girl in Springfield, Mass., writes: ...der if you care to hear from school-...nd I wonder, too, if you have any idea ...any girls there are who are troubled ...e before I used Grape-Nuts Food: ...ut a year ago I began to have severe ...hes, and could not sleep well. Was so ...that I would cry at the least little ...and finally began to have attacks of ...es. My parents were much alarmed, ...ought I would be obliged to give up ...g. Our physician said my trouble was ...e nervousness and a disordered stom...

...as tired all the time, and rode home ...chool because I did not feel able to ... Mother tried to tempt my appetite ...y way. Breakfast I did not care for. ...I could not endure, and the different ...I did not like as a rule. ...ttended the high school, and we have ...ellent lunch room in the building. As ... getting worse Mamma said, 'I am ...to try this Grape-Nuts Food that I see ...ised, but I am afraid you will not like ...ell, she got a package of it, and it was ...licious in taste, with a little cream ... over it, that I liked it at once, and ...hen Grape-Nuts has formed the prin...part of my breakfast. I have also a ... or orange, with now and then an ...

...ish you could see the difference in me. ...ot tell how much I have gained in ..., for I did not know my weight when ...ill, but the difference is great. As for ...th, I walk both ways to school, and do ...l at all weary from it. ...an study much better and am entirely ...om headaches; I am so well, in fact, ...am very happy. I fall asleep almost as ...s my head touches the pillow and rest ...ghly. ...m afraid my letter is lengthy, but my ...t is Grape-Nuts, of which I cannot say ...uch."—Clara L. Condon. ...mother adds to this letter: "I would ...add just a line expressing my grati...lso for the benefits which my daughter ...erived from Grape-Nuts. Respectful...rs. I. C. Condon.

ENTRY OF THE FOUR-IN-HANDS IN THE ARENA ON THE OPENING NIGHT OF THE CHICAGO HORSE SHOW.



[From a copyrighted photograph taken by Lawrence, Chicago.]

POLICEMAN HURT SAVING WOMEN FROM RUNAWAY.

James Harrington Brings Plunging Horses to a Stop, but His Arm Is Wrenched and Ankle Is Fractured.

Policeman James Harrington of the West Thirteenth Street Station rescued five women and a child from possible injury by a runaway yesterday afternoon, but in so doing his left arm was wrenched, his right ankle fractured, and his body bruised. He was cared for by other policemen, but was unable to continue on duty.

Mrs. Mary Ehuer of 436 Washburne avenue, her daughter Theresa, 5 years old; Mrs. Joseph Froula of 961 Washburne avenue, and two other women were occupants of a carriage drawn by a team which had got beyond the control of the driver. The horses ran east in Twelfth street and were heading for a crossing at Cypress street, toward which a Robey street electric car was approaching, when Harrington saw them. He jumped for the team, catching the bridle of one of the horses. He was thrown from his feet and dragged some distance, but his weight brought the animals to a stop before the tracks were reached.

The women refused to ride any farther in the carriage and boarded a Twelfth street car. The driver was Hank Schroeder, a liveryman at 898 West Twentieth street.

EVANSTON FOOTBALL TEAM FIGHTS WITH NEIGHBOR.

Warrant Issued Charging T. F. Stratford with Beating Alfred Jones, Who Resisted Entrance to Room.

A warrant was issued yesterday afternoon by Justice Ely of Evanston for the arrest of T. F. Stratford, a member of Northwestern University football team. Trevor C. Jones, 719 Simpson street, charged Stratford with assault and battery on his son, Alfred.

Jones lives in the lower flat of the building in which the training quarters of the football team is situated. Jones claims possession of the basement and the football team claims a right to certain parts of it. Jones says Stratford broke off the lock of a room belonging to the Jones family. When Alfred remonstrated, Stratford, it is charged, knocked him down.

Stratford could not be found last night and a policeman was stationed at his quarters to arrest him when he returned.

WANTS W. C. GAMBLE A FIREMAN

Jacob Graf Sues to Restrain City from Paying Salary to Secretary Because Not a Marshal.

On the claim that William C. Gamble should be a member of the uniformed Fire department and serve as Assistant Marshal as well as Secretary, a suit has been brought in the Circuit Court to restrain the city from paying him $200 a month salary.

Jacob Graf, 885 Southport avenue, the plaintiff, asserts that the salary was provided for the payment of a person who should perform the duties of both an Assistant Marshal and Secretary of the department, and argues Mr. Gamble's continuance in the office will deprive the citizens of the services of an assistant Marshal, for which they are being taxed.

PATRONS OF THE HORSE SHOW AND COSTUMES WORN.

Some of the Costumes.

The costumes of the ladies were a notable feature of the color scheme of the show. Among those noted were the following:

A.

Mrs. E. S. Adams—Black and pale blue cloth; black tulle hat, with brim faced with white roses.

Miss Martha Aldrich—Lavender silk gown, with lace trimmings.

Mrs. W. A. Alexander—Black and white costume, with white Gainsborough hat.

Mrs. John Amberg—White zibseline cloth gown, with lace trimmings.

Mrs. H. Arms—Black gown, white picture hat.

B.

Mrs. Watson Blair—White cloth, with sable trimming; small hat of red panne velvet, trimmed with roses in lighter shades.

Mrs. W. Vernon Booth—Black velvet, with white lace collar, and pearl dog collar; blue hat, with plumes.

Mrs. Bellas—Gray cloth costume, trimmed with ermine; blue hat, draped with lace.

Mrs. C. K. G. Billings—Imported gown of white moire silk, flowered in pink; lace sleeves from elbow; white lace hat, with plumes; lace coat, trimmed with mink.

Miss Barth—Gray crêpe de chine.

Miss Blodgett—Black gown, white tulle hat.

Mrs. W. J. Bryson—Gray cloth, trimmed with white lace; white lace hat, with long white plumes.

Miss Burley—Lavender silk, with white lace; gray silk hat, with white tulle.

Mrs. Bensinger—Black silk, with white lace; velvet and ermine wrap; black and white hat.

Mrs. Bartlett—Gray gown, black silk ragian, black toque, steel trimmings.

Miss Anna Boal—Black gown, ermine trimmings, white lace hat.

Mrs. T. Boal—Bluette silk, elaborately trimmed with black lace; black hat, with white plumes.

Mrs. John Boddle—Black net gown, spangled trimmings.

Mrs. A. French Baldwin—Sapphire blue silk gown, appliqued in Alençon lace; diamonds.

C.

Mrs. Arthur Caton—Lace gown, with long coat of delicate pink silk, with sable and lace collar; black hat, with white plume.

Mrs. C. H. Chadwick—Yellow silk, combined with pale blue.

Mrs. W. H. Colvin—White embroidered cloth, trimmed with brown mink; white lace hat, trimmed with mink.

Mr. A. A. Carpenter Jr.—White silk and lace; black velvet hat, with plumes.

Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor—Gray silk, with deep collar of lace; small felt hat of pale blue, with blue plume.

Mrs. W. J. Chalmers—Blue cloth, trimmed with black; black velvet hat, with long, white plumes.

Miss Joan Chalmers—Black velvet gown, jacket trimmed with white silk braid; white lace hat, with pink panne velvet crown and bunch of pink roses.

Mrs. Joseph Coleman—Blue organdie and white lace; Gainsborough hat of white.

Miss Camp—Brown cloth, trimmed with blue.

Miss Cannon—Black silk with cloth trimmings, blue chiffon hat.

Mrs. Henry Clapp—Black costume.

Mrs. James Channon—Pink brocade gown, white picture hat.

Mrs. J. E. B. Curtis—Light silk gown, picture hat.

Mrs. B. M. Chattell—Black satin gown, long cloth coat, white hat.

D.

Mrs. Henry Dibblee—Black peau de soie, lace and sable.

Mrs. John A. Drake—Pale blue silk, appliqued in lace, white feather boa, white hat of tulle and plumes.

Mrs. F. E. Drake—White cloth with plaited skirt, bodice trimmed with white silk and blue and white braid, lace hat with rosebuds.

Miss Elsie Dixon—Gray crêpe de chine, large white picture hat, and elaborately ermine trimmed sack automobile.

Mrs. Deering—Tan cloth, turquoise trimmings, white hat.

Mrs. H. K. Devereux—Black dotted net over white silk, Gainsborough hat.

Mrs. C. Lewis Day—Lavender crêpe with Honiton lace; gray felt picture hat with long black plume.

E.

Mrs. J. H. Eckels—White cloth trimmed with white silk, stitched in black; white lace hat with black velvet ribbons inserted.

Mrs. W. L. Eaton—Pink taffeta gown, studded with turquoise, long black automobile coat.

Miss Ewing—Blue silk gown, blue hat, trimmed with white ostrich plume and sable.

Princess Engalitcheff—Elaborate white lace dress, long brown broadcloth cloak, tan hat, trimmed with daisies.

F.

Miss Louise Foltz—Strawberry broadcloth gown, black picture hat.

Mrs. Julius Foreman—White dotted black velvet gown and large ermine hat.

Mrs. Frazier—Cream gown, pearl cloak, white boa, black hat.

G.

Mrs. W. S. Gaylord—White broadcloth with lace bodice; white hat of silk and tulle.

Mrs. John R. Gott—White cloth gown with long tan coat; small white lace hat with gold flowers and green leaves.

Mrs. Robert Gregory—Gray costume, with black and white hat.

Mrs. James H. Graham—French mulle, picture hat.

Mrs. J. J. Gray—Blue cloth, with lace bodice and touch of black; blue felt hat, trimmed with violets.

Miss Julia Goodrich—Green dress, with tan coat; black hat.

Mrs. R. Goldie—Light blue silk.

H.

Mrs. Frank Hibbard—Black velvet gown, with deep yoke of white lace, hat of pink rose, looped with black velvet ribbons.

Mrs. Carter H. Harrison—Steel gown, with black jacket and sables; blue hat, trimmed with sable.

Miss E. L. Hawley—Tan etamine over pink silk, with white tulle and velvet trimmings, feather boa and brown velvet hat.

Mrs. Edward Hillman—Black satin gown, with hand panel of gauze trimming, white hat.

Mrs. J. F. Harris—Black silk gown, picture hat.

Mrs. E. N. Hill—Blue turquoise, steel trimmings, yellow silk hat, with plumes.

J.

Mrs. Frank Jones—Black and white silk trimmed with black velvet; white and black feather boa and white felt hat with black plumes.

Mrs. Cady Jordan—Striped black velvet gown, with elaborate steel trimmings.

Miss Jordan—Crême crêpe.

K.

Mrs. Edward Kass—Black velvet gown; pale blue hat.

Mrs. Walter Keith—Black lace over white silk; black velvet hat with white plumes.

Mrs. George F. Kimball—Black and white silk, white boa and hat.

Miss Edith Kennett—Long coat of pastel blue cloth with lace collar.

Mrs. Rockwell King—White broadcloth gown with embroidered white silk trimmings; white lace toque with a bunch of violets.

Mrs. John W. Kiser—Pale blue silk with ruchings of chiffon and velvet applique; blue tulle hat draped with lace, with long blue plume.

Mrs. C. E. Kremer—Green broadcloth inset with beaded net; green hat with pink trimming.

L.

Mrs. John Lambert—White cloth gown, black silk coat, with broad lace collar; black velvet hat with white lace and plumes.

Mrs. Sidney C. Love—Black velvet gown and white hat with white plumes.

Mrs. T. Lynch—Black and white dotted mousseline de soie.

Miss Lelia Lynch—White cloth gown, coat, and hat.

Mrs. A. G. Leonard—Black satin gown; long black velvet coat with chinchilla fur trimmings; picture hat.

Miss B. J. Leonard—Blue silk and white lace gown; white and gold hat.

M.

Mrs. J. B. Murphy—Brown velvet coat over a blue and white lace gown; huge bouquet of violets.

Mrs. Leon Mandel—Gray cloth coat combined with mink and brown velvet; large hat.

Mrs. E. Mandel—Black velvet coat with hat to match.

Miss Mandel—Blue and white gown; tulle boa; rolled brim hat trimmed with white roses.

Mrs. J. H. Moore—Gray brocaded satin and lace.

Mrs. H. M. Morris—Black gown elaborately trimmed with lace; pink picture hat.

Mrs. Nelson Morris—Black gown, bonnet to match.

N.

Miss Kathryn Newberry—Japanese foulard gown, lace trimming.

O.

Mrs. J. H. Outhwaite—Black lace over white silk; white lace hat.

P.

Mrs. Potter Palmer—White lace gown, with girdle and collar of silver cloth, set with pearls; small white hat of lace, with black velvet ribbon.

Mrs. Charles A. Plamonden—White broadcloth, hand-painted gown, with long taffeta coat.

Miss Ethel Peck—Blue crêpe de chine, blue hat with blue ostrich plume.

Miss Isabell Peck—Pink crêpe de chine; picture hat.

R.

Mrs. W. H. Redington—Cinnamon brown silk gown, black velvet coat, feather boa, and picture hat.

Mrs. S. B. Raymond—Blue silk gown, with boa of white silk mousseline de soie, tipped with black leaves; black hat.

Mrs. Rae—Black grenadine with white lace appliqued in blue; white tulle boa and pale blue hat with long white plume.

Mrs. Charles Robinson—White cloth combined with lace and ermine; hat of same.

S.

Mrs. John A. Spoor—Pale blue silk, trimmed with black tulle and lace; white lace hat.

Mrs. George Seaverns Jr.—Black gown; hat of white roses, with a cluster of grapes and roses.

Miss Seaverns—White gown.

Mrs. Stewart Spalding—Paquin gown of gray silk, embroidered in pink flowers.

Mrs. Edward F. Swift—White silk net over pale blue and banded with black velvet; red silk coat trimmed with velvet, ermine collar and cuffs, white hat.

Miss Swift—Pink silk trimmed elaborately with lace and chiffon; pink picture hat.

Mrs. George M. Studebaker—White broadcloth, silver trimmings.

Miss Amy Simpson—Black gown, white feather boa; black and white lace hat.

Mrs. L. B. Sherman—Accordian plaited gown with white hat.

Mrs. Stumer—White broadcloth combined with satin antique appliqued with silk; tan coat covered with lace; picture hat.

T.

Mrs. M. H. Tichenor—Imported lace gown trimmed with white chenille; white hat with plumes.

Miss Tichenor—White silk with accordian plaited skirt; white ermine cape and white panne velvet hat with plumes.

Mrs. Robert Thorne—Black chiffon over white silk; black velvet bolero with turquoise trimmings; white silk and lace hat.

Mrs. James Thorne—White cloth gown, black chiffon hat.

W.

Mrs. Robert Waller—Blue cloth, trimmed with white silk, braided in blue and black; black tulle hat, with black and white plumes.

Mrs. James Witkowsky—White mull gown, with long black coat.

Mrs. Charles H. Wacker—White zibeline cloth gown, Mechlin lace insertions; large white picture hat.

Miss Carolyn Weaver—White organdie and Valenciennes lace gown; white picture hat.

Miss Vivian Weaver—Blue cloth trimmed with black velvet and white lace; white Gainsborough hat.

Miss Waller—White cloth gown with picture hat.

Y.

Mrs. Richard Yates—Pink accordian plaited chiffon gown; pink picture hat and ermine cape.

Mrs. Otto Young—Black lace over white silk; bonnet of lavender velvet and lace.

Miss Kathryn Young—Turquoise satin, heavily appliqued over white satin; white fox boa and white chiffon hat with pink roses.

Those in the Boxes.

No. 2—Mrs. C. B. Fort, Lacon; Miss Helen Cannon, Danville; Miss Smith, San Francisco; Mr. Fort, Lacon.

No. 3—Mr. and Mrs. George Hovey, Miss E. L. Hawley, Miss M. C. McGlason, Miss Edith Wallace, Mr. William G. Watrous.

No. 4—Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Boal, Miss Anna Boal, Miss Julia Goodrich, Mr. Ayres Boal, Mr. Père Wicks.

No. 5—Mrs. Carter H. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Rogers, Miss Cox, Mr. R. W. Cox.

No. 6—Mr. and Mrs. J. E. B. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Chattell.

No. 7—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lynch, Miss Lynch, Master Regis Lynch, Mr. S. A. McMahan.

No. 9—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Deering, Miss Millard.

No. 10—Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Frazier, Mr. and Mrs. Tietgens, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Garahty.

No. 11—Mr. Edward Morris, Mrs. H. M. Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Morris, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Rothschild.

No. 12—Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Morris, Mrs. D. Simon, Mr. M. L. Rothschild, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Schwab.

No. 13—Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Strauss, Mrs. S. J. Woolner, Mrs. C. L. Strauss, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hillman.

No. 18—Mr. and Mrs. Louis M. Stumer, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Rosenthal, Miss Florence Grieseheimer, and Mr. A. R. Stumer.

No. 20—Mr. Willis M. Baldwin, Mrs. A. F. Baldwin, Mrs. M. R. Croswell, and Mr. and Mrs. Cady Jordan.

No. 21—Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Kurtz, Miss Marjorie Ritchie, Mr. J. C. Mitchell, Mr. D. J. Hubbard, and D. E. Kurtz.

No. 22—Mr. and Mrs. Leon Mandel, Miss Mandel, Mr. and Mrs. E. Mandel, and Mr. A. Louer.

No. 23—Mrs. James E. Rankin, Miss Susan D. Rankin, Henderson, Ky.; Miss Mary Moore, Mr. P. H. Gaspard, Mr. A. R. Carlie, New York; and George F. Getz.

No. 24—Miss Ruth Swift, Miss Marie Fitz Gerald, Mr. George H. Swift, and Mr. G. F. Swift Jr.

No. 25—Miss Alice French, Colonel and Mrs. G. Watson French, and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Deere.

No. 26—Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Harris, and Mr. L. B. Raymond.

No. 27—Prince and Princess Engalitcheff, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Partridge, and Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sargent.

No. 28—Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Hewitt, Miss Ethel Peck, Miss Isabel Peck, Mr. W. M. Wilson, and Mr. George Earling.

No. 29—Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Weaver, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Bigelow, Miss Martha Aldrich, Washington; Miss Vivian Weaver, Miss Carolyn Weaver, Mrs. Horace Thompson, Vermont.

No. 32—Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. Edson Keith Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Fuller, and Mr. and Mrs. Otto Wheeler.

No. 33—Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Conkey, Mr. Charles Hunt, Miss Julia Hunt, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward E. Smith.

No. 34—Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Ettinger, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hills, and Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Van Woort.

No. 35—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McDoel, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. McIntosh, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Hickman.

No. 36—Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Eddy, Miss Kirkland, Miss Birch, Mr. Robert Lincoln, Mr. William G. Beale, and Mr. Marshall Field.

No. 37—Mrs. W. A. Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Garfield King, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Dempster.

No. 38—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Leicht, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Matthiessen, Mrs. A. Plamondon, and Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Murphy.

No. 39—Dr. and Mrs. Allen T. Haight and Mr. and Mrs. James Channon.

No. 40—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dibblee, Mrs. Joseph Field of London, and Mrs. Antisdel.

No. 41—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dixon, Mrs. Dixon, Mr. George Dixon, and Governor and Mrs. Yates.

No. 42—Mrs. Selfridge, Mr. and Mrs. Kohlsaat, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Mitchell, Miss Kathryn Newberry.

No. 43—Mr. and Mrs. F. Partridge, Mrs. M. Roberts, Mrs. E. Merrick.

No. 44—Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Foreman, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar G. Foreman.

No. 45—Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Plamondon, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Amberg.

No. 47—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Caton, Mr. and Mrs. Watson Blair, Miss Eddy, Mr. Clive Runnels, Mrs. Francis Carolan of California.

No. 48—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bryson, Mr. and Mrs. Rockwell King.

No. 50—Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Tichenor, Mr. and Mrs. Manning, Mrs. T. A. Jordan, Miss Tichenor.

No. 51—Mr. and Mrs. Elisha H. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Gray, Mrs. John W. Kiser, Mrs. S. A. Devery.

No. 52—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Lyon, Miss Lyon, Miss Helen Stewart, Mr. John W. Gary, Dr. Doane.

No. 53—Mr. and Mrs. F. Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Spry, Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Swift.

No. 54—Mr. C. G. Gates, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Roberts.

No. 55—Mr. and Mrs. John Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elker, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Thompson.

No. 56—Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Canby, and Mrs. Paul Morton.

No. 57—Mr. and Mrs. John Dupee, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dupee, Miss Edith Kennett, and Mr. Durand Kennett.

No. 58—Mr. and Mrs. Otto Young, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Kaufman, Miss Catharine Young, and Miss Laura Young.

No. 59—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Coleman, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Chatfield-Taylor, and Miss Collins.

No. 60—Mr. and Mrs. Swift, Miss Ramage, Mr. Swift, Mr. Corneau, and Mr. N. B. Swift.

No. 61—Mrs. John M. Kitchen of Indianapolis, Mr. John B. Kitchen, Mr. and Mrs. Herold C. Crane, Colonel Augustus Jackson, and Mr. Daniel Burrows.

No. 62—Mrs. K. E. P. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. Washington Porter, Mrs. George A. Davis, Mr. Fallon, and Mrs. Henry.

No. 63—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Keith, Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Carpenter Jr., and Mr. Rathburn.

No. 64—Mr. and Mrs. Charles O. Robinson, Miss Scott of Edinburg, Scotland; Mr. William Kirkwood, Mr. Stuart, Edinburg, and Dr. Kirkwood.

No. 66—Mr. and Mrs. H. Arms, Mr. E. A. Gage, and Dr. and Mrs. E. T. Gillman.

No. 67—Mr. and Mrs. Sidney C. Love, Mrs. J. M. Love, Miss Love, and Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Baker.

No. 68—Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Thorne, and Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Willard.

No. 69—Mr. and Mrs. William H. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Colvin, and Mr. Hobert Moore.

No. 70—Mr. J. Harley Bradley, Miss May Bradley, Miss Alice Bradley, Miss Florence Bradley, and Mr. Carrelton Ames.

No. 71—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moore and Mrs. E. A. Small.

No. 72—Mrs. R. A. Waller, Miss Starling, Miss Lindsay, Mr. R. A. Waller Jr., Mr. Ernest Walker, and Mr. H. L. Rogers.

No. 73—Mr. and Mrs. W. Vernon Booth, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Gaylord, Mr. and Mrs. George Seaverns Jr., and Miss Seaverns.

No. 74—Miss Ruth Burley, Miss Carrie Blodgett, Miss Marion Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Upton, Mr. John Stockton.

No. 75—Mr. and Mrs. John A. Spoor, Mr. and Mrs. James Waller, Mr. and Mrs. John Gott.

No. 76—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Meeker, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sears of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Howe, Mr. Frank Jones, Mr. J. R. Walker.

No. 77—Mr. and Mrs. George F. Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Kimball, Miss Manning, Mr. Hugh Johnston.

No. 78—Mr. C. E. Tripp, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Outhwaite, Cleveland, O.; Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Devereaux, Cleveland, O.

No. 80—Mr. and Mrs. M. Bensinger, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Fish, Mrs. I. S. Deutsch.

Nos. 81 and 83—Mr. and Mrs. C. K. G. Billings, Mr. and Mrs. Frank G. Jones of Memphis, Mr. and Mrs. C. Lewis Day, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Ripley, Miss Ruddock of California, Mr. Walter D. Gregory, Mr. Charles Ruddock, Mr. Albert Ruddock.

No. 82—Mr. and Mrs. Evans, Miss Ellwell, Miss Hart, Mr. S. M. Payne, Mr. J. L. Miley.

No. 84—Captain James Carmody, London; Mr. W. J. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Moss, Mrs. J. L. Wood.

No. 85—Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer, Miss Higinbotham, Miss Alice Higinbotham, Mr. Potter Palmer Jr., Mr. Adrian Honore.

No. 86—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Chalmers, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Eckels, Miss Chalmers.

No. 87—Mrs. Thomas Bellas, Miss Bellas, Miss Patterson, Miss Nannine Waller, Mr. Stewart Patterson, Mr. Alphonso Chandler.

Directors' box—Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Gunther, Mrs. W. Deming Smith, Miss Jordan of Paris, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Spalding, Miss Leslie Camp of Brooklyn, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Kremer.

SAYS POLICE ROBBED HIM: WHEELER DENIES CHARGE.

Scott Witt Makes Complaint at Maxwell Street Station, but Head of That Department Clears Bluecoats.

Scott Witt, a farmer of Pingree Grove, Ill., declared to Captain Wheeler of the Maxwell Street Police Station yesterday that he had been robbed of a watch and $40 in money by a policeman in full uniform. He claimed to have been robbed near Desplaines and Harrison streets early yesterday morning. After a careful investigation Captain Wheeler gave it as his opinion that if the man had been robbed policemen were not guilty of the wrongdoing.

Witt claimed to have come to Chicago on Saturday to collect some milk bills due him. He said he lived six miles from Elgin and had intended going home that night. After meeting a number of persons and visiting various places of amusement Witt sat down at Desplaines and Harrison streets yesterday morning and fell asleep. He claims he was aroused by some one searching his pockets, and says he opened his eyes in time to see a policeman in uniform.

"I saw the man take my watch and put it in his pocket and asked him what he was doing," said Witt. "He appeared surprised and walked away."

At this point in Witt's troubles Policemen Buckley and O'Meara came up and placed him under arrest. They took him to the Maxwell Street Police Station, where he was charged with being disorderly. At a hearing before Justice Babcock he was released. He at once wene to Captain Wheeler and made his charge of being robbed by a member of the police force.

According to Policeman Buckley, two men were seen walking rapidly down the street when he first saw Witt on the sidewalk.

"I have investigated the charge made by Witt," said Captain Wheeler last night. "There is nothing in it. I have satisfied myself by a number of witnesses that policemen had nothing to do with the man's troubles. He was intoxicated and could not have recognized any one when picked up. He had been robbed long before he was found. I took his name and address and will attempt to recover his watch and money if possible."

WINS AN OLD GAMBLING FIGHT.

Hyde Park Protective Association Secures the Conviction of Samuel A. Cohn After Years of Work.

When Samuel A. Cohn was fined in Judge Smith's court yesterday for keeping a gaming-house and for selling liquor without a license the Hyde Park Protective association won one of its hardest fought struggles. Cohn, who is a Hyde Park constable, pleaded guilty to both charges. His fines and the costs amounted to $183.

Cohn was required also to file a bond declaring that he will not violate the liquor laws of Hyde Park again. He is said to have had a rabbit's foot in the "kitty" of a poker table as a protection to his customers from arrest for gambling.

Cohn opened a place at 736 East Forty-seventh street. It was raided by agents of the Protective association on Sept. 14, and eleven men, including Cohn, arrested. Ten have pleaded guilty to being inmates of a gambling-house and Cohn was indicted by the grand jury on two charges—selling liquor without a license and running a common gambling-house.

BRITISH TROOPS CALLED OUTLAWS.

Text of Botha's Proclamation Replying to Kitchener Made Public.

ARMED ENGLISH TO DIE.

Chancellor of Exchequer Warns People of New Taxes and Loans to Come.

EXPENSES NOW ENORMOUS.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
PARIS, Nov. 4.—The text of General Botha's counter proclamation to Lord Kitchener's recent proclamation has reached here. It was issued on Sept. 15. It declares:

"Whereas, no official of the Orange Free State or the Transvaal Republic, and no General, commandant, or burgher intends to obey Lord Kitchener's proclamation or to trouble with it,

"And, whereas, the proclamation contains falsehoods, habitual to the English,

"And, whereas, Lord Kitchener's proclamation has strengthened the determination of all burghers to resist to the end, now,

"Therefore, I, Louis Botha, Commandant General of the Republican forces, with the consent of the governments, officers, and burghers of both republics, proclaim Lord Kitchener, his staff, and the officers and soldiers serving under his orders and fighting us now, to be outlaws in south Africa, and all officers and burghers in the two republics and in Cape Colony are ordered to shoot every armed Englishman whom they meet."

England to Expect More Taxes.

LONDON, Nov. 5, 3 a. m.—What is regarded as an important announcement, preparing the people of Great Britain for new taxes and fresh loans, was made last night by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in a speech at Bristol. After alluding to the enormous increase in the ordinary expenditures of the government he reviewed the war taxes and said the ever-increasing demand of the national exchequer gave reasons for careful thought and even anxiety for the future.

"The cost of the war in south Africa is enormous," said Sir Michael. "It still drags. It may be, when next year comes, that I may have to ask the people of this country to bear even greater burdens and to make even greater sacrifices."

May Better Concentration Camps.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach announced that the government was communicating with the authorities in south Africa with a view to a change of the situation of the concentration camps and to an amelioration of their conditions.

Financial Dangers Ahead.

John Morley, M. P., speaking at Forfar, Scotland, asserted that the ordinary annual expenditures of the British government had increased £28,000,000 during the last ten years, or, including the suspension of the sinking fund, £32,000,000. He declared that there was a real danger ahead of the country.

Buller's Message to Ladysmith.

The Daily Express says it is authorized by Dr. Miller Maguire, a well-known army coach, to give the following true version of the disputed passage to General Sir Redvers Buller's heliogram to General Sir George White at Ladysmith:

"I have failed. I am not able to try again without siege operations, taking a month. Can you hold out so long? If not, I suggest your firing away as much ammunition as possible, finally making the best terms. If you have any other alternative to suggest I can remain where I am as long as you like."

Dr. Maguire vouches for the authenticity of this extract, and says that the whole dispatch, which contains about 150 words, has been in his hands for months.

Four Encounters with Boers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
Bloemfontein, Nov. 4.—Three hundred police, under Captain Malcom, who left here three weeks ago, returned today. They had four encounters with the Boers, and killed two in the neighborhood of Dewetsdorp. They brought in a 12-pounder gun, belonging to U Battery, which the Boers captured at Vlakfontein. They captured twelve Boers, including ten wounded men. Their casualties were two men wounded.

Guns Carried Off by Botha.

PRETORIA, Nov. 4.—It is now known that the Boers got away with the two guns captured from Colonel Benson's column in the recent engagement near Brakenlaagte, eastern Transvaal.

HIGH PRICE FOR MORRIS PUNS.

Rare Edition Sold at London Book Auction—Original Copy of Blake's Songs Brings $3,500.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
LONDON, Nov. 4.—At Sotheby's auction rooms today an almost complete set of Mr. William Morris' puns on paper and vellum by the Kelmscott Press were offered. Many were presentations with Morris' autograph inscriptions. The gem of the set was Edward Calvert's special original copy of Blake's "Songs of Innocence and Experience," in fifty-four leaves, printed on one side only, with each plate exquisitely colored by Blake. It fetched £700. Mr. Quaritch, the collector, said that this price was seven times the figure given for the Hamilton copy. If so, the purchaser will have to pay one-fifth of the value in duty.

VENEZUELA CHANGES PLANS.

Night Attack by Colombians at Rubio Results in Disaster for Defenders.

Maracaibo, Venezuela, Nov. 2 (delayed).—Advices received here from Rubio, dated Oct. 28, say that a night attack of the Colombians has caused a general reorganization of the Venezuelan plan of defense. The Venezuelans were caught crossing a river near Rubio. The rope bridge broke and numbers of Venezuelans were drowned. General Uribe-Uribe's force, which was on the extreme left, has reinforced the center. The General is intrenching.

HUNGARY EXPRESSES GRIEF.

Lower House of the Diet Has Words of Sorrow for Death of McKinley Placed on the Record.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
BUDA-PESTH, Nov. 4.—In the lower House of the Diet this morning the President made a touching reference to the assassination of President McKinley and moved that an expression of sympathy and grief of the House should be entered upon the minutes. The proposal was unanimously approved.

ELOPING KANSAS GIRL CAUGHT IN CHICAGO.

Miss Henkel is a 16-year-old school girl from Dodge City, Kas., who ran away to Chicago, where she expected to meet and marry William H. Gardner. She was detained at the Harrison Street annex yesterday on orders from her father to the police, and awaited the arrival of a Deputy Sheriff from Kansas to take her home.

"My father had us arrested. You see, we had it planned all right, but some one tattled," she said yesterday. "I was to get here first and Mr. Gardner was to follow the next day. I visited my sister on California avenue, and when I left there was arrested by a nasty old policeman. Will was arrested in Dodge City as he was boarding a train. He's a New York boy. I met him about last Christmas time. My father didn't like him and told me never to speak to him. You see, Will is a brakeman on the Santa Fé, between Dodge City and La Junta, Colo., and my father is the Postal Telegraph operator.

"Last Wednesday I was on my way to the Dodge City high school and met Will. Then we met father and there was a scene. Later the same day I saw Will again and we planned to elope. I went to Kansas City and there bought a ticket to Chicago. I arrived here and was arrested, and I just hate this place. I want to go home as fast as the Sheriff can take me. I can't run away again, for I have no money. I don't know what they are going to do with Will. My home is a pretty one and I have plenty of friends, but I will marry him just the same."

GERMANS SHOW ILL HUMOR

BITTER COMMENT ON SPEECH OF CHAMBERLAIN.

Englishmen Somewhat Disturbed by Realization That Friendship Is Not Deep When Trade Issues Arise—Declare United States Best Nation to Cultivate — American Machinery Most Prominent Feature in Shoe and Leather Exposition.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
LONDON, Nov. 5, 3 a. m.—Englishmen have been noticing with surprise the bitter resentment excited in Germany by Secretary Chamberlain's casual reference to a Franco-German war. It is a straw showing the direction of the wind in Germany, where in spite of the Emperor's cordial relations with the reigning house here, England is regarded as an industrial enemy and is not liked. This revelation of anti-English feeling in Germany strengthens the desire of public men and the press here for a settlement of all outstanding questions between England and America.

The expression commonly heard is that good feeling with America will be worth more than the closest alliance with Germany. The objections raised by Canada to the settlement of the canal controversy are attracting attention, but the hope is entertained that Sir Wilfrid Laurier's influence will be exercised and that there will be no opposition from Ottawa to embarrass the Foreign office in opening the way for adjustment of the entire series of Canadian questions.

Forced to Use American Tools.

Visitors to the Shoe and Leather fair yesterday were impressed by the fact that the British boot and shoe trade is largely dependent upon American machinery. One British exhibitor said: "Americans are twenty years ahead of us in machinery. Fortunately we in England can buy the same machinery as the Americans are using, so there is still hope for our trade."

Botticelli Greatly Admired.

The exhibition of Prince Chigis' Botticelli, which is now owned by Mrs. John L. Gardner of Boston, was opened yesterday for the benefit of the Prince of Wales Hospital fund. Critics unite in pronouncing it one of Botticelli's most charming works, the background of hills and rivers being considered as beautiful as the Madonna herself, and the attendant angel, but the process of judicious renovation is regarded with signs of suspicion. I. N. F.

BRITISH ATTACKED IN KURRAM.

Surveying Expedition Set Upon and Thirteen Sepoys Killed—Mystery Around Yacub Khan.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
CALCUTTA, Nov. 4.—Nothing has been heard of the whereabouts of Yacub Khan, a son of the former Ameer of Afghanistan. Great unrest prevails on the Kurram frontier, where a British survey party has been attacked and thirteen Sepoys killed. It is possible that a punitive expedition will be sent.

KING ADOPTS HIS NEW TITLE.

Signs Proclamation at Meeting of Privy Council—Parliament Not to Meet Before Dec. 14.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
LONDON, Nov. 4.—The Gazette tonight contains a proclamation in regard to the addition to the King's title, which henceforth will be:

"Edward VII., Dei Gratia Britannorum et Terrarum Transmarinarum Quae in Dicione Sunt Britannica Rex. Fidei Defensor, Indiae Imperator."

Freely translated the title is:

"Edward the Seventh, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British dominions beyond the sea, King, defender of the faith, and Emperor of India."

It is provided also that coins of the old style shall be lawful currency until the King's pleasure.

Another proclamation further prorogues Parliament until Dec. 14.

STUDENTS UNITE IN PROTEST.

Societies in German Universities Agree in Resenting Words of British Colonial Secretary.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—The students of the University of Griefswald have sent to the other universities the resolutions recently adopted by them in denunciation of the alleged offensive references to the conduct of the German troops in 1870 made by Mr. Chamberlain, the British Colonial Secretary.

They ask the coöperation of the other universities in their rebuke.

The Berlin branch of the society of German students has telegraphed to the Griefswald students congratulations upon their protest against "an insult to our valorous and glory-crowned army."

GIVE PRIZE TO SANTOS-DUMONT.

Committee of Aero Club by Vote of 13 to 9 Decides That Terms of Deutsch Test Were Fulfilled.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
PARIS, Nov. 4.—The committee of the Aero club, by a vote of 13 to 9, has awarded M Santos-Dumont, the Brazilian aeronaut, the Deutsch prize of 100,000 francs ($20,000) for sailing from St. Cloud to and around the Eiffel tower and back to St. Cloud in thirty minutes.

COLOMBIAN CREW MUTINIES.

Men on Gunboat Darien Said to Have Turned Vessel Over to Insurgents.

PANAMA, Nov. 4.—The crew of the Colombian gunboat Darien has mutinied, and the vessel is now in the hands of the insurgents. The Darien has been operating on the Panama side of the isthmus. It is one of the recent acquisitions to the Colombian navy, and is of small size.

MANCHURIA TREATY REJECTED.

Convention with Russia Said to Have Failed of Agreement by Chinese Court.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
PEKIN, Nov. 5.—It is understood from good authority that the court has rejected the new draft of the Manchurian convention, which was submitted by Li Hung Chang. Negotiations are therefore suspended. The condition of Li Hung Chang, who is suffering from ulceration of the stomach, is improving. It is now said that he will recover.

SHOOTS AT POLICE CHIEF.

Report from St. Petersburg That Attempt Has Been Made to Kill Gen. Kleigel.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A dispatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg says an unknown man today gained an interview with Lieutenant General Kleigel, the Prefect of Police, under the pretense of presenting a petition, and shot at him twice with a revolver before he was overpowered. The General was not wounded.

SULTAN OF MOROCCO PAYS UP.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Turned Over to Spanish Official for Kidnaping of Two Children.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
TANGIERS, Nov. 4.—The Sultan of Morocco paid 150,000 pesetas ($30,000) today to Señor Ojeda, the Spanish Minister, as compensation for the kidnaping of the Spanish boy and girl.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

DARING FEAT OF BROOKLYN GIRL.

Miss Harriet Sewell Smith Crosses East River on Frail Foot Bridge.

ROOSEVELT TO GET VOTE.

President Stops in New York on Way to Oyster Bay for Today's Election.

GENERAL GOSSIP OF GOTHAM

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Nov. 4.

Society Girl Crosses River on Frail Bridge.

Miss Harriet Sewell Smith, daughter of Evan F. Smith of 481 Franklin avenue, Brooklyn, who is the secretary of the Board of Managers of the Long Island State Hospital, made a perilous trip across the river on the frail footbridge of the new East River bridge one night last week. It was after sundown when the young woman started on her journey. She was accompanied by Dr. Orville D. Westfall, a dentist, who had made two previous trips across the bridge, both, however, in the sunlight.

It was necessary to wait until dark on this occasion, because no permit could be obtained for the young woman. Miss Smith is in Brooklyn society. Some time ago she was selected by a committee of portrait painters as the most beautiful woman in Brooklyn.

A leather belt was fastened around the young woman's waist. To this was attached a strap, which Dr. Westfall held in his hand as he preceded his companion across the narrow, swaying footbridge.

"It was 5:25," said Mr. Westfall today, "when we started from the Manhattan side. The climb to the first tower was so steep we had to pull ourselves up by means of the cables. Miss Smith was exhausted when we reached the tower. After a short rest we started. It was then that the only exciting incident of the trip occurred. From the tower to the footbridge below is a distance of about four feet. In the darkness I slipped from the ladder and fell through an opening. I was caught, however, by my shoulders, and with difficulty managed to get on my feet again. This incident frightened Miss Smith not a little, but she soon regained her courage and we reached the other side in safety at 6:10."

W. F. Powell, United States Minister to Hayti and San Domingo, arrived here today from Hayti.

President Roosevelt Spends Night in New York.

President Roosevelt, accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt, Secretary Cortelyou, and Assistant Secretary William Loeb, arrived in this city at 6 o'clock tonight. The President, who has come here to vote, spent the night in the house of his aunt, Mrs. James A. Roosevelt, and will leave for Oyster Bay tomorrow morning. He will remain there only long enough to deposit his ballot.

The President's train was over an hour late in arriving in Jersey City because of an accident to a train preceding it near Wilmington. The President's train was backed for two miles to a place where it could be switched on to the Baltimore and Ohio tracks. Over that line the train proceeded to Philadelphia, where connection was again made with the Pennsylvania.

Eight detectives and a squad of Jersey City policemen in uniform were in waiting for the President at the Jersey City depot. The Jersey City inspectors gave orders to allow no one down the platform. Four secret service men who had come on the train joined the detectives when the President got off the train, so that he was surrounded by detectives as he made his way down the platform. The crowd cheered him, and he responded by removing his hat.

Clearing-house today reinstated the Seventh National Bank to full membership. The action was taken on a favorable report from a clearing-house committee which investigated the plan for reorganizing the bank.

Says He Gave Money to Bribe a Judge.

Alfred R. Goslin, whose conviction for raiding the Brooklyn Rapid Transit stock is now on appeal, and who had a misunderstanding with his former associate, "Colonel" Bob Ammon, made a statement on the witness stand today that he had given Ammon $500 to be given to a Brooklyn lawyer to "fix" a United States Court Judge when Eugene L. Packer, who was indicted with Goslin and others for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit raid, wanted to get bail. This is what Goslin said:

"Ammon came to me and said he'd have to have $500 for House, Grossman & Vorhaus, who had been retained as counsel; $500 for himself, Ammon, and $500 for a man named Roy, who was a friend of the Judge and who was to fix the Judge. I don't believe he 'fixed' the Judge."

This Goslin said while undergoing cross-examination at the hands of Lawyer Peter C. De Wolf, counsel for Ammon. Referee Whitaker looked much surprised when he heard Goslin's statement, and when the cross-examination was ended he said:

"There's one question I want to ask the witness before we close. Mr. Goslin, who is this man Roy?"

"Well," said Goslin, "he's a lawyer of Brooklyn, I believe. That's all I know about him."

"And what Judge was it?"

"Judge Thomas."

"Of the United States Court?"

"Yes."

The council of New York University in annual session today elected Miss Helen Miller Gould President of the Woman's Advisory committee.

Will Deal Leniently with Neville.

Penrhyn Neville, the young Englishman who has come to this country to marry Miss Lena M. Vail of Chicago, spent the forenoon today trying to explain to Deputy Collector Phelps at the custom-house how he happened to have $2,400 worth of jewelry concealed on his person when he landed from the steamer Umbria on Sunday. The gems were his intended present to his fiancée. He says he has not meant to defraud the government, as the presents would have been taken out of the country again immediately after the wedding ceremony.

The customs authorities are disposed to deal as generously with the stranger as possible under the circumstances. They think he is honest in his story of not intending any moral wrongdoing. He was to have been in the country only five weeks, his plan being to return to Liverpool with his bride by way of Canada. It is possible that a compromise may be arranged by which on his paying $100 to the government he may be allowed to export the jewels to his native land.

E. C. Anderson, a naval contractor, convicted of attempted bribery, was today sentenced by United States Judge Thomas to one year in Sing Sing prison and fined $1.

Family Driven from Home by Bees.

Charles C. Overton and his family were driven from their home in Henry street, Coney Island, on Sunday afternoon by bees. On Saturday Mr. Overton received a case of honey in the comb from a friend in Georgia. The case was put in the cellar near an open window. The family was seated at dinner about 1 o'clock on Sunday when a pet dog ran yelping through the room into the rear yard, followed by hundreds of bees.

Mr. Overton sprang up and with his napkin began to brush the bees toward the open door. By a second hundreds of them were buzzing about his head and ears, as well as the faces of his wife and daughter. They all ran from the house, fighting the bees as they went.

The hired man met Mr. Overton outside and said the bees had taken possession of the cellar, where they were gathered by thousands around the honey. A pet raccoon which was kept in the cellar was so badly stung that his eyes were closed when he was rescued. Mr. Overton and his men covered their heads with wire mosquito netting and, wearing thick gloves, went into the cellar and after taking out the honey finally dispersed the bees. Then the family returned to a cold dinner.

The Kron Prins Wilhelm, which arrived at Plymouth this morning, beat its own eastward record, covering a short course of 2,975 knots in five days, eight hours, and eighteen minutes.

Expect Details of Big Railroad Deal Soon.

Northern Pacific stock advanced from 103 to 105 net today in the Stock Exchange on reports that a statement of the complete settlement of all differences between the Union Pacific and the Morgan-Hill interests would be published on Wednesday morning. One of the chief members of the Union Pacific syndicate said that it was improbable that any official statement would be made concerning the Northern Pacific-Burlington controversy until W. K. Vanderbilt had been consulted. As the dominating influence in the Chicago and Northwestern road Mr. Vanderbilt is greatly concerned in the outcome of the Burlington deal, and Mr. Twombley, it is said, has insisted that Mr. Vanderbilt should be consulted before the final details were arranged.

Mr. Vanderbilt is a passenger on the steamship Oceanic, which is expected to arrive here on Wednesday. All of the board meetings of the Vanderbilt railroads that have been due within the last month have been deferred until his arrival.

Marvin Hughitt, President of the Chicago and Northwestern railway company, is in this city. It is understood he came here to meet W. K. Vanderbilt on his return. Mr. Hughitt was in conference today with E. H. Harriman at Mr. Harriman's office. Otto Kahn of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., also was present, and it was reported in Wall street that George J. Gould was also there, but this was not confirmed.

The wholesale sugar district was interested today in rumors telling of the proposed erection of an independent refinery in Harlem. According to the unverified rumor the plant will cost about $1,000,000, with a daily capacity of 1,500 barrels, and its stockholders will consist of a number of wholesale grocers, who will handle the entire output.

American and French Auto Speeders Clash.

There was a mild sensation at the automobile show at the garden tonight caused by a scene between Albert C. Bostwick and Henri Fournier. They met at the booth of Alexander Winton, who drove his forty horse power carriage on the Grosse Point track ten miles in eleven minutes nine seconds on Oct. 24, and made his fastest mile, the third, in one minute and six and two-fifths seconds, thus beating Fournier's world's record of one minute six and four-fifths seconds.

Fournier has since been quoted as stating he did not believe the timing was accurate. Today Mr. Bostwick called Fournier to task for what he was represented to have said and the interview was a stormy one.

Bostwick is a much smaller man than Fournier, yet he talked aggressively, and the big Frenchman assumed mollifying tactics. It is said that at one time the situation was threatening.

Ice Company Goes After Small Dealers.

After desisting for a considerable time (before election) from getting injunctions against small ice dealers to prevent them from doing business in ice in this city, the American Ice company, which brought money and shivers to Mayor Van Wyck, procured two temporary injunctions from Justice Giegerich in the Supreme Court today in separate actions forbidding George C. Robinson and Louis Knlep Jr. each from doing these things:

"From engaging directly or indirectly, or concerning himself in the carrying or continuing the business of selling ice, at retail or wholesale, either as principal or agent, or servant, within the corporate limits of the City of New York, except upon the written consent of the plaintiff or in its employ."

Andy Freedman's company, in which Squire Croker is a stockholder, gave two bonds of $250 each as security for the American Ice company on the injunctions. When the American Ice company had struck root among the Tammany powers it began to reach out for all the small ice dealers. Most of these small retailers found it was useless to fight against the cutting the American Ice company could do and they sold out. Each small dealer signed an agreement not to engage in the ice business in the bounds of the whole city for ten years. Some of these, it is claimed, have gone into business again.

Prince Perre Troubetskoy and his wife, originally Amelie Rives, and later Mrs. John Armstrong Chanler, arrived today from Genoa aboard the steamship Trave. The Princess obtained a divorce from Chanler on the ground of desertion. Chanler was declared insane and sent to Bloomingdale. He escaped two years ago and recently turned up, apparently all right. He has asked the courts to declare his sanity.

Thinks He Can Disprove Koch's Theory.

Positive signs of tuberculosis have appeared in the cow that was inoculated with germs by Dr. George D. Barney of Brooklyn several days ago. Dr. Barney will permit the signs to become more pronounced and will then kill the cow and hold an autopsy. Dr. Barney is now certain he has disproved Dr. Koch's theory that human tuberculosis and bovine tuberculosis are not intercommunicable. The cow was inoculated by Dr. Barney about ten days ago. On Saturday last it began to show a fever, and now all the known signs of tuberculosis are apparent in the beast. Dr. Barney said last night he had no doubt that the autopsy to be performed would prove beyond doubt the fallacy of Dr. Koch's theory.

THINK MISS STONE IS DEAD.

Friends of Abducted Missionary Believe She Could Not Stand Rigors of Weather.

New York, Nov. 4.—The positive conviction that Miss Ellen M. Stone is dead is contained in a letter which has just been received in Boston from Ivan Raduloff, a student, who was with the American missionary when she was captured by brigands in Turkey, together with Mme. Tsilka. According to this letter the snow in the mountains into which Miss Stone and her companion were taken by their captors was three feet deep three weeks ago, at the time the letter was written. It was the conviction among Miss Stone's friends in Samakov, Bulgaria, three weeks ago, that she could not possibly have survived the rigors of her captivity until that date.

REPUBLICS TALK ARBITRATION.

Report Is Laid Before the Pan-American Congress in Mexico City—Other Proposals.

Mexico City, Nov. 4.—At this morning's session of the Pan-American congress the secretary of the congress announced that the following papers had been entered for consideration:

A report on arbitration and the treaty of arbitration; on the Pan-American court of claims, on behalf of the Mexican delegates; a report on the court of claims by the Guatemalan delegates; a report on the proposal to appoint a committee to draw up a code of public international law and another on private international law from the Brazilian delegation.

Señor Macedo, a Mexican delegate, read a lengthy report showing what Mexico had done to carry out the recommendations of the last Pan-American congress.

THE HUB
HENRY C. LYTTON, Pres.

The "Black and White"

This year's handsomest and most dignified overcoat will be on display at

The Hub To-day

Be sure to ask the salesman to show it to you. Prices—

$20 and $22.50

Thousands of other overcoats in all the prevailing styles—

$7.50 to $50

Table Decorations.

Chrysanthemum, Rose and Orchid Vases, English Flower Centers, Crystal Goulot Globes, Fine Assortment Flower Jars, Pedestals, Window Boxes, Ferneries.

Complete Assortment

Latest styles fine English and French Dinner Sets, Courses, Open Stock Patterns, Plates.

Genuine Cut Glass, Gold Glass, Rock Crystal.

VISITORS To the city will find our store one of the points of interest.

BURLEY & CO.
120 WABASH AVE.

THIRTY HURT IN WRECK ON MONON ROAD IN INDIANA.

Combination Train Breaks in Two and Heavy Stone Cars Crash Into Passenger Coaches Crowded with Workers.

Bedford, Ind., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—A wreck occurred at 6 o'clock this evening on the Monon track at the passenger station in this city in which thirty persons were injured.

A combination passenger and stone train, running between Bedford and the Perry, Matthews & Buskirk Stone company's quarries, broke in two at the intersection of the Monon and Southern Indiana roads, coming together a few minutes later with a crash.

In the two passenger coaches were 100 quarrymen and officials. Of this number no less than thirty were bruised and injured by the collision, some of them seriously, if not fatally.

Among the seriously hurt are Andy Lentz, quarryman; Mike Agnew, brakeman; and Edward Denniston, quarryman. All three of these men were injured internally.

John Torphy, superintendent of the mills, was badly cut. Many others were seriously bruised, but were able to make their way home without the use of the ambulance.

The section of the train composed of stone cars had the air applied, while the passenger coaches were without the air and could not be checked.

As the two sections collided all the men were thrown violently to the floor. Dr. Freeland, the attending physician, states that none of the injured men will die.

HERMAN SINGER SPAIN'S CONSUL

Credentials Received from the Queen Regent Amplifying His Office.

Credentials have arrived from Spain, signed by the Queen Regent, certifying to the appointment of Berthold Singer as Spanish Consul to Chicago. Mr. Singer has been the acting Spanish Consul for some time. The decree amplifying his office to that of full Consul was signed on Aug. 23, reaching Chicago on Saturday. Besides representing Spain, Mr. Singer has for more than a year been Costa Rican Consul.

GET CIGARMAKERS IN HAVANA.

Tampa Manufacturers Succeed in Hiring Strike Breakers in Cuba.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
HAVANA, Nov. 4.—About forty cigarmakers left here today for Tampa, Fla., to take the places of strikers. A number of union men went to the wharf to persuade them from going and they became so demonstrative that the police had to expel them from the wharf. There was much excitement and thirty men were arrested.

An American Champagne for the Club and the Home. Absolutely Pure.
Refreshing—Invigorating—Harmless.
Preferred by thousands to the costliest imported brands.
Made only by the
AMERICAN WINE CO.,
ST. LOUIS, U. S. A.

Have you seen that . . .

Oil Painting

on the bill-board north side of new postoffice, opposite

103 Adams-st?

No more dread of polishing day

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

Make silver cleaning like play.

Half the work, no worry or wear.—Druggists.

A GENTLEMAN OF FRANCE
Dramatization in Four Acts of Stan Weyman's Novel
BY
HARRIET FORD.
Produced at Chicago by Kyrle Bellew and Company, Nov. 4, 1901.
Cast:

Gaston de Marsac.....Mr. Be
M. de Bruhl.....John E
Henry of Navarre.....John F
Henry III. of France.....Frank E. A
Vicomte de Turenne.....Charles Da
Baron de Rosny.....Clarence Handy
M. Fresnoy.....Howell Hi
Simon Fliez.....Edgar Sel
M. d'Aubeterre.....Oscar Ey
M. d'Auremberg.....Charles Ran
M. de Paul.....E. E. A
Provost Marshal.....George Mo
Matthew.....Samuel P
Magk.....T. J.
Jean Perrault.....Simpson Ca
Victor Papin.....J. R. Ma
Mlle. de la Vire.....Eleanor Ro
Pasquette.....Ada Dw
Mme. de Bruhl.....Charlotte Wa
Mathurine.....Janet F
Countess de Grammont..Caroline Buttere

If the public is clamoring for another sword play of book source, then "A gentleman of France" has a chance for prosperity. If theatergoers want to see Mr. Bellew make love gracefully and do valorously and often, then the prosaic the play's success is greatly improved the cry for these twin exhibits is less the piece will not fare so well.

Its dramatic merits are neither ma substantial, being confided practica some measure of literary veneer an compactness which with the aid of th ers can be made at times to pass for hi of action. In spite of the commotion which it teems, it lacks sustained The effort has been made to have it a of brevity, yet it has too many word of its seven scenes at least five drag sequence. A laborious comedy vein, along by the maid of the heroine a servant of the hero, is the chief impe to speed and terseness.

But the small amount of real metal th possesses has been highly polished and adorned. Its rôles almost to the bottom been intrusted to players of ability, and ing has been spared to make the pi features attractive. If costumes could a costume play, and romantic actor mance, the managers would be at the all worries.

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In the love passages the actor had telligent ally in Miss Eleanor Robson, beauty alone would have been su charm for her rôle. Her talents, ho came graciously into play, and the pi of her impersonation of Mlle. de la V as pleasant as any single quality in t formance. Naturally, fewer scenes her than to Mr. Bellew, but she had of them to earn her a place in the leading women. She is probably the best on that list, but she is not an acc addition to it. She shared several curtain calls with Mr. Bellew last n

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The story that unwound itself in t few scenes had not so gay a setting small in quantity for the space it In the second scene De Marsac wa in his poor lodgings by Henry of and told to kidnap Mlle. de la Vire. of Stanley Weyman's novel knew w the stage version was not quite s The outline of the book was closely f De Marsac, with his cutthroat trio faithful Simon Fliez, went to T castle and took Mlle. de la Vire f captivity. She distrusted her resc would have drawn back at the last n but he carried her away bodily, after one of his own ruffians in her presenc At the Town of Blois the next day lowed herself to be lured away fr and taken to the house of her enem Bruhl. De Marsac discovered that w the room from which Mlle. de la V been enticed. He fought him there, not kill him. Then he traced Mlle Vire to the Bruhl residence, and fou ruffians on a stairway, killing or w them all. Having rescued the girl h to make love to her. For some re other he also brought King Henry of to see her. There was no dramatic to what followed. De Marsac was and the event led him to confess his Mlle. de la Vire. She reciprocated it the last scene it appeared that she cured his release. The ending was to sentiment.

Through his rôle of Simon Fliez w scene, Edgar Selwyn acted it with mo a little character skill. John Blair con a minister M. de Bruhl, and John Blair, merry Henry of Navarre. Ada was the comic maid to Mlle. de la V she did her best to keep the part fro intrusive.

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Have you
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on the bill-board north
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opposite
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more dread of polishing day
ELECTRO
SILVER POLISH
SILICON
like silver cleaning like play.
of the work, no worry or wear.—Druggists.
COOK'S
Imperial
EXTRA DRY
n American Champagne for the Club
d the Home. Absolutely Pure.
freshing—Invigorating—Harmless.
ttered by thousands to the costliest
imported brands.
Made only by the
AMERICAN WINE CO.,
ST. LOUIS, U. S. A.

BEFORE THE FOOTLIGHTS

A GENTLEMAN OF FRANCE.

Dramatization in Four Acts of Stanley Weyman's Novel

BY

HARRIET FORD.

Produced at Chicago by Kyrle Bellew and Company, Nov. 4, 1901. The cast:

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M. de Bruhl	John Blair
Henry of Navarre	John Flood
Henry III. of France	Frank E. Aiken
Vicomte de Turenne	Charles Barron
Baron de Rosny	Clarence Handyside
M. Fresnoy	Howell Hansel
Simon Filex	Edgar Selwyn
M. d'Aubeterre	Oscar Briggs
M. d'Auremberg	Charles Randall
M. de Bruhl	E. E. Allen
Provost Marshal	George Morton
Matthew	Samuel Lewis
Nick	T. L. Bill
Jean Perrault	Simpson Carson
Victor Papin	J. R. Martin
Mlle. de la Vire	Eleanor Robson
Fandette	Ada Dwyer
Mme. de Bruhl	Charlotte Walker
Mathurine	Janet Ford
Countess de Grammont	Caroline Butterfield

If the public is clamoring for another cape and sword play of book source, then "A Gentleman of France" has a chance for prosperity. If theatergoers want to see Mr. Kyrle Bellew make love gracefully and do battle valorously and often, then the prospect of the play's success is greatly improved. If the cry for these twin exhibits is less lusty the piece will not fare so well.

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But the small amount of real metal the play possesses has been highly polished and much adorned. Its rôles almost to the bottom have been intrusted to players of ability, and nothing has been spared to make the pictorial features attractive. If costumes could make a costume play, and romantic actors a romance, the managers would be at the end of all worries.

Mr Bellew is in no danger of being relegated into the past. The six years in which Chicago has not seen him have not aged him in any way that a makeup cannot conceal. He looked last night as if he were in the prime of life, and it seemed impossible that his black wig should conceal gray hairs.

He was as active as a boy, and in his affrays he laid about him with a vigor that would have felled saplings as well as men. No actor has had to go into the slaughtering business so seriously since James K. Hackett put aside "The Pride of Jennico." And Mr. Hackett, though he had the strength of wrist, never had the Bellew manner of seeming to confer a favor upon those who went down before the strokes.

In the love passages the actor had an intelligent ally in Miss Eleanor Robson, whose beauty alone would have been sufficient charm for her rôle. Her talents, however, came graciously into play, and the piquancy of her impersonation of Mlle. de la Vire was as pleasant as any single quality in the performance. Naturally, fewer scenes fell to her than to Mr. Bellew, but she had enough of them to earn her a place in the list of leading women. She is probably the youngest on that list, but she is not an accidental addition to it. She shared several of the curtain calls with Mr. Bellew last night.

The latter's fighting threatened to begin in the first scene, and got well under way by the third scene. There were no acts in the play, the divisions being in scenes, an arrangement both novel and effective. In the first scene Gaston de Marsac—otherwise Mr. Bellew—was insulted at the court of Henry of Navarre, into which he came believing he had been granted audience with Henry. The invitation really came from the court fool. He was baited by the anteroom loungers, and would have fought them all had not Baron Rosny, Navarre's Minister, come to his rescue and told him to depart in peace. Mlle. de La Vire was shown as one of the jesting throng, and the scene was lively and attractive as a tableau.

The story that unwound itself in the next five scenes had not so gay a setting and was small in quantity for the space it covered. In the second scene De Marsac was visited in his poor lodgings by Henry of Navarre and told to kidnap Mlle. de la Vire. Readers of Stanley Weyman's novel know why, but the stage version was not quite so clear. The outline of the book was closely followed. De Marsac, with his cutthroat trio and the distant Simon Filex, went to Turenne's home and took Mlle. de la Vire from her protection. She distrusted her rescuer and would have drawn back at the last moment, but he carried her away bodily, after fighting off his own ruffians in her presence.

At the Town of Blois the next day she allowed herself to be lured away from him and taken to the house of her enemy, M. de Bruhl. De Marsac discovered that worthy in a room from which Mlle. de la Vire had been enticed. He fought him there, but did not kill him. Then he traced Mlle. de la Vire to the Bruhl residence, and fought four men on a stairway, killing or wounding them all. Having rescued the girl, he began to make love to her. For some reason or other he also brought King Henry of France with her. There was no dramatic thread in what followed. De Marsac was arrested for the event led him to confess his love for Mlle. de la Vire. She reciprocated it, and in the last scene it appeared that she had secured his release. The ending was attuned to sentiment.

Although his rôle of Simon Filex was threadbare, Edgar Selwyn acted it with more than usual character skill. John Blair contributed a master M. de Bruhl, and John Flood a fine Henry of Navarre. Ada Dwyer played the comic maid to Mlle. de la Vire, and did all her best to keep the part from being tiresome.

AS YOU LIKE IT.

Comedy in Five Acts

BY

WILLIAM SHAKSPEARE.

Produced at Chicago by Henrietta Crosman and Company, Nov. 4, 1901. The Cast:

The Duke	Edward Page
Duke Frederick	Geoffrey Stein
Orlando	Joseph Kilgour
Jacques	John Mason
Touchstone	George Soule Spencer
Oliver	Addison Pitt
Adam	William Herbert
Amiens	Harry Gunson
Sylvius	C. C. Quinby
William	Geoffrey Stein
Corin	Benjamin Hapgood Burt
Charles, the wrestler	Henry Crampton
Le Beau	C. K. Bowers
Jacques de Bois	Norman Gallot
First officer	James Ahearn
Second officer	John McFeeters
Celia	Adele Block
Audrey	Lottie Alter
Phœbe	Nellie Hancock
Shepherdess	Jeanette Martin
Rosalind	Miss Crosman

Any endeavor that can make for the bringing of Shakspeare's plays again before the theater-going public merits the approval and support of all who wish the drama well. So completely are we at the present day out of touch with these masterworks, and so helpless are the great majority of our actors and actresses when called upon to speak the bard's wondrous verse, that any revival now undertaken can prove artistically successful only in comparative degree. Complete satisfaction must need wait upon the schooling that renewed experience and routine in this "forgotten art" can give.

Among the endeavors which merit hearty encouragement was that witnessed last evening at the Studebaker, when Miss Crosman and her company gave their first presentation in Chicago of "As You Like It." The performance was not without its shortcomings—serious ones—but these shortcomings were traceable rather to lack of experience in the Shakspearian school than to want of histrionic ability on the part of the players. Realizing this, one can in large measure excuse them, and, recognising the merits also present, wish Miss Crosman courage in her endeavor, and that by gradually strengthening her forces she may come to know increase of the deserved favor she found at the hands of her auditors last evening.

To begin with these shortcomings, and thus leave the pleasanter task of commendation to the last, it may be said at once that the chief lack in the performance was the absence of that quality best described by the much-abused word atmosphere. The scenery, costumes and stage trappings were of more than usual beauty, richness and fitness, but the people who moved amid the scenes and wore the rich costumes were most of them not of that realm of poetic fancy in which Shakspeare placed his characters, and of which the painted settings and the silks and velvets gave pleasing suggestion to the eye. The persons who moved through the Forest of Ardon last night were unmistakably of the end of the nineteenth century, and no amount of masquerading in clothes of an earlier period could cause the spectator to lose sight of this fact.

The one actor who came near to catching the poetic spirit of the comedy was Mr. Malone, who as Jacques both in manner and speech approached closer to the satisfactory than did any of his colleagues. All the others were either constantly or at some moment in their work painfully "up to date," and illusion was at such times made impossible for the auditor.

Miss Crosman's Rosalind was in the main free from this fault. Only when she endeavored to be roguish, her roguery then spoke of the independent American girl rather than of the timid daughter of a Duke of centuries ago and her assumption of mannishness at times took on a suggestion of farce rather than of refined comedy. Aside from these occasional lapses, however, there was much in her portrayal to enjoy and to commend. In appearance she made a pleasing Rosalind and a fine, youthful-looking Ganymede.

Her reading of the Shakspearean verse was always intelligent and well considered, usually rhythmical and careful of the metrical structure, and, barring her frequent employment of the extreme upper tones of her speaking voice, was musical and agreeable to listen to. In action she was graceful, sprightly, and spirited, and, entering with zest into the funmaking, she won the favor of her auditors in all the scenes with Orlando in the forest. Only rarely was anything of Rosalind's seriousness of temperament suggested, however, and the hints of feminine modesty and shyness, which make Mme. Modjeska's Rosalind so gently refined in the first meeting with Orlando in the woods, was not noted in Miss Crosman's work last night. It is true she drew her cloak about her, but it was done by the comedienne, not by the Duke's daughter.

Miss Block was a pretty Celia, and acted the part with considerable appreciation of its playfulness and quiet roguery. Miss Alter was a sufficiently comely and silly Audrey and won laughter and applause for her work.

Of the men Mr. Malone has already been commended for his reading of the lines of Jacques. Mr. Kilgour played Orlando in the manner of the hero of modern melodrama and was ill at ease with the Shakspearean verse. Mr. Spencer's Touchstone was fairly acceptable, although the true spirit of this most refined of all the great bard's jesters was at no time strikingly reflected. Mr. Herbert merits a word of commendation for his work as Adam.

Edward Harrigan, after an absence of many seasons from the stage, is to return to it. But there will be no more of "Mulligan's Guards." He will not even retain the Irish dialect, for he is to play Uncle Tom in William A. Brady's revival of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," now on view in Boston.

Mrs. Carter has begun rehearsing for "Mme. du Barry," the play which she is to produce in Washington before the month is out. David Belasco says he wrote it, and M. Jean Richepin, a Parisian dramatist, makes the same contention. The courts will have to award the honors of authorship.

THE SLEEPING BEAUTY AND THE BEAST.

English Pantomime in Four Acts by J. Hickory Wood and Arthur Collins. Adapted for the American Stage

BY

JOHN J. McNALLY and J. CHEEVER GOODWIN

Presented at the Broadway Theater, New York, by Klaw & Erlanger's company, Nov. 4, 1901. The cast:

King Bardout	Harry Bulger
Queen Spadia	Charles J. Ross
Lena	Joseph Cawthorne
President Petit	John Fage
Doctor Squills	John Hyams
Imbarbus	Frank Ebert
Princess Beauty	Ella Snyder
Prince Charming	Viola Gillette
Malevolenta	Phoebe Coyne
Benevolenta	Nellie Thorne
Lord Joselyn	May Hengler
Flossie	Florence Hengler
Algie	Nora Cecil
Reggie	Jane Whitbeck
Johnnie	Annabelle Whitford
Freddie	Nina Fitzwilliams

Prince's chums.

Namouna	Elsie Lane

Columbine	Susie Rusholme
Eglantine	Kathryn Colvin
Violet	Pearl Landers
Daffodil	Lillian Hudson
Mignonette	Kittie Norman
Jessamine	Viola Kellogg

Fairy Godmothers.

Gwendoline	Myrtle Steele
Mariana	Susie Rusholme
Evelina	Pearl Andrews

Maids of Honor.

Maudie	Lella Lewis
Claudie	Virginia Voorhees
Dora	Anna Carr
Cora	Beasie Nassau
Nora	Maude Cummings

Guests at Aix-and-Pains.

Spirit of the Air	Nellie Reed

Dash	Jeanette Mozar
Flash	Lillian Rice

Witch's Sprites.

New York, Nov. 4.—[Special.]—A lot of grown-up youngsters had a sort of Christmas surprise in advance tonight, when there was unwrapped before them at the Broadway Theater a brand new edition of that good, old fairy story, "The Sleeping Beauty," in binding that had lots of gilt on it, and was full of beautiful colored pictures of the kind that big youngsters as well as little ones like. And though the story was told in any number of chapters—called scenes by the grown-ups—it was quite coherent throughout and followed the old-time way of the telling.

Much has been heard here from time to time of the Drury Lane fairy extravaganzas, and Klaw & Erlanger, in transferring the entertainment to this city, have succeeded in presenting an elaborate and pleasing spectacle. The resources of which specialists, musicians, ballet masters, scene painters, and costumers have been utilized to somewhat better advantage than is often the case where so many elements must enter in, and the result is entirely creditable to all.

The tableau ballet at the climax of the second act must be commended as one of the richest and most effective that have been projected for many seasons.

In an affair of this character the actors are not supposed to count for much, but there are several in the present cast who provide a good deal of boisterous, harmless fun. Joseph Cawthorn played Lena, the Princess' German nursemaid, with considerable unction, and sang the old nursery rhymes with new words suited to the times. He would probably have been singing them yet if the rhymes had not given out. Much the same thing may be said of Harry Bulger's Rip Van Winkle song. He played King Bardout, and had an able second in Charles J. Ross, who appeared as the Queen. Ella Snyder was Princess Beauty, and Viola Gillette a handsome Prince.

Amateur Musical Club.

The annual series of Artists' Recitals given under the management of the Amateur Musical club for the benefit of its members and the paying public began yesterday afternoon in Music Hall. A piano recital by Mme. Zeisler had been planned, but illness prevented that gifted artist from appearing, and a program of vocal music given by Max Heinrich and Miss Julia Heinrich was offered instead.

It was announced from the stage yesterday that Mme. Zeisler's appearance was not canceled, but merely deferred until a later date—probably Jan. 29—so no exception could be taken to the charge that made a song recital by "the Heinrichs" possible. The singers offered little in which they had not been heard before on one or more occasions. One does not recall having before heard Mr. Heinrich sing Schumann's "Ich sende einen Gruss," Cowen's "Snowflakes," or Mendelssohn's "The Hour of Dawn," but all his other selections were from his frequently used repertory. The three songs mentioned are in the dainty style of which he is consummate master, and his interpretation of them took place with his exquisitely complete delivery of Schumann's "Marienwuermchen," and Gounod's "It Is Not Always May."

Miss Heinrich revealed again yesterday the steady gain she is making along the emotional side of her art. Her voice, too, grows in richness, mellowness, and power, and she is rapidly coming to the fore as one of the ablest mezzo-sopranos the United States can boast. Selections not heard from her before were Foote's "Irish Folk Song," which scored the success it invariably does when well sung; an old English ballad, "Send Me a Lover, St. Valentine," and "An Idyll," by MacDowell.

Encores were demanded and granted after each of the solo groups, and recalls were the reward of the duets.

The program for the first concert by the Spiering Quartet will consist of Mozart's quartet in C major (Koechel, 465), songs by Schumann sung by Sidney Biden, a sonata (op. 26) for piano and 'cello, played by W. C. E. Seeboeck and Herman Diestel, and a waltz for string quartet by Friedrich Kiel.

THE WAY OF THE WORLD.

A Play in Five Acts.

BY

CLYDE FITCH.

Presented at the Victoria Theater, New York, by Elsie De Wolfe and Her Company, Nov. 4, 1901. The cast:

Mr. Croyden	Mr. Frank Mills
Mrs. Croyden	Miss Elsie de Wolfe
Mr. Nevill	Mr. Vincent Serrano
Mrs. Nevill	Miss Allison Skipworth
Mr. Lake	Mr. Harrison Hunter
Mrs. Lake	Mrs. Clara Bloodgood
Mr. Sturton	Mr. Frank Andrews
Mrs. Sturton	Miss Jane Holly
Mr. Farley	Mr. Joseph Phillips
Mrs. Farley	Miss Florence Duff
Bishop Young	Mr. Franklin Hesleigh
Mr. Craft	Mr. Henry Stokes

New York, Nov. 4.—[Special.]—The manners, modes, and morals of people who are rated in "Broad Street," which may be accepted as the "Burke's Peerage" of America, were exposed on the stage on the Victoria Theater this evening in a new drama by Clyde Fitch. Elsie De Wolfe thus made her local début as a star in a great counterfeit of society before a brilliant audience of smart people.

"The Way of the World" made a big and positive success, and large audiences will like it for months and months to come. But more than half the people who will make up this delighted multitude will not appreciate the technical skill, the triumph in that greatest form of dramatic art, the art that represents nature faithfully, yet so dramatically and absorbingly, that its clutch on the minds and hearts of the auditors is far more lasting if not momentarily firmer that that of the best of the unreal romances.

Mr. Fitch's plays deal with that class of society that makes the "Journal of Society" possible. The plot of "The Way of the World" suggests a paragraph in that paper, starting, "A well-known Union club man, who has just returned from Lenox, and a lady, who has entered the inner circle by way of Newport." The scandal at the Victoria this evening was quite different, and then, too, we knew the names of every one, and even met the people in their drawing rooms. At first it looked as if we could get only a distant view of them.

Mr. Fitch is the court dramatist for New York's smart set, which, Sarah Grand reminds us of last week, is absolutely distinctive from good society.

The parts played by Miss De Wolfe and Mrs. Bloodgood had been written for them, and the other actors had been selected to fit their rôles. Frank Mills, Vincent Serrano, Alison Skipworth, and Harrison Hunter were conspicuously excellent among the many who were admirable.

Miss De Wolfe acted with a womanly dignity and easy grace that helped to make her part dominant. Mrs. Bloodgood again exhibited a fine study of the sort of a woman who is now popular in modish society, and her part was so good and her performance so charmingly natural, yet expressive of the finest and most subtle points, that it placed her ahead of any in a company of unusual excellence.

In the first act of "The Way of the World," Clyde Fitch's characters carry on conversation with one another from automobiles. The two central personages. Mr. and Mrs. Croyden, go out riding in Central Park in their conveyance and the friends they meet come along in similar vehicles. A canvas that keeps moving in the rear of the stage gives the illusion that the automobiles are spinning along. The essential facts brought out by the act are that Mr. and Mrs. Croyden are childless and that Mr. Croyden is about to seek the candidacy for Governor on a reform ticket.

The relation of the two disclosures is apparent in the second act, a year later, when domestic as well as political slander threatens to ingulf the peace of Mr. Croyden. A son has been born and the enemies of Mr. Croyden question its paternity. Mr. Nevill, whose name is linked with the malicious gossip, is a cad of the first water, and he glories in the situation in which he is placed. Mrs. Croyden is innocent and unsuspicious, but she has received many attentions from Nevill, and appearances seem to compromise her slightly. Nevill's wife confronts her husband with the story, which has found its way into print, and he tells her to sue for divorce. Croyden overhears the conversation and demands a retraction of Nevill, but vainly. Then he wanders off into the night, careless of the approaching ceremonial of the christening of his son on the morrow. He remembers the next day in time to interrupt the christening and to refuse to have the boy named after him. This scene, a companion piece to the halted wedding of "The Moth and the Flame," comes at the end of the fourth act. The fifth and last act Croyden comes to his senses and is convinced of his wife's purity. He also is elected Governor.

The play was given its first presentation at Washington Oct. 15.

Sequel to Robin Hood a Hit.

De Koven & Smith's New Opera Produced for First Time Before an Enthusiastic Audience in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Messrs. De Koven and Smith have succeeded in their daring attempt to write a sequel to "Robin Hood." There was no disappointment at the Chestnut Street Opera-House tonight when "Maid Marian" was produced for the first time on any stage by the Bostonians. Mr. De Koven's music has melody, rhythm, and feeling, and that quality which is best described as "swing." Probably it would be too much to expect the same spontaneity and high variety of invention that characterized "Robin Hood."

It is not possible to give as high praise to Mr. Harry Smith's work. His story is conventional and somewhat clumsy and mechanical in construction; the dialogue is of but fair quality, though most of the lyrics are praiseworthy. Entrance and exits are not devised with the skill one should expect from such an experienced librettist. However, he succeeds in giving abundance of fun to Henry Clay Barnabee as our old friend the Sheriff of Nottingham and George Frothingham as the unrepentant Friar Tuck, and enables W. H. Macdonald to cut a heroic figure once more as Little John.

"THE HELMET OF NAVARRE."

An Adaptation of Bertha Runkle's Novel of That Name

BY

BERTHA RUNKLE AND LAWRENCE MARSTON.

Produced by Charles Dalton and Company, at Washington, D. C., Nov. 4, 1901. The cast:

Count Etienne de Mar	Charles Dalton
Felix Debroux	Morgan Coman
Captain Belin (Governor of Paris)	
	Mr. H. Laurens
Duke of Mayenne (head of the league)	
	Mr. George Wessells
Paul de Lorraine (nephew of Mayenne, but a spy known as Lucas, St. Quentin's secretary	Mr. Sheridan Block
Archbishop of Lyons	Mr. E. Roydon
Prince de Retz	Mr. Robert V. Ferguson
Champdeury (a dandy)	Mr. Frank H. Crane
Captain d'Auvray (Mayenne's household guard)	Mr. Arthur Barry
Notary	Mr. B. Arthur
First Kingsman	Mr. J. Paxton
Second Kingsman	Mr. E. A. Pike
Menard (an innkeeper)	Mr. Byron Ongley
Captain Canoy (a gallant friend of Etienne)	Mr. George Seybolt
Lackey	Mr. Charles Ongley
Captain of the City Guard	
	Mr. Lawrence Hascall
Officer Vernet	Mr. Stanley Fletcher
Duke of St. Quentin (father of Etienne)	Mr. Joseph W. Smiley
King Henry of Navarre	Mr. Roydon Erlynne
Princess de Rets (of the league)	
	Rose Eytinge
Blanche de Tavannes (friend of Lorraine)	Miss Eleanor Barry
Diane (lady of Mayenne's household, and spy of Mayenne)	Miss Eleanor Browning
Duchess of Mayenne	Mrs. E. F. Jordan
Madame Montpensier (sister of Mayenne)	Miss Elizabeth Fraser
Abbess	Miss Lillian Thacher
Lorance de Montluc (ward of Mayenne)	Miss Grace Elliston

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Charles Dalton, who was introduced as a star in a dramatisation of Bertha Runkle's novel, "The Helmet of Navarre," at the National Theater tonight, scored a decided success.

The effort of Mr. Dalton to demonstrate his right to be classed as worthy of the stellar prominence was highly creditable, and there were few defects common to first productions. The numerous outbursts of applause and the keen interest manifested by the audience in the fortunes of the heroic Etienne de Mar, as played by Mr. Dalton, were good evidence of the success of the piece from a popular viewpoint.

Persons who have a fondness for melodrama with a dash of stage romanticism will enjoy "The Helmet of Navarre." They will forget that the writers have overlooked the introduction of the supposedly necessary comedy element, for during the entire performance there is hardly an opportunity for a laugh. But there are enough thrilling scenes—some of the old-time melodramatic kind—for several plays, while of action there is a plenty.

Indeed, from the standpoint of the person who revels in the melodramatic, "The Helmet of Navarre" is one of the best things that has been offered to Washingtonians for some time.

There are in the Runkle-Marston play some admirable specimens of the scenic painter's art, the second act, the Three Lanterns Tavern, and the third act, representing the grand salon in the Hotel de Mayenne, being particularly elaborate. In the matter of costumes, too, the management of Mr. Dalton's venture has been prodigal, for more regal and varied garbs would be hard to imagine.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

For Illinois—Fair Tuesday, warmer in northern portion. Wednesday fair, warmer, light west to north winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: Nov. 4, 8 p. m.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	50	58	S.E.	....	Clear
Albany	44	56	S.E.	....	Clear
Alpena	28	34	W.	Tr.	Fair
Atlanta	42	50	N.W.	.28	Clear
Amarillo	40	50	W.	....	Clear
Battleford	20	30	Calm	.01	Clear
Bismarck	20	22	S.	....	Clo'dy
Buffalo	32	40	W.	.06	Clo'dy
Boston	42	48	N.E.	....	Clear
Cairo	40	48	N.E.	....	Clear
Calgary	32	38	W.	....	Fair
Charlotte	48	50	N.E.	.10	Rain
Cheyenne	22	44	S.E.	....	Fair
Chicago	30	34	N.E.	....	Clear
Cincinnati	38	34	N.W.	.22	Clear
Cleveland	30	32	S.W.	.58	Snow
Dodge City	36	56	S.E.	....	Clear
Davenport	24	28	N.W.	....	Fair
Denver	34	60	N.W.	....	Clear
Des Moines	24	32	N.W.	....	Clear
Detroit	28	30	W.	.20	Clo'dy
Dodge City	44	54	S.E.	....	Clear
Dubuque	20	24	N.W.	....	Clear
Duluth	20	20	N.W.	Tr.	Snow
El Paso	56	64	N.W.	....	Clear
Edmonton	18	24	Calm	.28	Clear
Galveston	58	60	N.	....	Clear
Grand Haven	28	30	W.	.01	Snow
Green Bay	24	26	W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Havre	36	50	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Helena	50	58	S.W.	....	Fair
Huron	22	26	S.	Tr.	Clear
Indianapolis	28	30	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Jacksonville	64	66	N.E.	.12	Clo'dy
Kansas City	36	40	E.	....	Clo'dy
Lander	46	58	W.	....	Clear
Little Rock	50	52	E.	....	Clear
Los Angeles	72	86	W.	....	Clear
Marquette	24	26	W.	.02	Snow
Memphis	48	52	N.E.	....	Clear
Medicine Hat	32	32	Calm	....	Fair
Milwaukee	24	28	W.	....	Clear
Montgomery	48	54	W.	.50	Clear
Montreal	44	54	W.	....	Fair
Nashville	40	44	N.	....	Clear
New Orleans	56	60	N.	.54	Clear
New York City	50	54	S.	....	Clear
Norfolk	54	58	N.E.	Tr.	Fair
North Platte	34	52	E.	....	Fair
Oklahoma	48	52	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Omaha	24	30	E.	.01	Snow
Oswego	40	44	W.	.60	Rain
Palestine	48	54	N.E.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	32	42	N.E.	.26	Clear
Philadelphia	52	58	N.W.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	32	40	N.W.	.26	Clear
Pueblo	54	64	S.E.	....	Clear
Qu'Appelle	20	22	E.	....	Clo'dy
Rapid City	34	50	N.E.	.06	Clear
San Francisco	70	72	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	36	38	N.E.	....	Clear
St. Paul	22	24	N.	Tr.	Clear
Salt Lake City	54	64	W.	....	Clear
Sault Ste. Marie	30	32	W.	.08	Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill	32	34	W.	....	Clear
Springfield, Mo	50	54	N.W.	....	Clear

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

Vicksburg	56	66	N.E.	Clear
Washington	46	54	N.W.	Clear
White River	34	40	N.	Snow
Williston	12	34	N.E.	Fr. Clear
Winnipeg	10	18	N.W.	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 48 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—6 a. m., 31; 9 a. m., 32; 10 a. m., 29; 11 a. m., 27; 12 m., 29; 1 p. m., 30; 2 p. m., 32; 3 p. m., 32. Barometer—6 a. m., 29.99; 1 p. m., 29.94.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the Health department:

Arnold, George W., 52; 930 W. Polk-st., Nov. 3.
Bellida, Elyia, 31; 230 Rose-st., Nov. 2.
Boettcher, Fred, 72; 140 Belvidere-st., Nov. 3.
Backus, Julia, 34; 200 Rush-st., Nov. 3.
Bradley, Peter M., 65; 127 Pine grove-av., Nov. 3.
Benson, James, 59; 4140 Union-av., Nov. 3.
Barry, John J., 32; 227 Plum-st., Nov. 3.
Casolo, Tomas, 42; 507 N. Ashland-av., Nov. 4.
Carroll, Catherine, 37; 541 W. 13th-st., Nov. 3.
Coughlin, Carrie, 1; 181 18th-st., Nov. 3.
Carr, James, 38; 230 Clark-st., Nov. 3.
Coogan, Thomas, 27; 2905 Archer-av., Nov. 3.
Davison, Mary, 1; 1056 Western-av., Nov. 3.
Dee, Abbie L., 33; 3720 Wabash-av., Nov. 3.
Farquhar, Charles, 40; 17 Eugenie-st., Nov. 4.
Gooley, Ellen, 80; 1459 Morgan-st., Nov. 3.
Holt, Maria, 60; 13244 Ontario-av., Nov. 3.
Hanaka, Binli, 26; 804 N. Spaulding-av., Nov. 3.
Haskell, George W., 57; 410 Ontario-st., Nov. 2.
Johnson, Martin, 44; 511 N. Winchester-av., Nov. 3.
Krumm, Josepha, 82; 13 20th-pl., Nov. 1.
Krumbiar, Mary, 56; 758 N. Leavitt-st., Nov. 2.
Lindsey, Thomas, 18; Cook County Hospital, Nov. 1.
Lawton, John W., 38; 439 W. 64th-st., Nov. 3.
Linner, Caroline M., 53; 80 Jackson-blvd., Nov. 3.
Leibrandt, Joan, 32; 3106 La Salle-st., Nov. 2.
Lax, Lillie, 6; 3410 Hermitage-av., Nov. 2.
Morrison, P. Y., 60; St. Anthony's Hospital, Nov. 1.
Meine, Katherine, 75; 622 14th-pl., Nov. 2.
Moulton, George A., 61; 378 E. North-av., Nov. 2.
Minow, Albert C., 35; 958 W. 35th-st., Nov. 2.
Maiz, Lonesli, 30; 912 N. Spaulding-av., Nov. 2.
Nyuko, Eva, 67; 179 Kraemer-st., Nov. 3.
Peterson, Stella, 8; 1782 Sherman-pl., Nov. 2.
Palmer, Henry C., 59; 3907 Prairie-av., Nov. 3.
Ryan, William, 64; 5508 Jefferson-av., Nov. 3.
Swiboda, Kasimir, 21; 6423 Superior-av., Nov. 2.
Seabrook, Louisa, 33; 1757 20th-st., Nov. 3.
Sullivan, William, 65; 2622 35th-st., Nov. 2.
Sweeney, Sarah, 8; 138 Oak-st., Nov. 2.
Schmitt, Mathias, 85; 311 W. 36th-pl., Nov. 1.
Swanson, Swan, 53; 169 Milton-av., Nov. 1.
Simon, John, 62; 61 Burling-st., Nov. 2.
Schilz, Kathrina, 50; 14 Johns-pl., Nov. 2.
Wensel, Clara, 3; 24 Bellevue-pl., Nov. 3.
Wright, Albert, 32; 249 W. Madison-st., Nov. 1.
Yeanah, Emmenia, 7; 129 Oak-st., Nov. 3.

DEATHS.

ADAMS—Clara, beloved wife of Moses Adams and mother of Frank, Amy, and Evelyn, in her 41st year. Funeral Wednesday at 1 p. m., from late residence, 5042 Grand-blvd., by carriages to Rosehill Cemetery.

ARNOLD—George W., aged 52, Nov. 3, beloved husband of Alice Arnold, nee French. Member of Ben Franklin Council No. 72, National Union. Funeral services at 930 W. Polk-st. Wednesday, at 1 o'clock. Interment at Forest Home.

ADAMS—Nov. 4, 1901, Eliza Graham, wife of Charles L. Adams. Funeral private, from residence 3251 Michigan-av., Thursday at 2 p. m. New York and Denver papers please copy.

BEIN—Simon, beloved husband of Henriette Bein, father of the late Dr. William Bein, Max, Herman, and Dr. Alfred Bein. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 6, 1901, at 12 p. m., to Free Sons' Cemetery.

DEE—Nov. 3, 1901, Abbie L. Dee, beloved wife of William E. Dee, and daughter of Simon and Margaret O'Donnell. Funeral Wednesday, 10 a. m., from residence, 3720 Wabash-av. High mass at St. Elizabeth's Church for the repose of her soul. Burial at Mount Olivet, by carriages.

FIELD—At Denver, Colo., Nov. 2, 1901, Mabel Benard Field, wife of Charles Field, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Walton. Funeral services Wednesday, Nov. 6, 11 a. m., at residence 4740 Drexel-blvd. Clifton (Ill.) papers please copy.

GLAVIN—John A., dearly-beloved son of Thomas and Annie Glavin (nee Broderick), brother of Mrs. A. Foley, Mrs. R. Walsh, Sadie, Edmund, Michael, Thomas, and Harry Glavin. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 9:30 a. m., from his late residence, 1328 Washington-blvd., to St. Mathew's Church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

GARBER—Nov. 4, 1901, at the home of his parents at Lyons, Ill., George Edward, youngest son of William and Jennie Haywood Garber, aged 7 years and 4 months. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 6, 1901, at 2 p. m.

HASKELL—George W., at his residence, 410 E. Ontario-st., Nov. 3, 1901. Funeral services at the residence Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 1 p. m. Interment at Rosehill.

LAWTON—Nov. 3, John W., Lawton, 439 W. 64th-st. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 10 a. m. Interment at Mount Hope.

MARTIN—Mrs. Elizabeth, aged 71 years and 10 months. Funeral Tuesday, 1 o'clock sharp, from 854 S. Sawyer-av.

NIMAM—Nov. 4, 1901, Addie E. Nimam, née Hiestand, wife of Charles Nimam, at the Passavant Memorial Hospital. Notice of funeral later.

RYAN—William, aged 64 years, Nov. 2, beloved husband of Margaret Ryan (nee O'Donoghue), and brother of Michael, Ryan and Bridget Burns. Funeral Tuesday, Nov. 5, at 8:30 a. m., from his late residence, corner Jefferson-av. and 55th-st., to St. Thomas' Church, where solemn high mass will be celebrated. By carriages to Mount Olivet Cemetery.

REEGER—Edgar Percival, at Ithaca, N. Y. Funeral notice later.

SULLIVAN—William, beloved husband of Johanna Sullivan (nee Powers), father of Mrs. Celia Reidy, Mrs. Margaret Hennessey, and

GOPHERS DEFEAT KANSAS INDIANS.

Game Is Played on a Snow-Covered Field in Freezing Weather.

FINAL SCORE IS 28 TO 0.

Minnesota Team Plays in the Best Form Shown This Season—Excels in Punting.

MUELLER IS IN THE LINEUP.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—With the ground frozen and covered with snow and the thermometer 10° below freezing the giant Gophers defeated the Redmen from Kansas to the tune of 28 to 0. The game was fast from start to finish, and the Indians deserve great credit for the fight they put up. Shortly before the close of the first half they tore up the Minnesota line as no team has done before and forced the ball to the seventeen-yard line before time was called. With this exception the Gopher goal line was at no time in danger.

Mueller, whom it was thought would not be seen in the game again, was played at his old position. Since no protest has yet been filed against him, and as the Haskell Indians are not included in the "big nine," Dr. Williams let him play. He bucked against Redwater, the big Carlisle guard, and the two giants were well matched. Redwater was the larger, but Mueller played the better football.

In punting the Gophers far excelled their opponents, gaining from ten to thirty yards on each exchange of punts. On several occasions Minnesota broke through the line and blocked kicks. Barring fumbles, which must be expected when playing in snow, the Gophers put up the best game of the season. They played hard and fast. The interference was good and the men followed it well. A formation which brings guard and tackle back and where one end carries the ball around the other end seemed to net five or ten yards for the Gophers on nearly every attempt. The propensity to start before the ball was in play cost the Indians ten yards on six occasions. Minnesota was also penalized several times for the same offense.

Phil King for the third time this fall journeyed to Minneapolis to see how the Gophers win games. He seems anxious over the outcome of the Minnesota-Wisconsin game, which takes place in less than two weeks. Hoyt, the Minnesota end of 1900, was played at his old position and carried off the honors for his team. He made several long gains, including a forty-yard run after the kickoff.

Rogers, the Indian end of the Gophers, was with his friends again and showed them some of the new tricks he had learned since he joined the Minnesota team. He was played against his old friend, Archiquette, and proved the better player. Lafans was the surest ground-gainer of the day, although he had no long runs to his credit. For the Indians, their ends, Captain Archiquette and Felix, carried off the honors. They are both fast men. Fallis, at left half, was also in every play and carried the ball for good gains. Miguel, although slow in punting, played a fierce game and bucked the line like a fiend.

A small band of a dozen Indian rooters did their best to cheer their braves on to victory with war whoops of every description. Lineup:

Haskell Indians.		Minnesota.	
R. E.	Archiquette, Capt.	Rogers	L. E.
R. T.	Pee	Oliver	L. T.
R. G.	Dubois	Flynn	L. G.
C.	Carl	Page	C.
L. G.	Redwater	Mueller, Strathorn	R. G.
L. T.	Blaine	Sune	R. T.
L. E.	Felix	Hoyt	R. E.
Q. B.	Bent	Doble	Q. B.
R. H.	Dugan	Thorpe	L. H.
L. H.	Fallis	Lafans	R. H.
F. B.	Miguel	Knowlton, Capt.	F. B.

Place and date—Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 4. Touchdowns—Hoyt, Lafans, Thorpe, Fee, Rogers. Referee—Phil King, Michigan. Umpire—McDonald of Michigan. Time of halves—35 minutes.

WORK OF THE EASTERN ELEVENS

Harvard and Yale Indulge in Vigorous Practice—New Haven Team Is Given a Shakeup.

Harvard and Yale did vigorous practice yesterday, while Princeton had light work. Reports from the Eastern teams follow:

HARVARD.

With only two more days to practice in previous to the Pennsylvania game, the Harvard varsity eleven started in to get into condition for that contest. The majority of the old men were in the lineup, the only noticeable absentee being Kernan, who suffered a slight sprain on Saturday. He is on crutches now, but expects to be in shape for the battle with Pennsylvania. Biagden, the regular left tackle, has recovered sufficiently to play, and he was used a good deal on the tackles back. The scrub eleven had the ball during the greater part of the afternoon, as the varsity was being trained to break up the Pennsylvania guards back formation plays. Captain Campbell blocked one of the latter kicks, and took the ball over the line for a touchdown. The varsity practice on Tuesday and Wednesday will be long and severe. On Thursday there will be signal work only, after which the team will leave for Philadelphia.

AT YALE.

Yale's eleven was shaken from its foundations because of its slump at West Point. The principal explosion was in the downfall of the popular hero, Clarence Weymouth, who was pulled out of the back field of the varsity and sent back into the line, where he formerly played at Rockford. He was installed at right tackle on the scrubs. Pitted against Hamlin he had hard work to hold his own. As a last resource, in the hunt to find a punter, Captain Charley Gould was taken from the position of end and while he has played all his life. He was given full back. Gould is positively the only Yale player who seems capable of punting. He booked the oval forty yards, which is ten yards better than the Yale record for this fall. Gould's former position at left end was given to Rafferty, the last year's veteran, who had been crowded out by Swan, Wilhelmi, Chadwick, and Desaulles were retained in their old positions. Their work was constantly ragged and the coaches shouted wildly but ineffectually for improvement. Horan was again made a mark by the coaches, his slowness breaking up many attempts to advance. Bill Rhoden, Captain of the 1901 eleven, arrived to take charge of the tackles. Frank Butterworth took charge of the full backs and Harmon Gieves, 1898, the half backs.

AT PRINCETON.

The practice was light. Many of the men are still bruised and sore from the effects of Saturday's game, and in view of the hard game to be played with West Point on Saturday the coaches laid off several of the players. The chief point in the practice was the drill in kicking. Cornell's success in blocking Dr. Witt's kicking led the coaches to attempt to strengthen the defensive formation for punts. A strong scrub was formed and for fifteen minutes both teams endeavored to block the punts. During the entire period not a kick was missed. De Witt tried several place kicks, but all the attempts were unsuccessful. He managed to drop kick a goal from the seventy-yard line. W. H. Bannard, 1898, was on the field.

Carrollton, 10; South Dakota, 0.

Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 4.—The University of South Dakota eleven was defeated today by Carrollton College team of Faribault, Minn., by a score of 10 to 0. The Minnesotans kicked two goals from the field.

BLUE OUTLOOK FOR MAROONS.

Stagg Tries Several Candidates for the Back Positions—Captain Sheldon Is Improved.

Coach Stagg's maroons took their first practice by electric light last night behind the canvas walls back of the east bleachers. It was the first preparation for the Northwestern game, which every one but Stagg and his team now concede to the purple. The time was spent mostly in line scrimmaging and signal work, in which three sets of backs were used, to give all a chance, because of the injuries to Sheldon and Horton and Perkins' bad arm. In all eleven men were used in the back field, but Stagg said at the end that there was not one who showed the qualities of an aggressive line plunger. Several might make good, he said, but seemed to lack the nerve.

The maroon situation is critical. There is hardly a chance that Captain Sheldon will be in the lineup, and it is also doubtful whether Horton's knee will permit him to play more than part of the contest, if at all. Stagg expected yesterday that Horton would play, leaving Perkins and Atwood to make up the others, but he is all at sea as to any substitutes for any of these three. Scrimmages will begin today, and secret practice will continue all week.

Captain Sheldon was still confined to his bed yesterday, but Dr. Bayard Holmes and Dr. J. E. Raycroft, who are handling the case, pronounced him out of any serious danger. Although he talked over and planned Saturday's game with Stagg and expects to play, it is almost certain he will not be strong enough after being in bed for several days. In the absence of Sheldon's parents in the East, his sister, Mrs. Elgnus, arrived yesterday morning from the family home at Forrest, Ill., but will return today unless there is a change for the worse. The maroon captain received several boxes of flowers, but one bunch of American beauty roses was given the place of honor and brought blushes from the plucky little player.

PURPLE GETS READY TO YELL.

Northwestern Students Are Preparing for a Great Demonstration Over Next Saturday's Chicago Game.

At a meeting of the Northwestern University students yesterday morning after chapel preliminary arrangements for the rooting at the Chicago-Northwestern game were made. Over a thousand students have signified their intention of attendance. It is intended to give an exhibition of rooting such as has never been seen in the West. H. G. Smith, President of the Athletic association; M. J. Reed, and F. H. West were appointed a committee to arrange the details. The rooters will leave Evanston on the noon train of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad and arrive at the Wells Street Station about 1 o'clock. Headed by the university band, which is practicing special music, they will march to the Dental School, Madison and Franklin streets, then to the Law School in the Central Y. M. C. A. Building, and thence to the Dearborn street station of the Monon railroad. There the students will take a special train to Twenty-sixth street and march to the Medical and Pharmacy Schools, Twenty-fourth and Dearborn streets. The entire delegation will march from there to Marshall Field. The Board of Management has asked for appropriate songs, to be submitted to the committee on Wednesday.

Light Work for Michigan.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Ralph Hoagland, who umpired the game on Saturday between Michigan and the Indians, said after the game that the Wolverine players were stale. It is rather early in the season for a stale team, and Yost will work his men easily this week. The whole team was out for practice, with the exception of Left End Redden, who was the only Michigan man forced to leave the game on account of injuries. His injury is not serious. The practice consisted simply of running through signals and a sprint.

Badgers Prepare for Minnesota.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Practice this afternoon was unusually light, consisting of but fifteen minutes of signal work. Only about half of the regulars were out. Coach King, Captain Curtis, Larson, and Lerum left last night for Minneapolis in order to see the game between Minnesota and the Haskell Indians. Hard work, in preparation for the Minnesota game, will be resumed upon Coach King's return.

AFTER HEIDRICK AND WALLACE.

National League Makes Tempting Offers to Payers Who Have Signed with Rival League.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Messrs. Heidrick and Wallace of the St. Louis baseball team, who jumped to the American league some weeks ago, held a conference here this afternoon with Manager Pat Donovan. The latter offered both men superb terms to return to the old league. Wallace, they say, was to get the Captaincy and $5,000 per year. The men asked that the matter go over until tomorrow. They want to consult lawyers. It is thought both are tied up with the American league and that it will be useless for Donovan to try to reclaim them.

Tangle Over the Detroit Club.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Unless some of James D. Burns' friends come to his rescue with about $30,000 shortly, the Detroit ball club is apt to pass into the hands of Samuel Floyd Angus, a capitalist, who to railroad man and former baggage agent. Angus today holds 50 per cent of the stock of the corporation as a collateral for $15,500 advanced on Saturday to discharge a note held by the Peninsular Savings Bank. Attorneys Hamner and Hamner have $2,500, or 5 per cent of the stock, between them, and John B. Fitzpatrick of the Avenue Theater has as much more. The quartet controls the situation, and the financier of the club are in such a mess that all parties desire an immediate settlement. Ban Johnson is expected shortly to straighten out the tangle. Burns and Stallings claim to have made $16,000 net last season, but where the money went to is a mystery. It is possible Stallings may enlist the capital to pay the obligation to Angus and others and become practically sole owner of the club, although few believe this will occur.

Hart Would Not Leave Local Club.

President Jim Hart set at rest all rumors concerning the Presidency of the National league yesterday by declaring emphatically that his duty to the local club would not permit him to accept the position were it offered, which he said was a remote possibility. This declaration came out in a conversation in which Walter Spalding, brother and partner of A. G. Spalding, was concerned. Mr. Spalding is here on business connected with sporting goods and called on Mr. Hart, although both declared the visit had no significance. The former asked not to be quoted on baseball, although expressing the opinion that his brother would hardly consider becoming executive of the National league even if asked.

Dahlen Gets Advance Money.

New York, Nov. 4.—[Special.]—William F. Dahlen, admitted by many to be one of the best, if not the best, shortstops in the country, signed with the Brooklyn club today. C. H. Ebbets, the President of the club, was highly elated at signing the player and believes several of the other stars who have been holding out will follow Dahlen's example before long. Dahlen was reported to have signed with the Chicago club of the American league.

South Bend Players Sign.

South Bend, Ind., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Two more South Bend men have been advanced to the big leagues, Pitcher George Mullin having signed with Detroit, and George Fuller, who caught Mullin for three years, going to Brooklyn. Both men are star players and have batted above the 300 mark for two seasons. Cincinnati and Brooklyn tried to land Mullin.

Ban Johnson Goes to Detroit.

President Ban Johnson of the American league left last night for Detroit to straighten out the tangle which has arisen there. He would not discuss the situation until he had learned the full facts, but said he expected everything to turn out all right.

MEETING OF CENTRAL A. A. U.

Annual Indoor Meet Will Be Held in Milwaukee—W. H. Liginger Re-elected President.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 4.—The Central Amateur Athletic Union voted tonight to hold the annual indoor championship meeting in Milwaukee about March 1.

Walter H. Liginger of Milwaukee was re-elected President for the ensuing year. The other officers are: Vice President, John McLachlan, Pullman, Ill.; secretary-treasurer, Dr. George K. Hermann, Chicago; official handicapper, C. O. Duplessis, Chicago. W. H. Liginger was also elected chairman of the Athletic committee in connection with the annual meet.

The following were elected delegates to the national convention in New York: John McLachlan, Pullman, Ill.; Peter F. Murphy, Milwaukee; Dr. George K. Hermann, Chicago; Walter H. Liginger, Milwaukee; C. H. Brugger, Fond du Lac; W. F. Lipps, Chicago. Alternates: T. A. Watson, Fond du Lac; Robert Tinsley, Pullman; E. J. Ryan, Detroit; James T. Fitzsimmons, Milwaukee; W. M. Ball, Milwaukee; E. C. Plotsky, Fond du Lac.

The application of Harry Gill of Coldwater, Ont., to have his suspension considered was refused. The case will now have to come before the national body. Twenty delegates, representing nine clubs in the association, attended the meeting.

The Olympic club of Milwaukee and Naval Reserve of Chicago were dropped from the association.

The report of the treasurer showed the association to be in a prosperous condition.

Bowling Results.

DRUG TRADE LEAGUE.

Parke, Davis & Co.	727	758	775
A. M. Foster & Co.	758	694	722
Sharpe & Smith	738	674	680
Sargent & Co.	747	751	694
Lord, Owen & Co.	694	694	707
Buck & Rayner	695	638	709

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS.

Koppenheimer & Co.	818	563	824
Kohn Bros.	862	661	706

BOWLING MARK AGAIN LOWERED.

Peter Howley Averages 235 in Three Contests in the Chicago League.

BETTER THAN HASELHUHN

Despite This Good Performance the Tosettis Get Two Games Out of Three.

OTHER WORK ON THE ALLEYS

Peter Howley rolled phenomenally in the Chicago league last night, averaging 235, for Thompson's Colts, against the Tosetti team. His figures are now a record for the league, Haselhuhn having been the previous holder, with 232 1-3. The Colts lost two games to the Tosettis, the second by the narrow margin of one pin.

Brill and his men of the Hofmann team went at a fast clip, and easily won three games from the Lincoln Cyclists. Scores:

CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Tosettis.	1.	2.	3.	Thomp's C.	1.	2.	3.
Bangart	190	183	171	Thompson	170	205	198
Haselhuhn	213	172	185	Howley	244	254	227
Bender	180	183	161	Taylor	192	179	197
Wood	169	243	190	Graf	188	196	170
McLaugh'n	223	180	197	Alten	185	160	204
Totals	984	975	904	Totals	919	974	906

Hofmanns.	1.	2.	3.	Line'n C. C.	1.	2.	3.
Waller	197	194	457	Altman	206	167	145
Forch	176	216	186	Ritchie	183	148	161
Jones	202	207	211	Ehle	220	175	160
Chisholm	188	171	102	Jaquith	172	175	156
Brill	223	190	213	Griffith	126	169	158
Totals	986	979	959	Totals	787	837	780

MARINE LEAGUE.

Shamrocks.	1.	2.	3.	Calumets.	1.	2.	3.
Mayer	146	156	158	Bedeker	196	177	157
Sturm	158	163	111	Bender	205	180	191
F. Lindauer	166	167	160	Parke	204	174	180
L. Lindauer	165	132	113	Hart	152	170	171
F. Berry	156	125	185	Melody	187	175	171
Totals	783	703	728	Totals	804	876	825

SOUTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Standards.	1.	2.	3.	Armours.	1.	2.	3.
Funston	203	170	162	Bohlke	167	216	174
James	146	162	167	O. Miller	99	127	119
Hahn	176	180	167	Bishop	153	166	126
Sheerer	135	162	167	W. Miller	150	192	205
Drehick	157	177	146	Rooney	151	154	204
Totals	817	834	824	Totals	710	825	779

PHOENIX LEAGUE.

Lee Royals.	1.	2.	3.	Gillams.	1.	2.	3.
Lee	143	187	180	Burke	157	126	125
Kinney	140	210	219	Irwin	173	162	154
Enderle	127	132	158	Dermar	158	182	102
McAtee	136	195	197	Feltherf't	130	124	155
Beckwith	146	185	174	Stebbins	105	130	139
Totals	722	848	868	Totals	622	686	673

STOCK-YARDS LEAGUE.

Climax.	1.	2.	3.	Levy's Stars.	1.	2.	3.
Y. Gorge	146	169	160	Rost	171	210	191
Hunerbein	142	153	175	Eastman	158	194	176
Gore	151	130	141	Blakney	211	143	132
Chouinard	178	161	201	Gould	148	154	140
H. J. Delst.	156	151	173	Burke	149	201	175
Totals	782	816	863	Totals	831	901	811

COLUMBIAN KNIGHTS LEAGUE.

Pinson.	1.	2.	3.	Olympia.	1.	2.	3.
Schmidt	211	168	162	Urban	149	206	154
Fleming	148	164	152	Schaller	147	168	179
Hummel	170	176	158	Redlich	147	148	162
Johnson	144	173	193	Menzel	175	161	207
Hall	202	204	300	Sage	215	192	160
Totals	911	849	909	Totals	793	873	903

SOUTH SIDE LEAGUE.

Jackson Pk.	1.	2.	3.	Woodlawn P.	1.	2.	3.
Woodbury	174	160	205	Leonard	184	178	158
Brady	170	182	162	Courtright	170	182	160
Rickert	146	169	169	Stevenson	158	153	170
Sandmayer	181	157	154	Wagner	178	174	142
Collier	186	182	160	McMillan	132	147	174
Totals	856	815	874	Totals	772	828	837

The Metropolitan league was added to the charmed circle of organizations that can boast of a score in the four figures list last night when the Atlas team, with a nice collection of scores, amassed a total of 1,009. Scores:

Atlas.	1.	2.	3.	Remnants.	1.	2.	3.
A. McBryde	171	215	180	Yore	149	168	129
Scotsman	168	220	150	Prideway	158	180	184
Bangham	148	158	161	Johnson	127	163	
W. McBryde	180	191	179	E. Wood			192
W. Krueger	142	198	172	Curry	198	157	159
				Steel	177	188	210
Totals	818	1009	840	Totals	806	788	874

WEST CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Tropics.	1.	2.	3.	Madison.	1.	2.	3.
Bangart	171	163	183	Dahmke	179	164	192
Haselhuhn	216	189	161	Dickey	137	166	181
P. Eddy	202	187	191	Hofmann	171	155	156
Wood	195	207	180	Bernard	156	183	168
McLaughlin	205	161	201	E. Kelly	187	173	173
Totals	989	907	965	Totals	830	859	895

STOCK-YARDS LEAGUE.

Webers.	1.	2.	3.	O'Learys.	1.	2.	3.
Kintz	168	178	130	J. Solesky	150	202	157
Spencer	146	148	158	Wolf	149	161	161
Fisher	169	172	190	Joyce	164	151	180
Dr. Reedy	151	168	156	Jno. Solesky	161	138	190
Weber	175	151	165	Mahoney	116	196	179
Totals	808	817	786	Totals	740	842	814

SOUTHWEST LEAGUE.

Southwest.	1.	2.	3.	Metropol'n.	1.	2.	3.
Schultz	151	197	153	Gaudinger	120	192	163
Herberts	146	147	183	Fuelgrat	171	156	162
Schubert	134	186	170	Schilio	162	154	133
Funk	168	178	141	Wilson	158	179	199
E. Ruther	147	151	172	L. Buss	169	143	157
Totals	766	855	843	Totals	781	791	776

MILLINERY LEAGUE.

Keith & Co.	1.	2.	3.	G. Br. & Co.	1.	2.	3.
Atwood	182	148	162	Walker	144	190	156
Kondelik	153	163	144	Schmidt	143	149	160
Theibault	141	152	177	Alfer	122	162	196
Ruster	127	182	142	Weir	147	127	196
Walker	130	168	195	Zimmerm'n	178	190	178
Totals	733	816	808	Totals	734	761	876

WEST SIDE CLUB LEAGUE.

La Salle.	1.	2.	3.	Avenue.	1.	2.	3.
Doolittle	190	151	197	Herrick	129	203	156
Chaimer	202	190	205	Harvey	149	127	
Adee	144	186	136	Williams			131
W. Schmidt	182	178	140	Wells	165	154	125
Burton	159	192	150	Wyman	148	157	130
				Haben	152	174	155
Totals	919	899	865	Totals	778	767	703

WHITE CITY LEAGUE.

Grands.	1.	2.	3.	R. Riders.	1.	2.	3.
E. Schmidt	181	136	148	Dickey	164	186	187
Borg	144	160	130	Bernard	157	146	201
Leonard	146	176	176	Ransom	165	166	236
Johnston	194	171	202	Ayers	191	245	176
Kloes	176	200	188	Moore	140	136	170
Totals	822	895	863	Totals	817	777	810

SHERIDAN LEAGUE.

Plaza.	1.	2.	3.	Melrose.	1.	2.	3.
Ludwig	180	179	130	A. Visser	130	138	165
Ostenfeldt	159	194	197	J. Kanits	195	215	170
Thirsk	194	184	190	Murphy	196	163	150
Huhn	157	176	184	J. Vieser	144	183	176
Jaeger	206	170	201	Weppner	183	185	157
Totals	868	893	914	Totals	777	879	798

Argyle.	1.	2.	3.	City.	1.	2.	3.
Winslow	171	228	159	Hartman	165	182	215
Peters	175	197	143	Fors	146	211	151
Easley	198	197	163	Goels	146	141	135
Hunter	232	127	172	Weinold	200	170	150
Stretch	166	177	193	Snyder	207	161	197
Totals	910	896	829	Totals	844	865	871

GARFIELD PARK LEAGUE.

Columbia.	1.	2.	3.	Garfields.	1.	2.	3.
Kirkpatr'k	122	149	173	G. Ditt	197	164	124
Stibbs	149	152	169	Brace	145	211	151
Sherman	147	189	147	T. Ditt	132	129	122
Bauman	179	158	148	Cox	151	154	152
Schaefer	247	200	185	Hanson	151	160	135
Totals	844	853	813	Totals	695	795	674

HARDWARE LEAGUE.

Orr & Loc't	1.	2.	3.	G. B. Car'r	1.	2.	3.
Anderson	126	142	134	Sallander	148	162	211
Lippert	134	154	158	Galbraith	190	130	125
McElroy	197	159	167	Hanson	130	109	178
Udell	166	125	150	Le Roux	144	128	141
Lacmaer	128	144	124	Seaburg	190	160	179
Totals	711	708	733	Totals	712	679	774

Hib. Spen'r.	1.	2.	3.	Vaag'n & B.	1.	2.	3.
Schaim	179	145	188	Anderson	181	182	202
Klose	152	177	160	Fry	149	150	143
Tyschman	194	141	141	Williams	157	157	123
Joy	118	154	153	Stensrud	133	158	178
Baring	129	208	164	Cooley	186	176	156
Totals	762	806	812	Totals	772	803	794

TELEPHONE LEAGUE.

Treasurers.	1.	2.	3.	Maintenance.	1.	2.	3.
Boyd	127	116	164	McLaug'n	139	156	146
Rigeman	169	176	156	Klein	121	110	141
Hansen	148	212	132	Baldwin	125	148	131
Hansen	148	142	169	Schreiber	136	126	125
Mayer	107	186	144	Roberts	158	171	131
Totals	820	833	765	Totals	652	711	674

STAR LEAGUE.

Musillers.	1.	2.	3.	Stars.	1.	2.	3.
Virdez	178	175	201	Walker	160	204	145
Stoefer	178	178	180	Schmidt	160	188	182
Rothermel	164	180	191	Pasdeloup	210	176	140
McHill	146	114	151	Lewis	182	179	199
Mosher	147	190	158	Worden	158	161	179
Totals	811	812	881	Totals	894	908	845

De Pauw, 30; Vincennes, 0.

Greencastle, Ind., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—The De Pauw team had an easy time with Vincennes College eleven this afternoon, winning by a score of 30 to 0.

The Scientific Production

of a laxative of known value and distinctive action is rapidly growing in public favor, along with the many other material improvements of the age. The many

who are well informed

must understand quite clearly, that in order to meet the above conditions a laxative should be wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance, with its component parts simple and wholesome and it should act pleasantly and gently without disturbing the natural functions in any way. The laxative which fulfils most perfectly the requirements, in the highest degree, is

Syrup of Figs

The sale of millions of bottles annually for many years past, and the universal satisfaction which it has given confirm the claim we make, that it possesses the qualities which commend it to public favor.

Its Excellence

is due to the originality and simplicity of the combination and also to the method of manufacture, which is known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and which ensures that perfect purity and uniformity of product essential to the ideal home laxative. In order to get

Its Beneficial Effects

always buy the genuine and note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. In the process of manufacturing figs are used as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal.

Louisville, Ky. New York, N.Y.

For sale by all druggists — Price fifty cents per bottle.

HARRY FORBES A WINNER.

SUBSTITUTED FOR HIS BROTHER CLARENCE, HE DEFEATS ATTEL.

California Lad Has All the Better of the Early Milling at St. Louis, but Chicagoan Improves and Gradually Wears His Man Down and Gets the Decision—Keefe Makes a Good Showing Against Rausch at the Twenty-second Ward Athletic Club.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Harry Forbes of Chicago, substituted for his brother Clarence, won the decision over Abe Attel of California in their fifteen-round contest at West End Athletic club tonight.

Harry went on at short notice and was compelled to make the weight, 116 pounds, inside of forty-eight hours, and was none too strong. Attel, it will be remembered, won a decision on points against George Dixon last Monday night, and, judging from the weak manner in which he delivered some of his blows on that occasion, it was thought Harry would score an easy victory, but the Attel against Dixon and the Attel against Forbes were two different boys. Tonight he carried steam in abundance in both mitts, and had Harry clearly to the bad at the end of the second round. The Californian set a fearful pace and undoubtedly surprised the Chicago boy, as the latter fought wildly and with poor judgment.

Abe began proceedings as soon as he reached the center of the ring in the opening round by slashing away with both hands. Harry, of course, was compelled to follow suit, and the round was one continual performance of fast fighting.

The second round was a repetition of the first. Head and body blows with both hands were scored too rapidly to keep track of. First one, then another, would have the upper hand. About the middle of the round Abe shot in several right-hand body jolts which evidently distressed Forbes, as he slowed down perceptibly and went to the floor from exhaustion. Abe looked a winner all over, and the crowd to a man stood up and yelled like wild men. The pace during the two rounds was the fastest ever witnessed in St. Louis, and the boys felt its effects as they slowed down a bit in the third. Still, the round was gingery enough. The lead lasted until the end of the fourth round.

In the fifth Harry, with a well-directed right, jarred Abe, and, sailing in pell mell, had a fair shade the better of the round. From this point on it was nip and tuck, the boys going at top speed, and at the end of the tenth round it was a tossup. The eleventh round was Harry's best. He landed repeatedly, and about thirty seconds before the bell he staggered Abe with a right one on the jaw. Harry, quick to see the condition of his opponent, went at him hammer and tongs. He rushed him into a corner, poured hot shot at Abe's head and body, and had him on the verge of collapse, when clang went the gong, and the chance for a knockout had vanished.

Forbes followed up the advantage gained in the eleventh by starting in with both hands, and, although Attel made a game stand and countered hard and often, Harry had a good margin at the gong. Abe went to the canvass in the thirteenth, claiming he had been struck low. He arose at four and limped around the ring as if he had injured his ankle. He stuck to his work, however, and gained the applause of the crowd for his gameness. The last two rounds were clearly Harry's, and, although he had Abe weary, he could not put him away.

Harry took down the long end of the money, but he was compelled to fight his best to do so.

Young Carrie and Young Carey of Chicago went eight rounds to a draw in the preliminary, which was a warm affair throughout.

Clarence Forbes in a Street Row.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 4.—The reason Clarence Forbes did not keep his engagement tonight to fight Abe Attell was that he was injured late last night in a street row. He and his brother Harry became engaged in a fight with George Baptiste the wrestler and Henry Abken, a local athlete, and in the mêlée Clarence Forbes was knocked unconscious and so seriously hurt he could not fulfill his engagement.

KEEFE MAKES A GOOD SHOWING.

Fights a Draw with Maurice Rausch at the Twenty-second Ward Athletic Club Show.

Jack Keefe, one of the best bantams seen in Chicago for some time, fought Maurice Rausch six fast rounds to a draw at Barry's handball court last night. The match was the windup and fourth bout on the program given by the Twenty-second Ward Athletic club, and was a clever exhibition from start to finish.

The six-round semi-windup was at 135 pounds for the Gilmore medal, between Harry Walsh of Canada and Jack Rowe of Chicago. The fight went the limit, and the referee called it a draw. The two preliminaries were between Jack Reed and Harry Rohan and Adam Ryan and Kid Fink. In the former bout Rohan put his face into a hard left uppercut and took the count, but when he recovered the fight was resumed, no decision being awarded at the end.

Keefe is scarcely over 18 years of age, and his muscles have not yet assumed form. From the start he and Rausch went at each other hammer and tongs, Rausch forcing the fighting in the first round. Keefe came back at him strongly, and with right uppercuts evened up matters. In the second and third round Rausch fought for the body, Keefe paying more attention to his opponent's head. These two rounds were Keefe's, but in the last three rounds Rausch was so aggressive that Referee Charley Burns called it a draw.

JEFFRIES IN FINE SHAPE.

May Leave Harbins Springs and Finish Training at Oakland—Is Careful of His Hands.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—It is probable that Jeffries will come down from Harbins Springs in Lake County, where he has been training, to Oakland. Jeff's backers here are afraid that he will be injured in his cross-country runs, now that he has given up sparring, as Jeff is like a big boy, and will take any risks when out on the road. From latest accounts Jeff is in great form, weighing about ten pounds under full weight and hard as nails. His only fear is of his hands, and because of this he quit sparring last week.

Ruhlin is also in the pink of condition at Balanke's roadhouse, six miles below the city, on the ocean beach. He spends most of his time in the open air. Ruhlin gave an exhibition of fancy sparring last Friday night at Redwood City, and those who saw him say he was in great form and light on his feet.

In regard to ring rules, it is probable hitting will be allowed when one arm is free, but holding and hitting at the same time will be barred.

Notes of the Fighters.

Kenosha, Wis., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Joe Percents of this city, and Eddie Santry, former featherweight champion, have signed articles of agreement for a six-round fight to be pulled off at Sheboygan on Nov. 21.

Manager Gilmore announced that the windup for next Monday night at the Twenty-second Ward Athletic

O'CONNOR RIDES IN CALIFORNIA.

Featherstone Jockey Starts Out Successfully at the Oakland Track.

GOOD FINISH ON BEDECK.

Miracle II. Beats Older Horses in a Mile and a Sixteenth Event at Lakeside.

OTHER EVENTS ON THE TURF.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Excitement over the approaching election affected the attendance at Oakland today. An exceptionally good card was prepared, and the crowd exceeded 2,500.

Winnie O'Connor arrived last night and donned silk today. His mounts were handsomely backed as usual, and he received a cordial reception when he landed the first tiring Dedeck winner of the fourth race by sheer force of his strong finish. The betting was faster and heavier than on the opening day.

Impromptu so far outclassed his company in the first race that even money looked like a good price against him. Cousin Carrie opened a big lead and it looked dubious for the favorite, who was badly placed, cut off, and miserably managed by Birkenruth. In the last sixteenth he got through and won by a scant half length.

St. Phillipina, piloted by O'Connor, was installed a hot choice in the next race. After Rubino made most of the running Evea G. caught him and won handily by a length. St. Sever was third. The favorite stopped suddenly after staying close up throughout.

John McGurk, on reports of fast workouts and his good form at Chicago, found ready supporters in the third, for which Bonnie Lassak was made favorite. McGurk was good enough to win despite a wretched ride. O'Connor nearly stole the race with old Free Lance, who beat Essence four lengths for the place.

Hard Knot, reckoned best of the five going in the fourth, landed outside the money. Greenbrook was the way almost to the wire. Dedeck got up under a hard drive and won by a length. Goldone was third.

Princess Titania, backed from 3 to 1 down to 6 to 5, was the first real hot thing of the meeting and couldn't have lost with a fair start or a capable ride. After breaking behind the field Birkenruth messed the filly about generally and was then beaten only a half length by Coming Event, who carried a deal of wise money. Nona B. beat Censor for third money.

Impromptu was run up $700 after winning the first race and retained by F. W. Doss.

First race, 6 furlongs, selling—Impromptu, 9 to 10, 1st; Winnie Carrie, 20 to 1, second; Midnight Chimes, 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:13½.

Second race, Futurity course, selling—Eve G., 8 to 1, 1st; Richie, 3 to 1, second; St. Sever, 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:11⅘.

Third race, 1 mile and 100 yards, selling—John McGurk, 6 to 1, won; Free Lance, 7 to 1, second; Essence, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:47⅘.

Fourth race, 1 mile, selling—Dedeck, 9 to 5, won; Greenbrook, 3 to 1, second; Gold Ore, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:41⅘.

Fifth race, 1 mile and a furlong, purse—Autolette, 9 to 5, won; Nancy Hanks, 6 to 1, second; Lavato, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:58⅗.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Coming Event, 7 to 10, 1st; Titania, 3 to 5, second; Nona B., 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:14⅘.

Today's Entries.

First race, 6 furlongs—Gold Baron, McNanamara, Katie Walcott, 107 pounds; Ned Dennis, Blanche Shepherd, 105; Locally wag, 106; Firelight II., Sugden, 100; Bonitara, 104; San Wado, 112.

Second race, 1 mile—Lode Star, Lady Maddison, Lao Bingler, Mortgage, Alma, H. F. Mason, 109; John McGurk, El Orito, Pasmona, 100; Bedner, Tony Lepping, 103; Joe Hook, 112.

Third race, 5½ furlongs—Yankee Dam, Hainault, Rolany, Jerry Edwards, Duke of Richelieu, Bourbon King and Royalty, 103; Flourish, 110; Commissioner Forster, 110; Riviva Cruse, 107.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs, free handicap—Varro, 96 pounds; Flush of Gold, Brutal, 393; Sir Dougal, 109; Mechanus, 104; Jadico, 104.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Obia, 100 pounds; Sir Hampton, 107; Morinel, 104; Flying Torpedo, 90.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs—Nona B., 109 pounds; Rinaldo, 107; Flamero, 111; Alfred C., 114; Gibraltar, 113; Sea Lion, 116; Bob Palmer, 106.

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ANOTHER VICTORY FOR MIRACLE

Bradley Two-Year-Old Easily Beats Searcher in a Race at a Mile and a Sixteenth.

Lakeside racetrack looked natural yesterday for the first time during the fall meeting. The wintry weather drove many of the spectators inside the stand, behind the glass front.

The races were without especial feature, the most interesting event probably being another victory by the Bradley 2-year-old. Miracle II., over older horses in a race over a distance of ground. The event was at a mile and a sixteenth, and Searcher, 102, with Coburn in the saddle, was a 1 to 2 favorite. Miracle, carrying 74, was the only other horse backed to win, and he went to the front early and never left the issue in doubt, defeating the favorite by nearly three lengths, with the others beaten off.

Miracle's successes have caused some to predict that Bradley had in him a possible successor to Robert Waddell, but this opinion is rather hasty. Robert Waddell was many pounds better at this time last year than Miracle is and had speed of vastly better quality.

Lakeside Summaries Nov. 4.

Weather clear, track fast.

First race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400, 2-year-olds, maidens:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
4-1	Imp. Shea, 110 [Basinger]	2½	2½	2½	2½	1nk
20-1	The Sheriff, 107 [Sasse]	5	5	5	4½	2
6-5	Dulcimer, 113 [J. Wink'ld]	1½	1½	1½	1½	3

Time, 1:08 3-5. Dandelo, 103 pounds [Hope]; Lawrence, 94, 104½ pounds [Purvear, 109 [Harshberger]; Ashbrook, 99 [T. Meade]; Crescent City, 107½ [Dominick]; Zibia, 100 [Coburn]; The Rabbit, 107 [J. Hicks]; Jane Smiley, 115 [Rice], finished as named. Winner, J. J. McCarthy's b. c., by Inspector II.—Miss Modish. Start good. Won easily. Dulcimer was going well at the end. Ashbrook and Crescent City showed early speed.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Bedeck, 106 [Dom'k]	3½	3½	3½	2½	1nk
3-1	Greenbrook, 112 [Basing'r]	1½	1½	1½	1½	2
3-1	Gold Ore, 108 [Hope]	2½	2½	2½	3½	3
3-1	Tom Kingsley, 109 [Coburn]	4½	4½	4½	4½	4
3-1	Little Jack Horner, 104 [Otis]	5	5	5	5	5

Time, 1:07 3-5. Sandfield, 107 [Townsend]; Alaura, 102 [Townsend]; and Edna Berger, 104 [Helgeson]; and Edna Berger, 104 [Helgeson]; finished as named. Winner, Bedeck Stable's b. g., by Bay Rose—Mollie Jones. Bedeck won easily. Sea Queen finished stoutly. Little Jack Horner always outrun.

Third race, 1 mile and 100 yards, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Free Lance, 107 [Dom'k]	2½	2½	2½	2½	1nk
3-1	Bonnie Lassak, 102 [Hab'r]	1½	1½	1½	1½	2
3-1	Essence, 102 [Helgeson]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:47 3-5. Evelyn Byrd, 100 pounds [Dom'k]; Hengen, 107 [Rice]; Red Apple, 97 [Rice]; Miss Bringer, 103 [Winn]; 92 [D. Mitchell]; Miss Hicks, 106 [J. Hicks]; Miss Conrad, 104 [Otis]; Frank Ireland, 98 [Hope]; Nyx, 107 [Helgeson], finished as named. Winner, W. Cahill's b. h., by Apache—My Badge. Excellent start. Won easily. Lord Roberts came fast at the end. Red Apple ran well for six furlongs. Miss Conrad and Nyx showed early speed. The winner was run up to $800 and bought in.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $500:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Miracle II., 74 [W. Knapp]	2½	2½	2½	2½	1nk
3-1	Searcher, 102 [Coburn]	1½	1½	1½	1½	2
3-1	Lavato, 101 [Otis]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:48 3-5. Fay the Fiddler, 105½ pounds [Helgeson], finished as named. Winner, Bradley's ch. g., by Miracle—Annie L. Start. Won easily. Won in a mild canter. Searcher showed early speed.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 100 yards, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Autolette, 96 [Davison]	2½	2½	2½	2½	1nk
3-1	Nancy Hanks, 102 [H'sh'berg]	1½	1½	1½	1½	2
3-1	Lavato, 102 [Helgeson]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:48 3-5. Charley Moore, 108 pounds [Rice]; Star Cotton, 96 [T. Meade]; Myth, 98 [Dominick]; Sea Lion, 106 [J. Hicks]; Sam Reg., 101 [Otis]; Kentucky Babe, 100 [Hope]; and Facemaker, 103 [Townsend], finished as named. Winner, Burdeau's ch. m., by Miss Rye. Good start. Won in a mild canter. Star Cotton ran well for six furlongs.

Sixth race, 1 mile, purse $400, $75 to second, $25 to third. 2-year-olds and upward, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Havill II., 104 [Dibble]	2½	2½	2½	2½	1nk
3-1	Philphia, 94 [Hope]	1½	1½	1½	1½	2
3-1	Zach, 107 [Otis]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:48. Disturber, 105 pounds [Mounce]; Annie Thompson, 98 [T. Burns]; Lady Chorister, 92 [Wilkerson]; and Piedernich, 92 [Cochran], finished as named. Winner, br. g., by Barnes—Betty W. Start fair. Won easily. Annie Thompson showed speed for seven furlongs. Piedernich fell off poorly. Third race, 5½ furlongs, $400 added, 2-year-olds, maidens:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-1	Dewey, 112 [Cochran]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
3-1	Early Eve, 100 [L. Smith]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2
25-1	Genesco, 109 [Brennan]	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:08. Anak, 113 pounds [Bullman]; Sparkle, 109 [Woodery]; Firing Buttress, 113 [Shaw]; Emma L., 104 [Dumas]; Dorsetia, 104 [Black]; Golden, 113 [Rookey]; Major Daniels, 113 [Doggett]; King Edward, 112 [Redfern]; Federal, 109 [McDinell]; Swamplands, 113 [Miles]; and Riddance, 109 [Thompson], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Sam Sister to Uncle Bob. Start fair. Won driving. Dewey was given a lucky start. Genesco was crowded out of position at the start, and closed a tremendous gap. Sparkle made up ten lengths on the passmaker. Firing Buttress failed in the last quarter.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, $500 added, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
9-5	Bowen, 100 [Wonderly]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
3-1	Sweet Touch, 101 [Dunn]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2
8-1	Alard, 93 [Creamer]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:48 1-5. Eloin, 104 pounds [Booker]; Aston, 99 [Shea]; Royal Sterling, 108 [Cochran]; and Tyr Sheen, 100 [Elliott], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Wawekus—Hindoogam. Start straggling. Won handily. Bowen greatly improved his position from a bad start. Astor had no chance at the start. Royal Sterling went a fast three-quarters.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, $500 added, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-5	Joy Maker, 101 [Redfern]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
3-1	Ponsolica, 103 [Wonderly]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2
7-1	Arrah Gowan, 101 [Booker]	3½	3½	4½	3½	3

Time, 1:48 2-5. Meistersinger, 103 pounds [Brennan]; Alheola, 94 [Shea]; Playlike, 102 [Thompson]; Tenagra, 99 [L. Smith]; Hayward Hunter, 90 [Wilkerson]; Batyah, 102 [Creamer]; and Blue Ridge, 90 [Cochran], finished as named. Winner, ch. g., by Kentaka—Joya. Start fair. Won driving. Joy Maker, off poorly, closed a big gap. Ponsolica received a lucky start. Tenagra quit unaccountably.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, $400 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
5-2	Maroteo, 90 [Wonderly]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
7-1	Kingstelle, 94 [Redfern]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2
30-1	Surprise, 94 [Shea]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:47 3-5. Kimberly, 97 pounds [A. Webber]; Cherished, 97 [Fitzgerald]; Bountiona, 100 [McGinn]; Glade, 100 [Cochran]; Ringleader, 102 [Brennan]; Poseles, 100 [Booker]; Templeton, 100 [L. Smith]; I Know, 94 [Thompson]; and Mayor Gilroy, 102 [L. Burns], finished as named. Winner, ch. c., by Esther—Mary K. Start bad. Won driving. Maroteo beat the gates and barely lasted. Surprise, finishing like a whirlwind, after being nearly left, and handled by an incompetent boy, must have been much the best. Cherished was practically left.

Aqueduct Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, selling—Glennellie, 109 pounds; Saturnus, 105; Coral Sterling, 107; Morocanta, 107; Bald Knight, 107; Candling, 107; Cormorant, 107; Alpaca, 106; Songster, 104; Gertrude Lodge, 104; Seattle, 104; Sadducee, 104; Avatar, 104; Federalist, 104; Snark, 104; Malden, 103; Brandy Smash, 102; Cherries, 99; Ondurdis, 99; In Shot, 99.

Second race, 1 mile and 70 yards, 3-year-olds, selling—Anecdote, 108 pounds; Black Dick, 109; Lamp o' Gold, 106; Jack McGinn, 106; Rappenecker, 106; Ethics, 106; The Rogue, 106; Lady Chorister, 105; Nitrate, 101; Punctual, 98; Curtsey, 98; Pleasant Sail, 98.

Third race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, the Winfield Handicap, $700 added—Major Daingerfield, 123 pounds; Honolulu, 115; Albert, 114; Fame Sole, 113; Fay Excellence, 111; G. Whittier, 108; Mossined, 107; Exile Scout, 103; Neither One, 103; Lady Hollyrood, 100; Dewey, 100; Rightaway, 100; Carroll D., 99; Ben Howard, 90.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, the Idlewild Handicap, $700 added—Imp, 126 pounds; Louisville, 117; The Rhymer, 116; El Finian, 115; Potente, 110; Paul Clifford, 110; Safeguard, 107; Gold Heels, 100; Handicapper, 98; Baronche, 95; Andy Williams, 90.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs, 3-year-olds, maidens, selling—First Fiddler, 107; Sincure, 104; Iridescent, 104; Hot, 102; Deadly Night Shade, 101; May ..., 101; Missile, 101; Emma L. M., 101; Little Arrow, 101; Leander, 101; Macatrissa, 99; Leslie Bruce, 98; Drop Light, 98; Chickasaw, 98; Gaylord, 98; Buccasunna, 98; Lemoyne, 98; Trilon, 96; Francois, 93.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling—Hammock, 112 pounds; Lucky Star, 107; Harry McCoun, 106; Whistling Con, 106; Dr. Riddle, 106; Bondman, 106; Astor, 105; Big Gun, 103.

Long Shots Win at Latonia.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 4.—The victory of Guerdon at Latonia today was a big surprise. The horse was a rank outsider in the betting and entirely overlooked by the talent. He got off in front and was never headed. Eleanor Holmes again proved her right to the title of queen of the hurdlers by taking the jumping race in a gallop over a muddy track. Weather cold. Attendance large. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Guerdon, 30 to 1, won; Reefer, 7 to 2, second; Margaret Ellen, 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:20¾.

Second race, 5½ furlongs—Mamie English, 4 to 1, won; Lady Brockway, 10 to 1, second; Myrtle Dell, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:12.

Third race, 1¼ miles, hurdle handicap—Eleanor Holmes, 3 to 1, won; Sauber, 5 to 1, second; Jim Blackburn, 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:38.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles, selling—Pretty Rosie, 3 to 1, won; Barboe, 9 to 2, second; Charley Shane, 30 to 1, third. Time, 2:04½.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Archie, 2 to 1, won; Circus, 6 to 1, second; Booster, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:20¾.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Flop, 2 to 1, won; Velma Clark, 3 to 2, second; Sad Sam, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:19⅘.

Billings Track Is Full Mile.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—On account of recent rumors, purporting to make the new mile course of the Memphis Trotting association short of the regulation mile, the local representative of C. K. G. Billings, owner of the track, has caused a second official measurement to be made. The figures show the track proper is exactly one mile and one inch in circumference. The establishment of fourteen new world's records and the setting of new marks by twenty or more pacers and trotters at the recent circuit meeting gave rise to the rumor that the track was not a mile in length.

Tuesday's Lakeside Entries.

First race, ¾ mile:

Henry of Trastamere	109	Mattie Bassr	99
If You Dare	104	Siren Song	99
Light Ball	104	Boomerack	97
Wayward Boy	104	Harry Herenden	97

Second race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds:

Pyrrho	110	Bragg	105
Pronta	107	Golden Glitter	102
John A. Clarke	105	Woodwink	102
Duke of Connaught	105	Autumn Leaves	102
Lou Woods	105		

Third race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds:

W. J. Debos	112	Dorothy Lee	97
Telamon	112	Lady Idris	97
Robert Waddell	106		

Fourth race, 1 mile and 100 yards, handicap:

Gonfalon	105	Lennep	100
Rolling Boer	105	Odnor	95
Hermencia	104	Searcher	95
Orontas	102	W. J. Debos	93

Fifth race, 1 mile, 2-year-olds, selling:

Amote	108	Wing Dance	98
Miracle II.	108	Marcos	97
Dandoia	102	Tripp	90
Miss Hume	100	Tom Wallace	91
Lyabeth	98	The Way	91

Sixth race, 1 3-16 miles, selling:

Admetus	103	Tammany Chief	96
El Ghor	102	Asim	94
Moroni	99	The Jefferson	92
Joe Gammage	97	Little Singer	92
Fox Bard	97	Maneuvrist	91
Papa Harry	97	Uncle Tom	86
Banish	96	Mary Moore	83

ONE MORE IN CHAIN OF DEATH.

Another Man Nursed by Miss Toppan Said to Have Expired While Under Her Care.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—It was learned today that six or seven years ago William T. Nichols, father of George L. Nichols, at whose home Miss Jane Toppan was arrested last Wednesday night, died in this town after having been nursed by Miss Toppan. The cause of death was given as Bright's disease. Dr. William H. W. Hinds was the attending physician. Dr. Hinds says that until Miss Toppan's arrest he never had the slightest suspicion but that the death was from natural causes.

Including the above the number of mysterious deaths so far discovered, all patients of Miss Toppan, is twelve.

Notwithstanding all these deaths, the circumstances of some of which are considered suspicious, the opinion grows that the case against Miss Toppan is weak. One State officer admitted today that as yet no evidence had been discovered on which he believed Miss Toppan could be convicted of the murder of Mrs. Mary E. Gibbs.

OLD YALE GRADUATE DIES.

The Rev. Kinsley Twining of Morristown, N. J., Taken Ill at Bicentennial, Expires Suddenly.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—The Rev. Kinsley Twining of Morristown, N. J., died suddenly of heart disease today at the residence of his sister, Miss Eliza Twining, on Prospect Hill.

Dr. Twining came here to attend the Yale bicentennial, and was taken ill at the close of the celebration. He was 69 years old, and was graduated from Yale as a member of the famous class of 1853. For many years he was literary editor of the New York Independent. He was the author of several religious books. He left a widow and three children. He was a cousin of President Hadley of Yale.

Dr. Twining is the second member of the class of '53 whose death has occurred since the bicentennial. The other was Dr. William M. Hudson of Hartford.

OBITUARY.

MRS. LOUISE O. WEST, wife of President Roy O. West of the Board of Review, died at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mrs. West was formerly Miss Louise Owen Augustus of Paris, Ill. Her father, H. W. Augustus, is one of the oldest and best known of the citizens of that town. She was married to Mr. West in June, 1898. The remains will be taken to Paris early this morning and the interment will be on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. The services will be conducted by the pastor of the Christian Church of Paris.

GEORGE W. HASKELL will be buried at 1 p. m. tomorrow from the residence, 410 East Ontario street. The interment will be at Rosehill. Mr. Haskell, who died on Sunday, had been connected with the wholesale establishment of Marshall Field & Co. for thirty years.

For your stomach's sake take Alma-Bromo (effervescent) Salt. Cleanses the whole intestinal tract—cures constipation.

MORE TURFMEN FORGIVEN

WESTERN JOCKEY CLUB REINSTATES NUMBER OF HORSEMEN.

Owners and Trainers Are Restored to Good Standing and a Resolution Is Adopted Saying No Further Violations of the Rules Will Be Passed Over—Many Additions to the List of Jockeys—Change Is Made in the Steeplechase Regulations.

The stewards of the Western Jockey club got busy again yesterday and as a result another large grist of reinstatements was ground out. Nearly all of them are horsemen who have taken part in races at the Turf Congress tracks. The horses of the men restored to standing have been reinstated. Following is a list of the owners reinstated yesterday:

F. G. Altman, E. J. Arnold and L. A. Gill, M. F. Bonner, George Bowen, R. C. Bray, R. H. Clark, Bowen & Carl, J. C. Daniels, N. Dyment, T. E. Dyer, C. and J. Finn, Mrs. Louise Finney, J. F. Finley, W. W. Finn, Mrs. Louise Finney, J. F. Gay, M. A. Mulhall, L. Glenn, N. E. Grassmuck, Edith Graves, Henderson & Monahan, Hopkins & Sons, J. F. Hirth, J. Hogan, V. S. Hosmer & W. Johnson, Dr. George D. Kelly, J. Holer, J. McAleaster, Paul McGuire, J. H. Mc-Cue, Charles Medlin, W. P. Parker, J. H. Medlin, George Neal, K. D. Orr, C. E. Patterson, Moody, Schwarzendahl, J. Schwarzendahl, Smith, D. J. Snow, Thomas C. Stephens, J. M. Stokes, Stubbs Bros., John J. Sullivan, John W. Thompson, Turpin Bros., R. R. Williams, L. A. Willis, E. F. Wright, William Bernhardt, and Theodore Bernhardt.

Owners and trainers—L. Chaumett, P. J. Gorman, Paul Jones, W. L. Thornton, Rodger Minton, H. W. Nutter, Charles Roberts, J. Roberts, J. H. Tangle, T. Yarwin, Jr., James A. Watson, U. S. Wishard, W. A. Right.

Trainers—Thomas Miles, T. M. Magee, Henry Grazmuck, F. Hughes, C. M. Jaeger, R. Pirtle, G. W. McCarthy, T. Ramsey, and Henry Medlin.

Jockeys—D. Barringer, J. Battiste, T. Boland, M. Dade, W. Dale, A. Finley, H. Grantland, Thomas Green, J. Higgins, J. W. Hothersall, D. E. Lindsay, M. Lowe, O. Moon, W. Mooney, J. Reeder, A. Seamands, G. Stevens, C. Winderstrand, R. Ellis, L. Thompson, T. Banks, W. Higgins, T. Moody, B. Garle, C. H. Davis, Ilder.

Cigales and Aules, property of L. J. Bellew; Ignis, property of L. B. Cunningham; Dalkeith and Ravensburg, property of H. Z. Dearmand; Elisa Dillon, property of Mrs. M. Goldblatt; Cordome, property of T. F. Gormley; Colonel Crane, property of J. Hoffman; Bonnivard, property of F. W. Koenig; Fryna, property of Joseph E. McDonald; Infallible, property of Dr. B. McQueen; Vesper, property of John Condon; Lakeside Cup, property of Charles J. Parker; San Domingo, property of Rossell & Jones; Ida Hewlett and Martin Burns, property of W. H. Sayre; Fairytale, property of George R. Smith.

The following disqualified persons and horses were reinstated on condition that forfeits now in hand of the forfeit clerk be paid:

W. H. Fizer, owner; T. Kiley, trainer; T. O'Brien, jockey; the horses Tickful, Soundly, Utero, Menace, Miss Golightly, Beana, Tennie F., Lord Neville, Ben Hempstead, Ida Ledford, Sue Johnson, Winnora, Colonel Stone, Swordsman, Tom Collins, Felix Bard, Lena A. A. Foster and W. S. Brumfield, owners; L. Abel, jockey; the horses Wiggins, Libbie, M. S. Hughes, owner; H. Helter, trainer; the horses Lady Callahan, Bell of Elgin, Lita Lee, Normas, Eight Bells, W. C. Hutchinson and J. W. Robertson, owners; the horses Mary Fuqua, Kitty Gray, and entirely Iona, T. B. Watts, Al Watts, S. H. Jones, and R. S. Plunkett, owners; the horses Hobart, Deveree, Van Cleave, George Lee, Lady Felix, Doctor W. Fremont Sloan, trainer.

Applications of J. Dyment, trainer, and George Schill, jockey, for reinstatement were denied. Licenses were granted as follows:

Apprentices—William Furst and Samuel Crabb.

Jockeys—T. Bisping, L. Burris, W. Butler, S. Cogswell, J. M. Gormley, A. Minder, Philip Post.

Trainers—H. Babbitt, E. H. Barnes, C. Childs, Ira Cox, T. S. Crabb, R. Crowhurst, Edward Dealy, Hume Desha, L. B. Fitzgerald, E. E. Farley, Walter Straley, G. W. Ionas, Jacquemin, M. Louden, H. G. Hariman, J. W. Naylor, N. Regan, O. P. Remigh, Will H. Sayre, John Shotwell, S. T. Smith, C. Taylor, J. E. Thornton, Walter Wells, J. J. Younker Jr.

The following applications for license were passed for future action:

Jockey—James Cannon.

Trainers—William Gabriel, William Gleason, William Hickman, Fred Lusader, J. Liddil, W. Redmond, Robert Steel.

One important change was made in the rules. Rule No. 4 of the steeplechase and hurdle race rules was amended by striking out the words: "No purse of less than $300 shall be given at any meeting where these rules apply."

The following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, That no reinstatements will hereafter be made of persons or horses who continue in violation of the rules of the Western Jockey club."

CHINNS ARE NOW IMPLICATED.

Trainer O'Brien's Testimony in the Lexington Scandal Casts Reflections on the Kentuckians.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—The mass-meeting of the breeders here this afternoon appointed a committee to watch for developments in the Chinn-O'Brien turf scandal and to bring the matter before the grand jury. The report of the committee appointed last week to investigate the moving of the three-eighths pole was read and adopted with much discussion, it being finally decided that from the evidence Dan O'Brien, the trainer of the colt which Mr. Mackay was negotiating for, was the only man they could recommend to be expelled by the turf authorities, and a committee was appointed to bring the matter to the notice of the turf authorities in proper shape.

The evidence, which will be published in full, brings out many startling points. After it was read in the meeting the breeders at once turned down a proposition to exonerate Colonel Jack Chinn and his son Phil. It was argued that the publication of the evidence would leave the matter in the hands of the public as to these men, and argued further that the same evidence would in itself exonerate the owners of the colt from any connection with the scandal.

The evidence of Dan O'Brien tells how the money was to be split up with the Chinns and how he had said to one of them that there would have to be some cheating done. This caused much discussion and the appointment of the committee for bringing the matter before the grand jury.

CLOSE FINISHES AT AQUEDUCT.

May W. at 15 to 1 Is Beaten Only in the Last Jump by Unmasked—Other Races.

New York, Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Five out of six races at Aqueduct today resulted in head finishes of such a thrilling nature that the crowd was up on tiptoe. So close was the finish between Marothen and Kingstelle in the last race that the spectators did not know the winner until the former's number was hoisted. Three favorites were victorious, and Wonderly rode three winners.

The feature of the card was the Woodmere Handicap, for all ages, at seven furlongs. The blue pencil was drawn through the names of ten, which left a field of eleven. Ben MacDhui was a warm favorite at 2 to 5. Unmasked was played quite heavily at 6 to 1 by shrewd bettors, including J. J. McCafferty, who is said to have put $1,000 across the board.

The start was good, and when the crowd saw May W., 15 to 1, running out in front two lengths ahead of the favorite it was quickly realized a mistake had been made in allowing the Eagle Plume mare to get away in view of her good race last Friday. Ben MacDhui could not catch May W. at all, but at the head of the stretch Burns, who had been rating Unmasked along in third place, began to ride the Domino gelding so vigorously that May W. was under Slack's whip at the last sixteenth pole. With every stride after that the Eagle Plume mare was overhauled until, in the last jump, Unmasked defeated her by a head in 1:27 flat. Ben MacDhui was third, half a length before Lady Sterling.

Aqueduct Summaries Nov. 4.

First race, ¾ mile, the Woodmere handicap, $700 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-1	Unmasked, 110 [T. Burns]	4½	3½	2½	1½	1
15-1	May W., 112 [Slack]	1½	1½	1½	2½	2
7-5	Ben MacDhui, 108 [Shaw]	5	2½	2½	3½	3

Time, 1:27 2-5. Lady Sterling, 97 pounds [Redfern]; Mary Worth, 97 [Coehran]; Otho, 100 [Bookert]; Belle of Troy, 128 [L. Smith]; Latson, 115 [Mounce]; Demurrer, 110 [Garrigan]; Louisville, 122 [Bullman]; and Wanna, 92 [R. Henderson], finished as named. Winner, br. g., by Domino—Mere Mention. Start straggling. Won driving. May W., with careful handling, would have won. Ben MacDhui showed the whits feather. Otis got off poorly.

Second race, 1 mile and 70 yards, $500 added, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
8-5	Trebor, 108 [Wonderly]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
15-5	Mercer, 102 [Redfern]	3½	3½	3½	2½	2
7-2	Fatalist, 106 [T. Burns]	2½	2½	2½	3½	3

Time, 1:48. Disturber, 105 pounds [Mounce]; Annie Thompson, 98 [T. Burns]; Lady Chorister, 92 [Wilkerson]; and Piedernich, 92 [Cochran], finished as named. Winner, br. g., by Barnes—Betty W. Start fair. Won easily. Annie Thompson showed speed for seven furlongs. Piedernich fell off poorly. Third race, 5½ furlongs, $400 added, 2-year-olds, maidens:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-1	Dewey, 112 [Cochran]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
3-1	Early Eve, 100 [L. Smith]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2
25-1	Genesco, 109 [Brennan]	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:08. Anak, 113 pounds [Bullman]; Sparkle, 109 [Woodery]; Firing Buttress, 113 [Shaw]; Emma L., 104 [Dumas]; Dorsetia, 104 [Black]; Golden, 113 [Rookey]; Major Daniels, 113 [Doggett]; King Edward, 112 [Redfern]; Federal, 109 [McDinell]; Swamplands, 113 [Miles]; and Riddance, 109 [Thompson], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Sam Sister to Uncle Bob. Start fair. Won driving. Dewey was given a lucky start. Genesco was crowded out of position at the start, and closed a tremendous gap. Sparkle made up ten lengths on the passmaker. Firing Buttress failed in the last quarter.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, $500 added, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
9-5	Bowen, 100 [Wonderly]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
3-1	Sweet Touch, 101 [Dunn]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2
8-1	Alard, 93 [Creamer]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:48 1-5. Eloin, 104 pounds [Booker]; Aston, 99 [Shea]; Royal Sterling, 108 [Cochran]; and Tyr Sheen, 100 [Elliott], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Wawekus—Hindoogam. Start straggling. Won handily. Bowen greatly improved his position from a bad start. Astor had no chance at the start. Royal Sterling went a fast three-quarters.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, $500 added, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-5	Joy Maker, 101 [Redfern]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
3-1	Ponsolica, 103 [Wonderly]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2
7-1	Arrah Gowan, 101 [Booker]	3½	3½	4½	3½	3

Time, 1:48 2-5. Meistersinger, 103 pounds [Brennan]; Alhe

Resume of today's page advertisement.

A talk about your furs—Warm winter underwear at saving prices—Sale of aprons—Hygienic corset waists—Cloaks for the baby—Exact reproductions of Oriental rugs—Long coats.

MANDEL'S DAILY STORE NEWS

Whatever you buy at Mandel's you can depend upon.

Special points of interest in Mandel's store.

In our French room on the second floor we show all the latest Paris creations in women's apparel. There's something new there almost every day. Don't overlook this room for smart style hints.

Mandel's editorial comment.

Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1901.

The Mandel methods have reduced the cost to the consumer of the better grades of merchandise until there's no longer even the excuse of economy in buying inferior qualities. On the other hand, no one will hesitate to patronize our great sales because prices are low. Reliable qualities are the only kind admitted to our stocks; everything has passed under the searchlight of a rigid inspection.

We consider it our enviable distinction to have the best patronized bargain basement in Chicago.

How well and how favorably we have entrenched ourselves in the consensus of public opinion is daily proven by the continued growth of our business and the expansion of our stores.

It takes more than brag and bluster to retain patronage—it takes genuine, reliable bargains.

It is a fact acknowledged by the elite of Chicago that if you want real style-elegance you must go to Mandel's—and we can save money on every purchase.

Warm winter underwear at saving prices.

As near perfection as underwear can be made. That's the condition we insisted upon when we negotiated with the makers for our "Perfect Brand" of women's underwear.

We went to the best mills in the country—we were not willing to take a single chance. We could make more on underwear that looks about as well, but Mandel's reputation is staked upon the **"Perfect Brand."** It's our exclusive make, and the intrinsic value must equal the outward appearance in every respect.

Women's perfect shaped vests—¾ Australian wool, heavy weight—fine silk crochet edges down fronts and around necks—also tights or drawers to match—unequaled at the price, **$1.**

For 1.50 we offer women's perfect shaped silk and wool vests—hand crochet silk edges—French yoke band drawers to match—natural and white.

An excellent value in our women's perfect all-wool equestrienne tights in fast black—ankle length—extra fine yarn—at $1.

Last but not least, we call attention to our perfect union suits for women—fine Australian merino, buttons down front or across chest, the acme of perfection, at 1.50.

Basement—39c for women's jersey ribbed vests and drawers—the 50c quality.

The hygienic corset waist.

There are over ten millions of dollars' worth of corsets made in the United States every year, and yet there are a good many women who do not wear any.

There are elderly women who find them too great a strain; there are invalid women who want something easier; there are growing girls who are not allowed to wear them, and there is an increasingly large contingent of women sound of body who won't wear them.

Besides, many who do wear the corset outside like something more easy in their own rooms. For all these women, these wonders in corset waists which we want to show you have been contrived.

The waists are as comfortable as the renowned Mother Hubbard, or a night robe—pliable, yielding to all the natural movements of the wearer, yet they define the waist-line and hips and give the conventional form.

There are buttons for attaching undergarments and garters so that there will be no weight from the hips or waist, but only from the shoulders.

They are as laundryable as a handkerchief and as dainty as the pretty corsets—high or low necks as desired.

The whalebones are removable so that just as many may be retained as desired. There are especial patterns with lacings down the front for maternity purposes, and for the woman with a full form.

With the care characteristic of this house, we have selected a very choice assortment of these garments, so that here you can be certain of finding all that is new and approved in the matter of substitutes for the corset, and exactly the right thing for your figure.

Experts will help you select what you require and fit it to you.
Corset waists for girls, from 50c up.
Corset waists for women at $1.00 and upwards.
Basement—Corset waists for girls, 10c and up.

Babies' cloaks for less than you can make them.

Our baby bazaar is a luxurious little world for mothers. It relieves them from the daily discomforts which beset them while fulfilling the duties of life.

In this lilliputian fairyland you'll find substantial clothes for baby all ready to slip into, and the price is really less than you could afford to make them for.

And how you will appreciate them. No more weary moments and tired mother fingers. We can save you all this work, for we are the creators of baby wardrobes that are as carefully made as a fond mother could make them.

You ought to be glad that you are a twentieth century mother and that you have Mandel's baby bazaar to relieve you of the arduous duty of making baby's clothes. No more headaches, strained eyes or tense nerves.

Besides every sort of baby wear in the very newest conceits, we've a large assortment of those pretty unbreakable toys—rattles, fluffy balls, horse reins, bells and rings for babies' small teeth that are just peeping out of their red nests.

The fact that we can relieve you of the trouble of making baby clothes is not our strongest recommendation to your favorable consideration. But, on the other hand, the fact that our prices are so low you cannot afford to make them, is our strongest plea for your patronage.

Baby bonnets at 50c, 75c, $1, 1.95, 2.50 and up to $18.
Infants' coats at 2.50, 4.75, 6.95, 9.95 and up to $25.

We want to talk to you about furs.

Furs and feathers are two watchwords of the dawning winter season, feathers for the hat and furs for outer garments.

What, with chinchilla from Kamchatka and Peru, fine lambskins from Persia, sables from Russia, royal ermine from Kamchatka, the princely sealskins from London, the cozy foxes, lynxes, and sundry marten skins from all the thousands of small American animals, fashioned into our hats and gowns, our neckwear and cloaks, indeed, perched anywhere and everywhere about our persons, what furry creatures we shall be.

While dipping your pocketbooks so deeply into furs, as you are all going to, it behooves you, indeed, to be circumspect in your purchases.

You do not want to lumber up either your person or your wardrobe with a poor quality of furs. And equally incumbent upon you, surely, is the eternal question of economy.

Right here is where Mandel's can be of great assistance to you. Fur garments from our workrooms are dependable—they have a lasting worth—the rightful attribute of sterling quality.

Our furs are purchased abroad by our own representatives, and buying direct, as we do, you are saved the usual middleman's profit. And operating our own workrooms you are saved another cost which most merchants have to consider.

What we claim most for our furs is quality. That's our first consideration, and we'd sooner lose your patronage than to sacrifice quality for the sake of a lower price.

But our international organization and operating our own fur workrooms enables us to get the price down as low, if not lower, than you would have to pay for risky furs elsewhere.

Sealskin coats to your order, or ready made, $150.
Hudson Bay otter coats, $125. Black marten and Persian lambskin collars, $18.
Black marten cluster scarfs, $10. Dark mink cluster scarfs, 7.50.

Origin of the word blanket.

Have you ever considered the derivation of the word blanket? Its origin is traced back to the time of Edward III. When he ascended the throne of England in the year 1327, he declared war against France, but, money being scarce, it was necessary to secure it by some new method.

The English raised large quantities of wool, which they sent to Flanders for manufacture, and it was decided to devote the wool crop of that year toward defraying the expenses of the war.

After the most valuable wool had been used, there was still a quantity unfit for the Flemish looms. This was bought by one Sir Thomas Blanquette, who had it woven into a coarse but warm material, and patriotically presented it to the King for the use of the soldiers, and as a covering for the horses of nobles and knights.

The material was named Blanquette in honor of the donor, but has now become a common noun, shortened to blanket.

You'll be more interested though in our great blanket sale than in the origin of the word, for it's the greatest saving opportunity Chicago has ever known.

750 pairs—a manufacturer's stock of blankets at less than the price to produce.

This sale of the F. Gray Co.'s stock of blankets is entirely different in value from our regular stock. They were bought from the receiver at a price that enable us to sell them at very low figures.

These blankets are made of thoroughly scoured, soft wool, some with fine cotton warp, which prevents shrinking, and for that reason preferred by many people. It is false economy to buy poor blankets.

The following are some of the best bargains:

5-lb. white blankets, 72x82 inches, 4.75.
6-lb. white blankets, 78x84 inches, 6.50.
7½-lb. white blankets, 78x84 inches, $9.
Basement—Silkoline tufted comforters at 95c.

Exact reproductions of rare Oriental rugs.

Born of the ever growing admiration for the luxurious Oriental rugs, Yankee ingenuity has long sought the art of their reproduction.

There's one great rug maker whose very name stands for sterling worth, that has accomplished the art of reproducing Oriental rugs in all their native beauty.

The design and color harmony have been reproduced so exactly, that as a rug lays on the floor it's hard to distinguish it from the original.

So today, those who cannot afford costly Oriental rugs can have the effect without the enormous investment incident to buying rugs from the far East.

The famous Wilton rug makers have wrought these wonderful rugs and the fascinating Oriental patterns. Exact reproductions of the handwork of the weavers of the land of the Rising Sun are now yours at a nominal cost.

You'll need to be an expert to distinguish them from the handsomest Oriental rugs.

The mellow green, the soft pink, heavenly blue, rich brown, lustrous scarlets and yellows, the hazy, fairy-like lavenders, etc., each delicately blended in the Oriental harmonies.

As for prices, we can give you the biggest surprise of the year.

Bigelow, Bundhar, Wilton rugs.

1.6x3.0	1.50	3.0x9.0	9.00	6.0x9.0	20.00	9.0x14.6	42.50
2.3x4.6	3.25	3.0x12.0	12.00	3.0x15.0	21.50	10.6x12.0	45.00
3.0x5.3	4.75	4.6x7.5	12.00	5.3x10.6	28.00	10.6x13.6	52.50
3.0x5.3	7.00	3.0x15.0	15.00	5.3x10.6	30.00	10.6x14.0	55.00
3.0x6.0	8.00	3.0x12.0	16.75	9.0x12.0	35.00	11.3x14.6	60.00

Bigelow body Brussels rugs.

8.3x10.6	17.00	6x9	15.00	8.3x10.6	9.00	9x12	21.50	9x12	19.00

Imitation shell hair ornaments.

They can hardly be distinguished from the real shell and are really a high grade material.

A hair ornament to be attractive must be nicely finished—the trouble with most of the low-priced kind is that they look their cheapness.

Not so with these—you'd think them shell and beautiful shell at that.

If they were not noticeably fine we'd never have put them on our counters, for the Mandel standard of quality admits of no compromise.

Ask to see our 394 side combs. They are a good illustration of what you can get for a nominal price in these goods—they are **50c** a pair.

Mandel's household hints.

Cleanse old oak furniture with hot beer, concluding with a polish of beeswax and turpentine.

Make dish-cloths of common twine knitted into squares with coarse bone needles. Their roughness and sturdy wearing qualities make them particularly valuable. Boil once a week in soda water.

Keep lemons in a cool and dry storeroom by packing them in sand.

Store shoes on shelves which are open to the air, never in closed boxes or closets.

Egg stains on silver vanish before an application of salt after the soap and water bath.

Carpet colors are freshened by rubbing them with flannel which has been dipped into soapsuds and turpentine. Use a tablespoonful of turpentine to a gallon of the soapsuds.

Sparklets.
A home soda fountain with sparklets.

Sparklets do their work in less than a minute, and it will take no more than a minute to tell you about them.

They are bits of capsules that turn all the commonplace drinks in existence into the fanciful high priced beverages.

You just drop them into your water, milk, tea or whatever you may be drinking, and in a twinkling the charm is worked which imparts to them the quality that gives the sparkle and snap to champagne and soda water.

In other words they are charged with pure carbonic acid gas and their work consists in carbonating drinks.

With the addition of special tablets all the celebrated spring waters can be prepared as desired, such as Kissingen, Vichy and Carlsbad with only "fireside travel," as well as all the sodas and root beers in existence.

A booklet entitled "One Hundred and One Temperance Drinks" accompanies every bottle of Sparklets.

Every drink to be made by Sparklets is healthful and invigorating.

Pint bottle for sparklets, 1.50. Box of ten capsules, making ten pints of soda water—superior to seltzer, 10c.

EXTRA!

☞ Articles scheduled under the head EXTRA are placed here because they are exceptional bargains. Prices named are considerably less than goods of equal quality can be purchased for elsewhere.

Plate rack of oak or Flemish at 95c.
50c for two-hook and two-hole hose supporter.
All-wool ingrain carpets—extra heavy—50c.
Tucked satin belts—worth double—basement—25c.

Plain black and fancy silks at prices that will surprise you.

Today we offer you the silk surprise of the season—silks that are in the very height of demand. You know the prices they've been selling at here and elsewhere, so you can appreciate the wonderful values this event affords.

It was a thousand-piece purchase. The maker was willing to take a great loss in order to realize ready cash, so we couldn't resist buying, and neither can you at the prices we quote today.

In this lot of silks you'll not find an antiquated style, every piece being this season's production. Of course, you know as well as we do that when a woman wants something new and up-to-the-minute in style, old silks are not cheap at any price, because you wouldn't want to have them made up after you had purchased them.

All the new ideal, smart effects which you have so much admired are embraced in this purchase, and you cannot help but find just what you want.

Full 24-inch $1 black crepe de chine—at 67½c and 57½c.
Black grenadines usually sold for $1—at 67½c.
Black peau de chine, exceptional value—at 59c.
Fancy moire Louisines, all shades—$1.25 quality 75c.
Louisine silk flannels—white, cream, all colors—at 59c.
$1 allover lace effects in new soft weaves—special, 47½c.
Basement—Corduroy velvets at 25c. Colored taffeta and novelty silks, 50c and 35c. White taffeta that would be a bargain at 75c, at 50c.

Dr. Jaeger's sanitary underwear.

Dr. Jaeger's sanitary woolen underwear—a hygienic system of underclothing that prevents colds, rheumatism, pneumonia and all ills resulting from climatic changes.

It absorbs the perspiration, produces an even temperature of the body, and is conducive to good health.

Made from the best Australian wool, worn by all army officers and recommended the world over by all celebrated physicians.

Fall and winter weights now ready for your selection.

Headquarters for the Jaeger underwear.

Dainty aprons for maids, nurses and housewives.

Haven't you noticed what a finished, neat appearance a dainty white apron gives a woman about the house?

It's an impressionable touch of neatness and refinement that always wins instant admiration.

When poor Mary Queen of Scots was beheaded, it is said that she left behind over a hundred aprons. We often wonder if they were as pretty as the ones we have to show you.

Mandel's is Chicago's headquarters, you know, for everything in the apron effect—waitresses' aprons, nurses' aprons, housemaids' aprons, cooking aprons, surgical aprons—in fact, just as we said, everything in aprons.

And the everything is pretty—in the most effective and practical styles in the fichued apron.

The fichu is attached to the apron just like a bib or a collar, and when adjusted presents the effect of the picturesque front of a long, graceful fichu.

Others have jaunty berthas over the shoulders—ruffled, hemstitched, embroidered or plain.

But what is an apron without a dainty morsel of a cap? Or, as the most popular form now is, a large white bow perched upon the tip of the effectively coiffured hair. The bow is plain or trimmed with lace, all white or dashed with black baby ribbons.

We've an advanced holiday showing of dainty aprons. Some from Ireland, Scotland, Germany, Saxony and France.

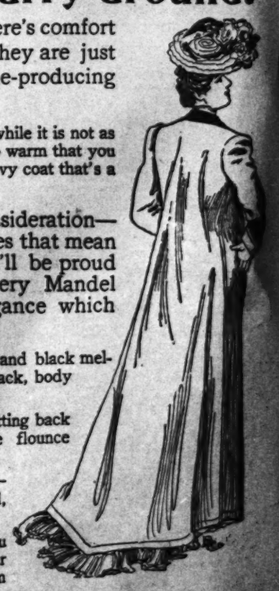
Many of the exclusive patterns only come in lots of 3 to 6, so you ought to choose early, for you know there's nothing more acceptable for a gift than an apron.

Plain lawn tucked and embroidered aprons at 25c, 35c, 45c, 50c and 75c.
Bib aprons, 45c, 69c, 75c, 95c, $1.25.
Maids' caps at 4c, 7c, 9c, 25c, 45c & 75c.
Caps for elderly women, 59c, 75c and 95c.

Warm long coats that are not a burden to carry around.

That's what you want. There's comfort in the Mandel long coats, and they are just as warm as the heavy, fatigue-producing coats.

We prescribed the material, and while it is not as heavy it's superior in every way, and so warm that you are just as cozy as if you had on a heavy coat that's a burden to carry around.



Then, there's another consideration—you can buy these coats at prices that mean a considerable saving, and you'll be proud of your purchase, because every Mandel coat has a graceful style elegance which everybody admires.

Long coat of oxford frieze and black melton, 50 inches long, yoke front and back, body lined—**12.50.**

Ulster with two capes—½-fitting back—yoke and sleeves lined—some have flounce bottoms, some have capes—at **$25.**

London box coats—in kersey—42 inches long—storm collar, satin lined, tailor stitched—**$15.**

We can show and please you in any style garment you may desire—our assortment was never more complete than at present.

EDITORIAL SHEET.

BRITISH YIELD CANAL CONTR

Lord Pauncefote Assures retary Hay That Con tions Are Satisfactory

ENATE SCHEME IS U

Right to Fortify Implie Condition That Waterw Be Kept Neutral.

EWS OF NATIONAL CAP

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Convention Treaty Sen Had Draft

The conditions now are so much m erable to sentiments in this countr both the President and Secretary H assured there can be no serious opp in the Senate. They have secured

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EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES.

BRITISH YIELD CANAL CONTROL.

Lord Pauncefote Assures Secretary Hay That Conditions Are Satisfactory.

SENATE SCHEME IS USED.

Right to Fortify Implied by Condition That Waterway Be Kept Neutral.

NEWS OF NATIONAL CAPITAL

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.

Lord Pauncefote Makes Formal Call on Hay.

Lord Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, made his formal call at the State department today. It was only a formal call, and the Ambassador did not remain long enough to take up the canal treaty in detail, but had time in which to give Secretary Hay an important verbal assurance that there seemed to be nothing in the way of an agreement on a canal treaty which would be satisfactory to the Senate.

It was not necessary for Lord Pauncefote to go over the ground carefully at his first call, because there is a distinct though formal understanding already arrived at between the two countries. The assurances hitherto received that the British government would accept the basis of agreement outlined by Secretary Hay last spring have hitherto been somewhat indirect. Lord Salisbury talked the matter over with Lord Pauncefote and Lord Pauncefote talked it over with Ambassador Choate, and Ambassador Choate saw Secretary Hay for an hour at New Haven during the Yale celebration there.

Today, however, Lord Pauncefote was able to give a personal and verbal assurance that the pourparlers submitted on both sides had been practically agreed to by the British government, and as these informal agreements are all based on the memorandum drawn up by Secretary Hay as to the wishes of the Senate there can be little doubt of an ultimate agreement.

Both Secretary Hay and President Roosevelt understand perfectly the basis of agreement. The work of putting this into the form of a treaty ought not to be difficult. There may be some differences of opinion as to the wording of different paragraphs, but the general scope is too well understood to permit of much discussion between the high contracting parties.

It is a mistake to suppose that the treaty expressly recognizes the Monroe doctrine. Neither Great Britain nor any other European country has formally accepted that doctrine. It is a matter of policy on the indication of what this country will do under certain circumstances. The new treaty does contain a concession to public opinion in this country somewhat in the direction of the Monroe doctrine, but only by inference.

Monroe Doctrine Accepted Only by Inference.

The new treaty wipes out the necessity of an agreement between European nations to guarantee the neutrality of the canal. This international agreement was one of the things which proved most objectionable to the Senate. That body took the ground that it was a violation of the Monroe doctrine for this country to invite the cooperation of European nations in a matter which concerned exclusively the Western Continent.

The new treaty not only relieves the United States of all necessity of consulting the continental nations but it abolishes even the joint action of the United States and Great Britain. The new treaty provides that this country alone shall guarantee the neutrality of the canal under all circumstances. This in itself is a violation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and even if no other words were used, the signing of the treaty to this effect would supersede the Clayton-Bulwer convention. That old treaty provided that neither country should assume exclusive jurisdiction over the isthmus.

The new treaty provides that the United States shall do this thing, and thus Great Britain, in so many words, abrogates the contract it made with this country in the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and that instrument can no longer be considered binding on either nation.

As regards the question of fortifications on the canal, the new treaty simply does not forbid them. It recognizes the fact, explicitly, however, that as the United States has assumed the right and the duty of guaranteeing the neutrality of the canal under all circumstances, it is necessary that this country should have the power to enforce its guarantee by any means which might be deemed proper.

United States Not Forbidden to Fortify Canal.

The United States pledges its faith to keep the canal open all the time and on equal terms to all nations, except when this country happens to be at war, and then the United States may fortify the canal or blow it up if necessary to protect its own interests. The treaty expressly gives this country the right to guard and protect the canal and to use such force as may be necessary for that purpose, but for nothing else.

When the amended treaty passed the Senate last winter the paragraph forbidding fortifications was allowed to remain in it, but Secretary Hay satisfied himself that such a specific prohibition could not be ratified in a new treaty. As Great Britain has admitted the right of the United States to control and protect the canal, and to guarantee its neutrality, Lord Pauncefote's government has reached the point where it concedes the point that under certain circumstances fortifications may become absolutely necessary to prevent the canal falling into the hands of some unscrupulous nation in time of war.

The original idea of the treaty was an agreement between all the principal nations of the earth to maintain the neutrality of the canal. The idea with them would be that even if several of the countries were at war with others would unite to protect the canal, so that fortifications would be an absurdity. Now, however, with the single guarantee of the United States the treaty is silent as to the questions of fortifications so as to leave the United States free to act under all possible contingencies, being bound only by its pledge in this single treaty.

As nearly as can be gathered from the confidential talks of State department officials the new treaty which is now about to be put in legal form is, to all intents and purposes, the same as the amended treaty passed by the Senate, except that the conditions are much more favorable to the United States. England drops all responsibility for the canal, and, in effect, permits the United States to assume the full control, thus abrogating the Clayton-Bulwer treaty which was especially recognized in the treaty before the Senate. The conditions now are so much more favorable to sentiments in this country that the President and Secretary Hay feel that there can be no serious opposition in the Senate. They have secured already the consent of Costa Rica and Nicaragua to the amended treaty.

Convention Like Treaty Senate Had Drafted.

The omission of mention of fortifications, although those works of defense are an implied part of the duty of protection especially assumed by the United States, was contrived intentionally for the express purpose of avoiding any wound to the sensibilities of the Central American republics, an expressed admission in a public treaty of the right of the United States to fortify the canal might wound the sensibilities of the two Central American republics.

They have agreed now to the general principal of the new Pauncefote treaty and are prepared to sign the protocols as soon as that treaty is put into shape pledging their countries to grant by treaty to the United States all the powers necessary to construct the canal on the lines laid down in the agreement between this country and Great Britain.

Senator and Mrs. Burrows of Michigan have arrived here and opened their Washington house for the winter.

Porto Ricans Present Claims for Their Coffee.

Just before President Roosevelt left for New York this morning he received a delegation from the Porto Rican Chamber of Commerce, which has visited various cities in this country. The delegates desire some instructions on the importation of coffee so as to protect that industry in their island. As Porto Rico is now a part of the United States the coffee growers claim they are entitled to some consideration under the protective tariff, the same as any other home industry. While in the data submitted to the President no rate of duty was named, it is thought by the members of the delegation that a rate of five cents per pound will be necessary.

The President talked with the Porto Ricans for fifteen minutes, and told them that their wants would be carefully investigated, and that the interests of the island would be as carefully considered as those of any State. The situation was explained by Thomas Blasini of Ponce, one of the largest coffee planters on the island.

"The Porto Rican coffee is the best in the world," he said. "This can be proved by the prices we received for it in Europe before the war. Porto Rican coffee is comparatively unknown in this country. There is no protection for it. Brazilian coffee, for instance, can be imported into the United States and sold for half the price demanded by Porto Rican coffee. Further than this, dealers who import the Brazilian coffee into the United States can ship it to Porto Rico and then ship it back to the United States and sell it for less than can we the superior Porto Rican coffee.

"Before the war nearly the whole Porto Rican coffee crop went to European markets. It was most valuable. The year prior to the great hurricane the crop realized $18,000,000. In that terrible storm many plantations were ruined and the machinery destroyed. This year the crop is nearly half as large as the normal production. Next year it may be three-quarters as large. Since the acquisition of Porto Rico by the United States the European markets are practically closed to us through the provisions of the Dingley tariff act. We are now dependent on the United States for consumption of our coffee.

"In Porto Rico the people will not use Brazilian coffee. If a tariff of five cents per pound is established the Brazilian coffee will still quote for less than will that from Porto Rico, but we think that the Porto Rican article will have more of a chance, and, once introduced, will, despite the difference in price, soon become more popular on account of its superior quality."

Senator Cullom called at the White House today with the Rev. Dr. Gill, a minister who lives near Springfield, Ill., who wants to be appointed a chaplain in the regular army.

President Goes to Oyster Bay to Cast His Vote.

President Roosevelt left this morning for Oyster Bay, where he will cast his vote. A few minutes before 11 o'clock the President entered a carriage and was driven direct to the Pennsylvania railroad station. The private car Lucania was attached to the regular 11 o'clock express. The other members of the Presidential party were Mrs. Roosevelt, Secretary Cortelyou, Assistant Secretary Loeb, Casper Whitney, editor of Outing, who joined the party at the station, and one or two servants. Prior to the departure of the train the President strolled back and forth along the platform in company with Mr. Whitney, who was a war correspondent in Cuba during the Santiago campaign.

The President and Mrs. Roosevelt will remain in New York over night, and early tomorrow morning the President will go over to Oyster Bay. He will cast his vote there, as will Mr. Loeb and Henry Pinckney, the steward of the White House. This will make a total of three Republican ballots from the White House, and it is said that they are needed in the county in which Oyster Bay is located.

The present county officers are Democrats, and there is a fight which the loyal Republicans of that section think will result in a change of county administration. Secretary Cortelyou votes only a few miles from Oyster Bay.

The Presidential party will leave Oyster Bay for Washington some time on Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Roosevelt will join the party at Jersey City, and will return to Washington. The party will arrive here late on Tuesday night.

Secretary Root forfeited his right to vote in New York this fall owing to circumstances over which he had no control. He failed to register in his precinct in New York City because he was detained in the Adirondacks by illness which threatened to break down his health and force him to retire from office.

Governor Taft Needs Three Weeks to Recover.

Governor Taft of the Philippines will be incapacitated for duty for about three weeks. Secretary Root received a dispatch today from Governor Taft saying he would be on the sick list for that length of time because of an operation he has undergone. He reported the operation had been successful and he is now convalescing. Judge Wright, who was made Vice Governor, will perform the duties of Governor Taft during his illness.

General Corbin's comrades, the officers of his old regiment, the Twenty-fourth Infantry, in which he served over twenty years, presented him with a wedding gift of a goldlined silver punch bowl and silver stand for glasses. This present was received by General Corbin today from the officers of the Twenty-fourth, which is now serving in the Philippines.

FUNSTON WILL RETURN SOON.

Captor of Aguinaldo to Visit in United States—General Grant May Take His Place.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 4.—It is stated that General Frederick Funston will be given a leave of absence from the Philippines soon and will return to the United States on a visit. He is recovering rapidly from the operation for appendicitis recently undergone at a Manila hospital. General Fred D. Grant probably will succeed General Funston in command of the San Fernando district.

Ambassador Choate in Capital.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—Joseph H. Choate, the American Ambassador to the Court of St. James, arrived in Washington this evening. He is here for pleasure and will call on the President on Wednesday.

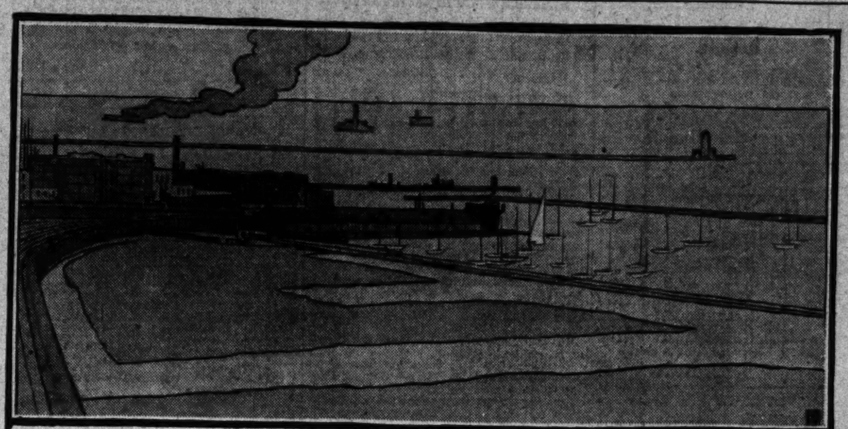
John W. Riddle Goes to Russia.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—The President has appointed John W. Riddle of Minnesota to be secretary of the United States Embassy at St. Petersburg.

Cigar Trust Invades Ohio.

Columbus, O., Nov. 4.—The American Cigar company, a trust organized under the laws of New Jersey, was qualified by Secretary of State Laylin today to do business in Ohio. The trust has a capital stock of $10,000,000 and will have its Ohio headquarters in Cincinnati. James B. Duke is at the head of this trust.

SKETCHES IN COLOR SHOWN AT EXHIBITION OF ARCHITECTS' CLUB.



SKETCH of CHICAGO HARBOR, By Birch Burdette Long

JACKSON PARK, By Harry Dodge Jenkins

Members of the Architects' club gathered last night at the Art Institute to compare their summer sketches and talk shop. The walls of their clubroom were hung with some good water colors. The young architects have adopted a plan of devoting their leisure time in summer to general landscape sketching. The result is that when a house or building is planned the architect is able to submit an artistic perspective in water colors.

Robert C. Spencer is President of the club, J. H. Phillips the secretary. The membership has increased largely this year.

No prize has been offered so far for the best of the summer sketches. A jury was present last night, and selected the best of the drawings, for reproduction in the annual catalogue. The view of the lake front in Jackson Park printed herewith is by Harry Dodge Jenkins.

FOES OF KOZLOWSKI HELD

JUSTICE MARTIN SEES SIGNS OF CONSPIRACY.

After a Hearing Lasting Several Weeks and Some Days' Consideration of the Evidence He Decides That the Five Men Accused by Independent Catholic Bishop Shall Not Be Set Free—Much Interest in Case and Some Sensational Testimony.

The alleged conspiracy against Bishop Anthony Kozlowski will be investigated by the grand jury. After a hearing covering a period of several weeks Justice Martin yesterday rendered a decision.

The case was brought by the Bishop of the Independent Polish Catholic Church against Theophile Saljewicz, Dr. Ladislaus Slominski, Josef Podgorski, Bronisloz Wodzinski, the Josef Olszewski. In a short statement the magistrate declared that in his opinion the evidence introduced tended to show that there was probable cause for holding the defendants. After the decision had been rendered each of the five prisoners furnished bonds for appearance in the Criminal Court.

The proceedings, which were instituted eight weeks ago, had been thoroughly examined into by the magistrate, and he stated that he had given the matter considerable deliberation before arriving at his conclusion. The defendants, in addition to the charge of conspiracy to murder the Bishop, were charged with endeavoring to have him ejected from the directorship of St. Anthony's Hospital.

Considerable interest was manifested at the hearing, and evidence of a sensational nature was developed. The defendants brought out affidavits from different men which stated that Bishop Kozlowski was interested in the death of a number of patients at St. Anthony's Hospital, and these patients, the affidavits set forth, had met death through poisoning. On his behalf the Bishop denied emphatically these statements and asserted they were brought to have him deposed as a director of the hospital.

DYING, CONFESSES BOLD CRIME.

Ida Wilson Tells of the Robbery of Mrs. Charles Buchseing in January, 1897.

A deathbed confession made by Ida Wilson of 55 Peck court to Detectives Herman and Spiegel of the Harrison Street Police Station throws some light upon the robbing of Mrs. Charles Buchseing, proprietor of the Belvidere House, 47 South Clark street, on the night of Jan. 9, 1897. Mrs. Buchseing was lured from her house by a forged note purporting to come from Henry Dorst, a saloonkeeper at 1221 Milwaukee avenue, and, after entering the hack that had come to take her to the supposed party, she was driven to Kinzie and West Water streets and robbed of diamonds stated at that time to be worth $1,500 and $400 in money.

Mrs. Wilson's confession placed the value of the stolen gems at $10,000. She said the robbery was the result of a plot in which a dressmaker, now a State street waitress, a bartender, a man now living in Ohio, and the cabdriver were the conspirators, while she was custodian of the stolen jewelry until it was sold and the money divided.

Lieutenant John McWeeney of the Central Station, who worked on the original case, laughed last night at the stolen property being worth more than $2,000 at the utmost. The matter of prosecuting those named in the confession was submitted to Justice Prindiville, who decided that the evidence was insufficient to insure a conviction.

ALD. PALMER SOLVES A PUZZLE.

Has a Plan to Do Away with the Confusion of Traffic at Rush Street Bridge.

Alderman Honoré Palmer has a solution for the tangle of vehicles at Rush street bridge. The bridge is wide enough to accommodate four wagons abreast, and Alderman Palmer will ask the Council for an order designating the side of the bridge toward the lake as part of Michigan avenue, for traffic purposes, and the other half as the two other streets.

Going north in Michigan avenue the driver or bicyclist will cross Rush street bridge on the extreme eastern side. To go south to Michigan avenue, instead of taking the extreme western side the driver will take the second track from the east, adjoining the one he used going north. He thus will avoid crossing the line of teams headed for South Water and River streets. Drivers to or from River or South Water streets will observe the same order on the west half of the bridge.

"The rule is simplicity itself," Corporation Counsel Walker said. "An ordinance will not be needed, only an order."

STATE AS ANTITOXIN MAKER.

Dr. Heman Spalding's Remedy for Avoiding Repetition of the St. Louis Fatalities.

State control and manufacture of antitoxin serum is favored by Dr. Heman Spalding, chief inspector of the Health department. He also suggests that the State supply the serum at cost as the most effective way in which the poorer grades of the article may be driven out of use.

"There is little doubt that the recent deaths caused by impure antitoxin in St. Louis would not have occurred had the serum used been properly manufactured and tested," said Dr. Spalding. "There has been a large profit in the manufacture of the article and many cheap grades have been placed on the market. If the States would take up the manufacture of the serum, say at their State universities, and provide for the sale of the same at cost, it would solve the whole problem.

"Every State could enact such a law and enforce it. The law should provide for State supervision of the manufacture of the article, which should be prepared by the best chemists at the universities and its purity assured."

VOTE ON DIVIDING CICERO.

PARTITION OF THE TOWN TO BE DECIDED TODAY.

Ticket Has Two Propositions, the Separation of Oak Park from Rest of Territory and the Cutting Off of Berwyn—Advocates of Change Expect to Win—Much Opposition to the Second Question on Ballot—Under a Special Law.

The people of Oak Park and Berwyn who wish to separate their villages from the incorporated Town of Cicero believe they will have a big majority when the polls close tonight. The special election today is on this issue alone.

The southeast portion of the district is expected to vote against Berwyn's leaving the territory. In this section are the saloons, and it is believed the liquor element is practically solid for a continuation of the present arrangement as regards Berwyn, but is willing that Oak Park should be separated.

The same ballot will be voted in all parts of Cicero. It contains separate propositions as to Oak Park and Berwyn, and a voter may approve one and reject the other, or approve or reject both. The Oak Park proposition is to separate the territory lying between Austin and Harlem avenues and North avenue and Twelfth street, being three miles long by one and one-half wide. The Berwyn proposition covers territory between Twelfth and Thirty-ninth street and Harlem and Lombard avenues, being three miles by one and one-quarter. In order to effect separation of either village a majority of votes cast in the whole town and also a majority of ballots cast in the village territory must be for separation.

Three years ago a special election was held and an overwhelming vote was cast in favor of the separation of Oak Park, but the law under which the election was held was declared unconstitutional. The election to be held today is under a law passed at the last session of the legislature and framed especially to avoid the objections the Supreme Court made to the previous measure.

Oak Park has 10,000 population and Berwyn 2,000.

CLASS RUSHES MEET CHECK AT CHICAGO UNIVERSITY.

Two Medical Students Suspended and Freshmen and Sophomore Class Severely Rebuked at Chapel by Faculty.

The University of Chicago students who have been engaging in class rushes during the last week were rebuked severely yesterday. Two sophomores in the medical school were suspended for the rest of the term, while the junior college battle for the flag on last Friday was denounced by faculty members at junior chapel assembly.

The medical students suspended are Charles K. Barclay and J. H. McClure. The present term ends with the last of the week, so the penalty is not considered a harsh one. Professors in the medical school say that the two suspended students were possibly no more to blame than others, but that further class hostilities will not be tolerated.

The rebuke to the students of the junior college came after another attempted flaunting of colors. The pennant of the freshman medical class was discovered floating from the big flagpole on the campus yesterday morning, but before many students had seen it a janitor tore the banner down. When the freshmen and sophomores of the university attended chapel members of the faculty gave them a severe rebuke.

"The sort of class rush that was engaged in by the freshmen and sophomores last week is a relic of a former age," said Dean H. P. Judson. "It was the sort of an exhibition popular at the 'University of Podunkville' fifty years ago. It has no place at this university."

"True exhibitions of college spirit do not come out in rushes of this sort," said Professor George E. Vincent. "It is not this sort of demonstrations that brings out enthusiasm. On the football field one can scarcely hear the Chicago men cheer, and that is just where your energy might be applied with good results. There may be further developments from the affair of last Friday."

SEEK LAW AGAINST CROWLEY.

Roman Catholic Authorities Turn to Their Attorneys for Advice—Deposed Priest Is Determined.

Legal steps may be taken to prevent Father Jeremiah J. Crowley, the excommunicated Roman Catholic priest, from attending any public services of the church from which he was recently expelled.

The scene created at Holy Name Cathedral on Sunday, when high mass was stopped by Chancellor Francis T. Barry, because Father Crowley was in the congregation, has brought the conflict to a direct issue.

Father Crowley insists that there is no law, ecclesiastical or civil, that can keep him away from the Catholic church. "I intend to exercise my right," he said. "There is nothing that can stop me."

ONE STATION FUGITIVE CAUGHT.

Rudolph Votova, Who Escaped from Desplaines Street a Month Ago, Is a Prisoner Again.

Rudolph Votova, 16 years old, was arrested yesterday by Detectives Alex and Walsh. A month ago he escaped from the Desplaines Street Police Station, where he was under arrest on charges of having stolen brass. A negro was placed in the same cell with him. The lockupkeeper was ordered to release the colored prisoner and failed to see young Votova. The cell door was left open and the boy walked out. He made his way beneath the sidewalk leading from the kitchen, climbed a coal chute, and reached the street without interference.

COAL CONTRACT RATIFIED: O'GARA GIVES A BIG BOND.

Puts Up $30,000 as Guarantee the Firm Will Live Up to Specifications This Year.

The county's contract with O'Gara, King & Co. to supply about two-thirds of the coal used at the various county institutions between now and July 1, 1902, was ratified by the County board yesterday afternoon. A $30,000 surety bond is given by the firm that it will carry out the terms of the contract and not attempt the irregular methods charged against it in the past whereby cheaper coals were substituted for the high-grade qualities demanded by the county.

There was slight friction in an attempt to place the special committee on coal, appointed to investigate former contracts, in charge of the tests which are to be made at frequent intervals.

Dr. George W. Hall was appointed neurologist for the County Hospital and will assume this post at once.

INQUIRY ON DUNNING DEATHS.

County Merit Board Declares for Investigation of Charges Against Nurses.

Members of the County Civil Service commission last night declared for an immediate and thorough investigation of the charges of fatal mistreatment of patients at the Dunning Insane Asylum by Mrs. Kate Green and Miss May Shea, attendants. Pending this inquiry both women were suspended by Superintendent Lange.

"The charges will be investigated to the end," asserted President Hanberg of the County board. "If found to be as alleged the matter will be taken to the grand jury."

County Commissioners are determined that the charges that these two attendants starved to death two patients, Mrs. Kate Nedde and Mrs. Kate Kurkowski, shall be fully inquired into. They are determined, further, that Dr. Clara Ferguson, who furnished the information on which the formal accusations were based, shall be made the subject of investigation.

The Civil Service Reform association did not file the formal charges until the late afternoon. Then the charges were in the form of a letter from Secretary Follett W. Bull.

MAN'S GREED BASIS OF FRAUD.

Supposed Find of $100 Divided to Secure Silence and Bill Proves Bad—Two Arrests Made.

Pretended loss of a pocketbook containing a $100 bill, a demand by a third party that the finder share the money with him, which usually was done, the bill later found to be confederate currency, is a game alleged to have been worked by two men arrested yesterday. They gave their names as Charles Barren and Morris Martin, but they were not captured until after a long chase along Milwaukee avenue by Detectives Schuits and Sullivan of the Rawson Street Station. One of the complainants is Otto Ebert of 150 Ohio street, who says he gave up $40 that he might keep the balance of the $100 found in a pocketbook. Mrs. A. Berndsa of 3034 State street says she was swindled by the same parties through the change juggling trick. The police are looking for a third member of the gang.

Pastor Leaves to Be an Evangelist.

The Rev. W. W. Dewey, pastor of Bethany Baptist Church, Hoyne avenue and Thirty-fifth street, for six years, has resigned to take up evangelistic work in Michigan. He will leave on a tour of the State in a few days in charge of a chapel car. The Rev. S. J. Winegar of Sioux City, Ia., will succeed Dr. Dewey as pastor of Bethany Church. He will preach his first sermon next Sunday morning.

Light Vessel to Leave Station.

The lighthouse inspector at Chicago has issued a notice to mariners that light vessel No. 68, on Eleven-Foot Shoal, Green Bay, Mich., will leave its station for the winter on Dec. 5.

OFFERS MOTTO TO CLUB WOMEN

Mrs. Stanwood Tells Members to Adopt Missionary Spirit of Churches in Their Work.

Members of women's clubs were advised by the President of the Illinois federation, Mrs. Thaddeus B. Stanwood, to adopt the missionary spirit of the churches. At a meeting of the Ravenswood Woman's club yesterday afternoon Mrs. Stanwood suggested to the large audience of women that they go out and found clubs among women less fortunate than themselves, and that they help those in their neighborhood which were weaker than themselves.

"Let club extension be our watchword for the coming year," said Mrs. Stanwood, "and let this be our motto: 'Our club: Not a goblet from which we may drink, but a measure which we must fill up.'"

Mrs. Robert B. Farson, ex-President of the State federation, also was present, and admonished club women not to let personalities enter into their work, and not to feel badly when people smiled at the amusing things they said.

"We all know we do a great many wise things, and that we say wise things," she said.

Mrs. George Watkins of the South Side club told of an attempt that had been made in her club to dismiss a member because of an unpleasant incident in her past history.

"We do not care about a woman's past," said Mrs. Watkins. "The fact that she wished to belong to our club and to share in our work is assurance that she has left anything less worthy behind her. We have made it understood among our members that gossip about the past life of any one of them will not be considered as reason why that member should not be with us."

CENTRAL EXCHANGE ON TRIAL.

Jury Impaneled to Hear Evidence on Bucket Shopping—State and Federal Laws Conflict.

A jury was drawn yesterday in Judge Kavanagh's court which professed to know nothing of bucket shops and little about the operations of the Board of Trade. This jury will hear the charges of operating a bucket shop preferred against Sidmon Mella, President; Charles W. Bicknell, secretary; James F. Bonthard, treasurer; and William A. McHie, manager of the Central Grain and Stock Exchange, doing business in the Rookery Building. The charge against these men was preferred before a recent grand jury by John Hill Jr. Interest in the case centers in the fact that it is a contest between the State and United States laws. The federal laws provide for the licensing of bucket shops at $50 a year. The State laws prohibit this form of business altogether. The defendants are said to have complied with the national law and secured licenses. They deny violating the State law.

Body of Missing Man Found.

Laporte, Ind., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—The body of Gustave Krueger of Michigan City, 51 years old, has been found floating in the harbor. Krueger disappeared on the night of Oct. 22, after a carousal with two strangers from Chicago. The body bore no marks of violence.

ARGUMENT BEGUN IN SCHLEY CASE.

With Evidence All In, Attorney Hanna Addresses Court of Inquiry.

BLAMES THE APPLICANT.

Correspondents Who Would Testify on Sigsby's Statement Are Ruled Out.

REAR ADMIRAL ON STAND.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—With all testimony in argument was commenced in the Schley court of inquiry today. E. P. Hanna, assistant to the Judge Advocate, occupied an entire two hours of the afternoon session with his review of the case and was only half through when court adjourned for the day.

The main feature of the day was the refusal of the court to admit two new witnesses who were offered by the applicant's attorney.

The witnesses whom Mr. Rayner made an effort to introduce were correspondents on press boats off Santiago. Their evidence was to the effect that Captain Sigsbee had told them that the Spanish fleet was not at Santiago. The court ruled out this testimony because Schley was not present at this conversation.

Newspaper Men Also Misled.

The court had previously admitted testimony of the same character about the same megaphonic talk. The testimony which was ruled out today was strongly in favor of Schley, because in conjunction with the evidence previously given it showed that three or four correspondents, representing different papers and extremely anxious to locate the Spanish fleet, were misled by Captain Sigsbee exactly as Schley was. Several of these men lost their positions in consequence.

Schley's attorney relied upon this testimony merely to show that Captain Sigsbee did think at that time, as half a dozen witnesses have testified he said, that the Spanish fleet was not at Santiago.

Statement of One Correspondent.

The statement of Frank B. Richards of the editorial staff of the New York World and formerly of the New York Sun, which the court of inquiry declined to hear today, is as follows:

"I was in charge of the Sun press boat Premier off Cuba during the Spanish war.

"When we arrived at Kingston we obtained from what we considered the best sources, the most reliable—the United States Consul there and other secret advices—that Cervera was in Santiago—in fact, that there was no doubt of it. We stored up with two weeks' supplies and started for Santiago. When we arrived off that port we were held up by Captain Sigsbee, who fired a shot at us. I explained who we were, and said we had come because Cervera was in Santiago harbor.

Sigsbee Said Fleet Not There.

"Captain Sigsbee said: 'No, the Spanish fleet is not here.' I told him that we had information to the effect that it was, and Captain Sigsbee replied:

"'I tell you Cervera is not here; he is not in Santiago. Schley has been here and gone away again. If you want to find Cervera I would advise you to put your nose into Cienfuegos or some of the other bays along the coast. I have already told the New York World boat and my friend Sylvester Scovel that Cervera is not here, and they have gone away.'

"Captain Sigsbee then added that he was going away as far as he could, and he advised us to go, too, as he said a gunboat might come out of the harbor and pick us up. We went to Key West, and upon arriving there learned Cervera was in Santiago, and, of course, that he was there while we were off the port, and had been there eight or nine days.

Reporters Suffer by Action.

"I can never forget what Captain Sigsbee told me, because some of the men on our boat were put in disgrace for leaving Santiago when Cervera was there, and, in fact, for accepting Captain Sigsbee's word that the fleet was not there; and also for the reason that we had to circumnavigate the entire Island of Cuba because he had misinformed us. There were five correspondents on the boat and two of us wanted to remain off Santiago, despite Sigsbee's statement, but the other three outvoted us.

"I subsequently met Captain Sigsbee at Guantanamo and was introduced to him by Captain McCalla. I was under the impression that Captain Sigsbee had intentionally misinformed us. Captain McCalla said that he did not believe Captain Sigsbee would do such a thing; that he did not believe Sigsbee knew at the time that Cervera was there.

Captain Believed Himself Right.

"When I was introduced to Captain Sigsbee and mentioned the matter to him, he placed his hand upon my shoulder and said:

"'Upon my word I did not know Cervera was in Santiago harbor at the time I told you he was not there. I then did not believe he was there.' I have always accepted his explanation as true."

With this statement, together with that of Messrs. Graham, Hare, and others, all to the effect that Captain Sigsbee stated that Cervera was not in Santiago, the reason for the retrograde movement is apparent.

The other witness who was prevented from testifying was George Lynch, correspondent of the London Chronicle. He was aboard the pressboat Somers N. Smith, and heard the conversation to which Mr. Hare testified.

Hanna Reviews the Evidence.

Mr. Hanna, in his argument, took up the specifications of the precept in order, and finished with the retrograde movement when the court adjourned. Mr. Hanna expressed himself with regard to the retrograde movement in a manner which occasioned considerable surprise.

As is well known Rear Admiral Schley, in attempting to justify the retrograde movement, laid considerable stress on the fact that Captain Sigsbee had told him the Spaniards were not at Santiago. In his argument today Mr. Hanna said that, owing to the formation of Santiago harbor, Captain Sigsbee could not have ascertained that the Spaniards were not in the harbor and consequently he could not have made such a report.

Holds Retrograde Move Wrong.

If Sigsbee had made such a report to Schley it was the latter's duty, argued the Judge Advocate's associate, to say he would not accept such information. Mr. Hanna argued that Captain Sigsbee had testified and reiterated his testimony in the most emphatic manner that he did not tell Schley the Spaniards were not in Santiago.

Only two witnesses, Hanna said, one a cadet the other an enlisted man, had testified that Sigsbee had so informed Schley, but that their testimony was contradictory. This question was finally set at rest by the testimony of Captain Cook, he said, which was in accord with the testimony of Sigsbee.

Hanna blamed Schley for not interrogating Pilot Nunes more closely. Nunes informed Schley that the Spanish squadron, on account of its size and owing to the formation of the harbor, could not enter. If Schley had questioned the pilot more closely, Mr. Hanna contended, he would have known that the Spanish squadron could enter.

The Judge Advocate's associate criticised Schley for ordering the scout ships away

from Santiago and said it was no fault of his that the Spanish squadron did not escape without detection.

Denies Eagle Caused Much Delay.

All the testimony agreed, argued Mr. Hanna, that the progress of the flying squadron toward Santiago was slow. The weather was bad for the smaller vessels, which occasioned some delay. It was true the Eagle did delay the squadron, but the delay was not caused by a rough sea, but was due to the fact that a compartment of the Eagle was full of water.

In referring to the delay of the flying squadron in proceeding from Key West to Cienfuegos and the conduct of Schley off that port, Mr. Hanna said, in reference to the code of signals with the insurgents, agreed upon by Captain McCalla, that the commanding officer of the Marblehead did not know Schley was bound for Cienfuegos and Schley did know McCalla had been there. There was no request from Schley for information.

Slowness Declared Unnecessary.

The Assistant Judge Advocate dwelt at some length on the fact that Schley delayed more than an hour to confer with Captain Chester, who had no important information to convey, and that the flying squadron slowed down on the night before reaching Cienfuegos, to get to that port at daybreak. He contended that on May 22, although Admiral Schley had seen signals from the shore, nothing was done by him to ascertain the information as to the presence of the Spanish fleet except sending a man aloft and steaming in shore.

On the following day nothing was done by Schley to this end except to permit the British steamer Adula to enter Cienfuegos. In fact, nothing was done to secure this information until the arrival of Captain McCalla. If a boat had been sent to the shore it would have been guided to a landing place by the insurgents.

Insists Orders Were Disobeyed.

Mr. Hanna analyzed an order to Schley from the Commander-in-Chief, directing the former to mask his movements when he left Cienfuegos. Schley did not obey this order, but, on the contrary, when he left Cienfuegos one of the signals made, which could have been observed by the enemy, was a signal giving the destination of the flying squadron. Schley had not taken any steps to prevent further work on the fortifications at Cienfuegos, as ordered by Sampson.

During the stay of the flying squadron at Cienfuegos Schley was in constant receipt of dispatches, but, Mr. Hanna said, it could not be established that the McCalla memorandum was received on May 22. This was an important admission, and in the absence of the proof that the memorandum was received on that day, Schley's case is in a better position and it relieves him of the imputation of remaining at Cienfuegos one whole day with the code of signals in his possession without doing anything to communicate with the insurgents.

Sigsbee Stands by Evidence.

Captain Sigsbee was called to the stand at the morning session and another effort was made to show that he did not inform Schley if the Spaniards were not in Santiago. This effort, like all others, was a complete failure, and there is no longer any doubt that Sigsbee did give Schley the information which has been testified to by five witnesses, including Schley himself.

Schley Corrects Evidence.

Rear Admiral Schley was on the stand for a brief time to make corrections in his testimony. Most of the corrections made were on technical points which did not weaken his direct statements. He emphasized his declaration that an attempt had been made to ram the Brooklyn on July 3, saying both the Maria Teresa and the Viscaya headed for the flagship.

Schley wanted the records to make clear that Sampson, in rejecting his original report on the battle, had said Schley had "omitted an important detail," which was to state that the New York was present.

The Judge Advocate and Attorney Rayner clashed over a reference by Schley to the testimony of Lieutenant Roya. Captain Lemly at first objected to contradiction of the Lieutenant's evidence, but later agreed to admit it, saying Roya was "the only witness who remained uncontradicted."

(This statement aroused Rayner, who denounced it as improper and objectionable, inasmuch as over fifty witnesses had not been contradicted.

When Captain Lemly introduced as evidence a number of documents, Captain Parker attempted to have him include a letter of Sampson criticising Schley. This the Judge Advocate declined to do.

Mr. Hanna will conclude his arguments tomorrow, and he will be followed by Captain Parker, and his argument will be brief. It is possible that Mr. Rayner will begin his argument tomorrow afternoon and will conclude on Wednesday morning. He will be followed by the Judge Advocate, and it is not unlikely that the arguments will be concluded and the case submitted to the court not later than Wednesday afternoon.

NEWS OF THE INSURANCE FIELD.

Endowment Rank K. P. Making Headway—Boston Establishes an Unusual Fire Loss Record.

The endowment rank of the Knights of Pythias is working out of its troubles. The defections on account of the increase in rates have fallen off, and it is rapidly cutting down the unpaid death losses. The membership on Nov. 1 was 59,879, a net increase for the month. The receipts were $167,000 and $131,500 in death claims was paid, while only $182,000 in losses was reported. There is now $336,000 outstanding, and at the present rate the order will be up with them by the first of the year. Thirty-nine sections have been organized during the quarter.

The agency of the late Benjamin Well of Milwaukee will be continued as Benjamin Well Sons & Co.

S. H. Lockett, manager of the Insurance Survey bureau, will address the Fire Insurance club of Chicago tonight at Dewey Hall on "Woodworking Hazards."

President Wyman of the National Association of Life Underwriters was notified yesterday of the death of former President Tillinghast in New York.

Boston has been achieving a remarkable loss record of late. In August the losses were less than $30,000, the smallest in the history of the department, and in September they were $93,000. In the same two months the Chicago losses were over a half million dollars.

Edwin McKinney, resident manager at Chicago of the Pacific Surety company, has caused comment among attorneys and surety men by sending out letters to all the lawyers in Chicago offering them a discount of 25 per cent on all court bonds brought to the company on which the premium is paid on delivery of the bond.

The National Life of the United States of America of this city has just paid a $20,000 claim on the life of Pierre Lorillard, the millionaire tobacconist and racing man. It was taken out in 1878, before the National retired from active business for a time, and the annual premium was $455. In addition Mr. Lorillard had $145,000 insurance, all issued before 1876. There were $20,000 policies in the New England, Union Mutual, Mutual Benefit, New York, Washington, and National, $10,000 in the Phoenix Mutual, and $5,000 in the Mutual Life of New York. This claim was the largest the National has paid since it resumed active business.

When George H. Heafford, who had been General Passenger Agent for many years of the Milwaukee and St. Paul, retired and went into the insurance business with his son-in-law as Lyman & Heafford, it was expected that he would capture many railway lines through his acquaintance with other officials. He has just landed the Alton schedule of $4,500,000, placed with the Western syndicate.

ASK LOWER RATES ON HAY.

Farmers Have a Complaint Ready to Lay Before Interstate Commission.

The National Hay association has prepared a case to lay before the Interstate Commerce commission on Wednesday asking for lower rates. Attorneys J. R. Daish and E. R. Shipp of Washington arrived in Chicago today with affidavits bearing on the case. Thirty railroads are named as defendants. It is claimed that the present freight rate, Chicago to New York, 90 cents, is unreasonably large and that it diminishes the demand for hay.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

ALL WANT THE DECEMBER

THIS DELIVERY OF WHEAT IN EXCELLENT DEMAND.

Shorts Disturbed by Strength in New York and Minneapolis and Heavy Purchases Made Here — May Sold Freely, Its Premium Lessening to Three Cents—Corn Strong and Up One Cent—Oats Have Moderate Advance—Provisions Weaker.

There were evidences in the wheat pit yesterday of some uneasiness on the part of December shorts. The bulls claimed the bears were liquidating. Both the Northwest and the seaboard were anxious to change their short contracts from December to May, and the result was a narrowing of the spread to 3c. December was strong, up ⅝c at the best, and closing with a gain of ½@⅝c. May was up ½c at best, and did not hold so well, closing ⅛ better than on Saturday. The market was influenced by corn strength, but fully as much by the firmness of other domestic markets. Minneapolis up fully 1c for December, and closing at a discount of less than 2c under Chicago compared with 3c a week ago. The December-May spread then narrowed to 1⅝c. New York was strong. December up 1¼c and holding 1c, with talk of disturbance among shorts there because of small contract stocks. Higher Liverpool cables were a strengthening factor, and neither large movement to primary markets in this country, big world's shipments, nor a large increase on passage had much effect in checking the demand. The local range for December was from 70⅝-⅞c to 71¾c, and the close was 71¼-⅜c bid. May sold from 74½c to 74⅝c, and closed at 74¼c.

Dec. Wheat Range.

Armour Takes December.

The speculative features of the market were the buying of a line of 500,000 bu December by Armour and the selling of twice as much May by the New York house of McIntyre-Marshall. There was buying of December for the seaboard, with some talk of its being against cash business and liberal changing by the Northwest through Milmine-Dodman, Bartlett-Frazier, McReynolds, Wear, and Schwartz-Dupee. Harris and Barrell were buyers.

There was a good shipping inquiry early, but bids did not, as a rule, catch up with the advance, and no sales were reported. The cash demand at Minneapolis was poor, but Duluth reported sales of 200,000 bu for export. At the seaboard 72,000 bu were taken. Clearances were 844,103 bu. The Northwest had 1,000 cars, compared with 834 last year, and primary receipts, at 1,409,556 bu, were 300,000 bu heavier than those of last year. The visible supply increase of 558,000 bu was less than expected and bullish to that extent. The oversea statistics were decidedly bearish. World's shipments were larger than estimated—10,957,000 bu, compared with 7,328,000 bu for the previous week and 8,784,000 bu a year ago. Russian contributions jumped from 1,968,000 bu to 5,616,000 bu. There was, too, a big increase on passage of 3,632,000 bu to a total of 30,904,000 bu, compared with a decrease of 1,208,000 bu the corresponding week last year. The English markets, however, were not affected unfavorably by this showing. There were no cargoes off the English coast. Those on passage were steady to 1¼d lower, and stocks at Liverpool decreased 256,000 bu for the week to 2,984,000 bu. These conditions and the strength of corn accounted for the advance of ⅝d in futures at Liverpool and of ½-¾d at London

Corn opened strong and grew stronger as the session advanced, up ⅞-1c at the best, and closing with gains of ⅝c. The readiness with which Liverpool followed the local market up, futures there being 1½d higher, seemed an excellent reason at the outset for a further advance here. The Western situation was fully as strong as ever and attracting more and more attention, making the trade still more indifferent to the question of the Eastern demand. Sales west of the Mississippi to arrive here were smaller rather than larger on the advance, and reports from the interior territory told of an increasing demand from Southwest feeders. There was a further broadening of the general speculative demand, an increased outside interest. December sold from 35¼-⅜c to 59¼c and closed at 58¾c. May sold from 60¾c to 61¼c and closed at 61¼c.

Cousins wired that trading would be more general with the colder weather and an improvement in grading likely, but a more immediate result, it was argued, would be the cutting off of pasturage and a larger feeding demand. Local arrivals were only 110 cars, with 155 estimated for today, and receipts were 96,000 bu, compared with shipments of 297,000 bu. The decrease of 736,000 bu in the visible supply, compared with one of 161,000 bu a year ago, encouraged the bullish feeling in the cash market car lots were relatively stronger than the futures, but the shipping demand was light, sales being 25,000 bu. The seaboard reported an excellent demand from the continent, with sales of 240,000 bu for export. Clearances were 53,458 bu. There was an increase of 94,000 bu on ocean passage to 6,440,000 bu. World's shipments were 1,994,000 bu, to 4,272,000 bu last year. Liverpool stocks decreased 48,000 bu to 768,000 bu. The buying was led by Barrell, McReynolds, Schwartz-Dupee, Ware-Leland, and Lake, the selling by Phillips and provision traders.

Good Buying in Oats.

Closing prices on oats were ¼-⅜c higher than those of Saturday, and, although the market sympathized with wheat and corn to a lesser extent than it generally does, the tone was firm throughout. A possible exception to these conditions was when May first touched 29¼c, at which price offerings were far heavier than the pit required. Reports of seaboard buying helped the early market, though this buying was not continued. Patten is said to have added considerably to his line. McReynolds, who sold about 1,000,000 bu at the close of the week, bought a good share of it back. The country sold more oats than usual, and Pratt and Buckley were also on the selling side. The visible decreased 148,000 bu, against an increase the previous week of 208,000 bu, but the effect of this was offset by heavy receipts, there being 190 cars on the inspection sheet and 265 estimated for today. The 265,000 cars will make about 400,000 bu. Local stocks decreased 134,000 bu, and are now 1,607,000 bu. The seaboard cleared 17,000 bu. Cash business was not large, 50,000 bu being reported.

There was a fairly good start in the provision market, but it did not hold, reacting with the live hog market. This was 5@10c higher early, but lost its advance. Closing prices showed a loss of 10c on pork and lard and 5@7½c on ribs. Toward the end of the session all product was offered with a fair degree of freedom, and not much demand existed for it. Local hog receipts were 27,000, against 36,000 the previous Monday. All Western packing points had 51,200, compared with 63,000 the previous week and 51,500 a year ago. Cured meat shipments were 2,395,000 lbs, against 3,009,000 lbs a year ago. Lard shipments were 1,594,000 lbs, compared with 2,020,000 lbs last year.

Rye was extremely quiet, December selling at 55⅝@55¾c and closing 55⅝c bid. May sales were at 3c premium, and the close 58½c bid and 59¾c asked. Receipts were 23 cars. The rye visible increased 61,000 bu, against an increase of 89,000 bu the previous week. Local stocks increased 154,000 bu, and are now 734,000 bu.

Barley was a strong market, and possibly ½c higher. Screenings ranged from 51@52c and malting 54@55¾c. Receipts were 77 cars. The visible decreased 734,000 bu compared with last week's increase of 234,000 bu. Local stocks remain at 21,000 bu.

Seeds were dull. A little cash timothy sold at $5.40. March remaining nominally $5.75. Contract clover was a shade easier at $9.25.

Flaxseed showed little life, No. 1 Northwestern being $1.48 bid. November was $1.48 asked, with $1.46 bid. December sold at $1.43, closing $1.42¾ bid. May sold $1.50, closing with this bid. Receipts were 60 cars here, 194 at Duluth, and 183 at Minneapolis.

Figures for the Day.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Nov. 2.	High.	Low.	Closed Closed yes- Nov. 5. terday. 1900.
Nov ...	70⅜	....	....	70⅜ 72
Dec ...	70⅜	71¼	70⅝-¾	71¼-⅜ 74-
May ...	74⅛	74⅝	74⅛	74⅜ 77⅝

CORN.

Nov ...	57⅛	58⅛	57⅛	57⅞	57⅞
Dec ...	55¾	56¾	55¾-¾	56⅜	57⅜
May ...	60¾	61⅝	60⅝	61⅛	56¾

OATS.

Nov ...	25	....	....	....	31¼
Dec ...	25¾	27⅜	25¾-7	27⅜	31
May ...	29	29¾-¾	29	29¾	27

PORK.

Nov ...	12.75	....	....	12.75	10.62½
Jan ...	12.00	12.07½	11.95-12.00	12.07½	11.25
May ...	12.00	12.07½	11.95	12.02½	.....

LARD.

Nov ...	6.87½	....	....	6.80	7.02½
Jan ...	6.80	6.85	6.80	6.85	6.12½
May ...	6.70	6.80	6.65	6.80½	.....

SHORT RIBS.

Nov ...	7.80	....	....	7.85	6.35
Jan ...	7.10-.15	7.12½	7.05-.10	7.05-.10	6.00
May ...	7.00-.05	7.05	7.00	7.02½	.....

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	37	42	1	80
Spring wheat	74	84	31	189
Corn	12	24	1	37
Oats	79	135	80	294
Rye	14	4	3	21
Barley	15	43	34	77
Totals	111	287	118	561

Inspected out: 158,199 bu corn. From unlicensed elevators: 16 cars and 219,000 bu corn, 73 cars and 90,000 bu corn, 3 cars and 33,500 bu spring wheat.

The secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain [bu]:

	Nov. 2, 1901.	Oct. 26, 1901.	Oct. 19, 1901.	Nov. 3, 1900.
Wheat	41,192,000	40,634,000	39,393,000	60,083,000
Corn	13,900,000	13,625,000	13,449,000	7,063,000
Oats	8,060,000	8,247,000	8,044,000	13,164,000
Rye	1,044,000	1,052,000	1,044,000	1,100,000
Barley	2,366,000	2,630,000	2,586,000	2,611,000

The following are changes for a week:

	Inc., bu.	Dec., bu.
Wheat	558,000	736,000
Corn		148,000
Oats		
Rye	91,000	
Barley		454,000

The following are the amounts of grain in store and afloat in the city on the dates named [bu]:

	Nov. 2, 1901.	Oct. 26, 1901.	Oct. 19, 1901.	Nov. 3, 1900.
Wheat	5,172,000	5,096,000	5,210,000	13,008,000
Corn	1,063,000	1,134,000	1,281,000	1,781,000
Oats	1,607,000	1,741,000	1,876,000	1,470,000
Rye	734,000	650,000	415,000	533,000
Barley	21,000	21,000	21,000	62,000

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Steady and unchanged. Winter patents, $3.40@3.50; straights, $3.20@3.30; spring, special brands, $4.00@4.10; hard spring patents, $3.40@3.60; soft bakers' and pearl, bags, $2.30@2.60; rye, white, bris, $2.70@2.80.

WINTER WHEAT—Quiet but firmer. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 hard, 70¾@70¾c. On track: No. 3 hard, 70¾c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 72c; mixed wheat, free on board, No. 3, 69¼@70c.

SPRING WHEAT—Firm. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 67¼@67½c; No. 2 Northern, 67½@67¾c. On track: No. 1 Northern, 71¼c. Free on board: No. 4, 65@67½c; No. 3, 69¼c. Billed through: No. 4, 65c; No. 3, 69¼@70¼c.

CORN—In good demand and stronger. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 yellow, 59½@59¾c; 25,000 bu for shipment on p. t.; No. 4, new, 56c. On track and free on board: No. 4, 56@56½c; No. 3, 59@59½c; No. 2 yellow, 59¼@60c; No. 3 white, 56@56½c. Ears, 58c. Billed through: No. 4, 54c; No. 3, 57@58¼c; No. 3 yellow, 57½@58c; No. 2 yellow, 58¼@58¾c; No. 3 white, 58¾c.

OATS—In active demand and ½@¾c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 white, 40¾c; white clipped, 56,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3 red, track and free on board: No. 4 white, 40@40¼c; No. 3, 38½@39¼c; No. 2 white, 40¾@41c. Billed through: No. 4, 37¾c; No. 4 white, 38½@39c; No. 3, 37½@38c; No. 3 white, 38¾@40c; No. 2, 37¼@37½c; No. 2 white, 39½@40¼c.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated arrivals for today are 190 cars wheat, 155 cars corn, 265 cars oats, and 31,000 hogs.

"I do not believe much corn or oats will come from Iowa to Chicago this winter," said M. McFarlin of the Des Moines Elevator company. "We are getting 2c to 3c over what corn will bring here to ship it Southwest and feeders are coming into Iowa. Little new corn has been received at elevators because no one cannot safely bid for it, there is so much uncertainty about the grade. A week of this sort of weather may settle the question. There are more oats at stations, but they seem too low at 20c to 22c under corn and there is no pressure to sell them. Besides there is a better demand, at better prices, from Kansas and Missouri. It is hard to tell whether the high price of corn offsets the short crop, but it seems as though industries and feeders, money being plenty, will take it right along."

"The directors of the Board of Trade," said President Warren, "have not officially discussed the subject of a new Chief Grain Inspector and have no advices there is going to be a change of any kind in the administration of that office; nor can I say what steps, if any, in the event of a change would be taken by the board to have the inspection department put under Board of Trade control. The board, however, has never given up hope that some time the office may be conducted on a better and more satisfactory basis." Inspector Bidwill also disclaims any knowledge of a prospective change in the administration of the Grain Inspection department through his transfer to the Railway and Warehouse commission. "I am not looking for it," he said, "and don't want it. I would even prefer to be left where I am."

The heavy buying of December wheat by Armour, around 500,000 bu, was a feature of the pit trade which somewhat mystified local operators, the general belief being that May would be put out against it on the next bulge. There were no signs, however, of important selling of May by that interest.

The Violation of Rules committee, before which body Eugene Betts was summoned on a charge of making an irregular trade in oats, found no grounds whatever for the complaint, Ware-Leland producing orders for all the transactions made. The committee exonerated Mr. Betts from any irregularity.

The average weight of hogs last week was 229 lbs, against 234 lbs the previous week, 236 lbs a year ago, and 244 lbs in 1899.

Rosenbaum has advices from Minnesota putting the figures on the marketed barley at 50 to 65 per cent. It is admitted, however, that the percentage in farmers' hands may not be 50 per cent owing to the large quantities being fed. This, it is claimed, will continue as long as the price remains below 1c a pound in the country.

A Minneapolis message to Ware-Leland claimed two or three firms at that point were picking up December wheat and apparently snapped all they could get. The demand for December was such that cash did not follow it, being 1c under, while sales were made at the close of the week at the same price.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—[Special.]—Dry goods—Interest in the election interfered considerably with business, and the market was dull in all directions. The tone has ruled quite steady. The Fall River market has been inactive, without change in price.

Slight Decline in Coffee.

Coffee—Spot Rio dull at 6.44c for No. 7. No sales. Futures declined 5@10 points, closing steady. Sales, 32,000 bags. Havre declined ⅛ franc and Hamburg ⅛@¼ pfg. American warehouse deliveries last week, 131,842 bags, against 148,896 bags in the previous week and 89,320 bags last year. Holiday in Brazil.

Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive—Spring chickens, per lb, 9½c; fowls, 8½c; turkeys, 8@10c; ducks, Western, per pair, 60@70c. Dressed—Spring turkeys, dry-picked, per lb, 10@11c; scalded, 8@10c; spring chickens, Western dry-picked, average best, 9@9½c; Western scalded, average best, 9@9½c; fowls, Western dry-picked, average best, 8@9c; do, scalded, 8½c; ducks, spring Western, per lb, 9@11c.

Butter of All Grades.

Butter—Creamery, extras, per lb, 22½c; do firsts, 20@21½c; do seconds, 17½@19½c; creamery, June make, extras, 21@21½c; do firsts, 19½@20½c; Western imitation creamery, fancy, 17½@18c; do firsts, 15½@16c; Western factory, June packed, fancy, 15½@15½c; do fair to choice, 14@15c; do fresh, choice, 14½@15c; renovated butter, fancy, 18c.

Dull in Metal Markets.

Tin was unsettled and easy at $24.50@25.00 for spot. Copper market unchanged and quiet. Lead dull and unchanged at $4.37½. Spelter dull at home and abroad. Domestic iron markets were quiet.

FEAR THE TAX DECISION.

J. J. MITCHELL TALKS OF THE EASTERN INVESTORS.

On Returning from New York He Declares That People Are Thoroughly Disturbed and Will Not Invest Here—Speaks of Enormous Bond Purchases as a Feature of Financial Situation — Shipment of Currency from New York to Chicago.

President John J. Mitchell of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, who returned yesterday from a week's trip to New York, said that people there were especially interested in the tax decision of the Illinois Supreme Court and its effect.

"The feeling is that Chicago and Illinois have given evidence that they are hostile to capital," said Mr. Mitchell. "I tried to assure people that the tax will be uniformly enforced; that it will be distributed and not fall heavily on any one industry, but I was not successful in impressing them. They were all thoroughly disturbed. New enterprises planned in Chicago will be held off, and people will not invest here. Not only holders of corporation securities but owners of real estate were anxious over the situation.

"I am of the belief that the State Board of Equalization will be reasonable, and that the tax must be distributed among a great many enterprises, including a number that are exempt now. So much had developed regarding the hostility of the State and city to capital that an issue had to come, and this decision has brought it about. Eastern people are not going to put money into Chicago, for they are not encouraged to do so."

Mr. Mitchell mentioned in speaking of the financial situation the enormous purchases of bonds in New. "They are the heaviest for the last two years," he said. "They show a large accumulation of investment money which the public is putting into bonds instead of stock.

"We have had prosperity for some time, and I think that we have seen the highest point. I don't believe we will go down hill, but a poor feature in the outlook is that the foreign situation is bad. A good deal of money is going abroad to repay loans. The replacing of these loans which were made abroad accounts for the recent increases in the loan item in the New York bank statement. These will keep on for awhile. Exports of gold will not allow any great accumulation of surplus reserve. It is not believed, however, that money will be tight. Everything seems busy but the ticker."

Financial Topics.

The New York Subtreasury transferred $200,000 to Chicago for banks yesterday. This is the first shipment to Chicago for several weeks and indicates a resumption of wheat movements.

Lazard Freres ordered $1,500,000 gold at the New York assay office yesterday for shipment to Paris today. It is expected that exports this week will aggregate $5,000,000 or more.

A dispatch from Montreal says that returns received by the Canadian Pacific road show that nearly 6,000,000 acres of land have been marketed so far this year as compared with 1,500,000 bu in the corresponding period of last year. The daily average is 350,000 bu.

The New York Stock Exchange will be closed today on account of the election. The Chicago exchange of course will be open as usual.

Chicago commission houses sold People's Gas again in yesterday's market. Commission business in Chicago is at a low level. In some instances, however, local brokers report that they are carrying large lines of stock.

Call money ruled in New York yesterday at 4 per cent, with the last loan at 3. Money closed at 3 to 3½ per cent.

Standard Oil stock became strong in the New York curb market, advancing from 712 to 720, and closing at 718 to 720. The close on Saturday was 705 to 710.

A dispatch from Butte says that all the mines of the Boston and Montana company and the principal producers of the Anaconda Copper company are still closed, while there is also a material reduction in the working forces of the other companies. A conservative estimate, the dispatch says, is that by the present curtailment of operations the production of copper has been reduced fully 75 per cent. The shutdown of the Boston and Montana and Anaconda mines, which it was stated would be for a short time only, is now said will be indefinite.

The American Strawboard company has issued a new price card. Practically no changes appear.

An official of the American Steel and Wire company says: "We control fully 90 per cent of the wire nail production of this country, and the cut of 5c in prices made by the independent mills is not being noticed."

Consul Monaghan sends from Chemnitz extracts from an article in the Berliner Tageblatt reviewing prevailing conditions in the various branches of industry in Germany, as follows: "The whole iron industry is in a state of depression. Factories for the production of railroad supplies seem to be the busiest, but even they have not as many orders as last year. The smaller iron industries are suffering from a falling off in exports. The same is true of machine factories. They are running on short time, and great numbers of workmen have been discharged. Even the textile industries are no exception. Wherever mills are running it is generally at the cost of the price of the wares. Manufacturers in the cotton spinning industry lately have been compelled to limit their production more and more. The flax spinners also were forced to work on short time, owing to the high price of flax and the low price of the ready article. Trade is not good in the woolen spinning industry, but the worsted spinners are tolerably busy. In other weaving branches there is a scarcity of orders. In agricultural circles people are not satisfied with the grain harvest. The scarcity of workmen was not felt so much this year as last, owing to the number from other industries seeking employment on farms."

Foreign Exchange.

C. Schumacher & Co. in their weekly review of the foreign exchange market say: "At the rate at which exchange is now advancing further gold shipments are among the possibilities of the near future, strange as it may appear that we should have to ship gold at a season of the year when gold is generally coming here from abroad in large amounts to pay for our agricultural and other products which are needed in Europe, but which it apparently cannot afford to buy of us in the usual quantities, having evidently had its purchasing powers reduced by our vast exports of the last few years. Until Europe gets into better shape we cannot look for any further such large trade balances in our favor as those of the last few years, and if we are to keep a ready market for our products abroad and keep our gold at home we should make up our minds to take in return for our produce some of the wares which Europe can produce cheaper than we can. Call this reciprocity or any other name, the time has come when something should be done."

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following rates in Chicago:

SELLING RATES.

Checks, London	487
Checks, Paris	5.15¾
Checks, Berlin	95 7-16
Checks, Holland	40¾-1-16

BUYING RATES.

60 days, London, bankers	483¾
60 days, London, documentary	483¾
8 days, Paris	5.16¾-1-16
30 days, Paris, documentary	5.19¾
8 days, Paris	5.17¾
30 days, Antwerp	5.19¾-1-16
8 days, Hamburg	95 5-16
30 days, Germany, documentary	94⅝
30 days, Germany, bankers	94⅝
8 days, Holland	40 1-16
30 days, Holland	40

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	17	17¾
Do pfd	62¼	63
American Hide and Leather	5	6¼
Do pfd	28½	30
Bay State Gas	¾	⅞
British Columbia Copper	13⅝	14
Compressed Air	15¼	15
Electric Boat	2⅝	3
Do pfd	40	50
Electric Vehicle	1½	2
Do pfd	3½	4¼
General Carriage	6	7½
Havana Commercial Co	12⅝	13¼
Do pfd	44	50
Illinois Vehicle	¼	⅝
National City Bank	600	650
Nat. Enamelling and Stamp Co	25	27
Do pfd	83	85
Nor. Elec. Vehicle Trans	1	1¼
Otis Elevator	30	30¼
Do pfd	92	93
Pitts.-Bessemer and L. E	35½	36
Royal Baking Powder pfd	101	101½
Seaboard Air Line	30	32½
Do pfd	50	52½
Do 5s	84½	85
Standard Oil	710	720
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	9¾	10¼
Do pfd	30	35

Can and Traction Still Lower.

American Can preferred stock sold in yesterday's Chicago stock market 2 points below the price touched in the panic of May 9. From an opening at 64½ the stock declined to 62 and closed there, total transactions being only 615 shares. Can common sold off to 17 and closed at 17¼, a net loss of ⅛. At the closing prices the stocks represented a loss of 19¾ to the underwriters.

Traction issues also were lower, the common selling as low as 18⅝ and the preferred going off to 52⅛. This is a loss of 1¼ for the common and 1 for the preferred. Lake Street Elevated lost ⅝. West Chicago was lower in sympathy with Traction and lost ⅛ to 98. The bond list showed a good volume of buying.

Sales on the Exchange were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	615	17⅛	17	17¼
Do pfd	615	64⅝	62	63
Central Union Telephone	100	40	40	40
Chicago Edison	64	162	160	160
Chicago Union Traction	200	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
Do pfd	200	52⅝	52⅛	52⅜
Lake Street Elevated	100	24¾	24⅝	24⅝
Metropolitan Elevated pfd	10	90½	90½	90½
National Biscuit	425	43¾	43	43
National Carbon	100	21¼	20¾	21
Do pfd	60	95	95	95
Shelby Steel Tube	100	10¾	10¾	10¾
Do pfd	100	52¾	52¾	52¾
Street's Stable Car	50	24	24	24
United States Steel	200	43	43	43
West Chicago	155	99	97¼	98

BONDS.

$ 5000 N W L 6s	99¾	$ 1000 Met L 6s	101	
12000 do	99¾	1000 Met L 6s	101	
30000 do	99¾	1000 Lake Inc 5s	95	
1000 do	99	4000 Lake Ash 5s	105	
1000 Met L 6s	101	500 do	105¾	
9000 do	101¼			

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Nov. 4	Oct. 28
New York	$142,974,982	$124,170,913
Chicago	20,542,911	27,513,004
Boston	17,124,162	15,711,061
Philadelphia	15,852,054	14,760,581
St. Louis	6,302,629	7,058,612
San Francisco	4,475,000	3,857,741

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 35c

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 4.—[Special.]—The local market continued in an apathetic condition today, with the tendency of prices downward. Even in Amalgamated but little business was transacted.

Call loans, 3½@4 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 4½@4½ per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Clearing-house loans, 2½@3 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	1,200	86	86½	86	86½
Arcadian	700	8	8	8	8
Atlantic	50	37	37	37	37
Allouez	100	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
Adventure	200	22½	23	22½	23
Arcadian	200	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Do pfd	100	97½	97½	97	97
Am. Sugar	500	117¾	118	117¾	117¾
Do pfd	100	116	116	116	116
Am. Tel	150	158	158	157	157¾
British Col	100	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¾
Bingham	100	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Centennial	200	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
Cochiti	100	4	4	4	4
Copper Range	100	61	61	60	60
Chicago Junction	50	156	156	156	156
Dom. Coal	400	48	49	48	49
Erie River	200	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Erie Tel	850	22½	23½	21½	21½
Franklin	100	22½	22½	22½	22½
Fitchburg, pfd	50	144½	144½	144½	144½
Isle Royale	200	22	22	21½	21½
La Salle Mining	1,100	20	20	19½	19½
Michigan	200	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
Mex. Tel	50	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Mass. Gas	100	37	37	37	37
Do pfd	100	94½	94½	94½	94½
Mayflower	100	4	4	4	4
National	100	4	4	4	4
N. J. Coke	400	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4⅜
Old Dominion	400	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Parrott	100	37½	37½	37½	37½
Pere Marquette	400	88½	89	88	89
Do pfd	20	87	87	87	87
Phoenix	100	5	5	5	5
Quincy	100	160	160	160	160
Swift & Co	20	107	107	106¾	106¾
Tamarack	200	225	225	225	225
Trinity	150	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼
Union Pacific	4,000

EXAS
OIL &
E LINE CO.
V. 6TH IS THE LAST DAY
osure stock in this company
0c PER SHARE.
$1.00, full-paid and non-assessable.)
CE ADVANCES
0c PER SHARE
close of business on Wednesday.
NOV. 6TH.
Own The Biggest Well in the World, 0,000 Barrels Daily.
owing telegrams have been re
Beaumont, Oct. 31, 1901.
OIL & PIPE LINE CO.,
49 Broadway, New York.
Kept my promise and brought in well in the world. Easily good 0 barrels daily. 940 feet deep, 39 oil sand. Will mail certificate
F. M. BROWN, Field Manager.
Beaumont, Oct. 31, 1901.
AMERICAN TRUST CO.,
135 Broadway, New York.
Oil and Pipe Line Company's perior to any in the field."
VIDSON, Pres. First Nat'l Bank.
Beaumont, Oct. 31, 1901.
H. GRAHAM, Pres.
xas Oil & Pipe Line Co.,
149 Broadway, New York.
ave the greatest gusher on Spin-
C. F. Z. CARACRISTI.
orders for stock at 50 cents per share tively be dated and postmarked than Nov. 6th, as otherwise they e accepted.
aks payable to the order of the company thorized fiscal agents.
FORD MAKEEVER,
84 Adams-st.,
Chicago, Ill.
stance Tel. Harrison 1540.
nger Farwell & Comp'y
kers and Brokers
a Salle-st. 71 Broadway
icago New York
rs New York Stock Exchange.
rs Chicago Stock Exchange.
EDWARD L. EWSTER & CO.
Stock Brokers,
ADAMS STREET.
rs New York Stock Exchange.
rs Chicago Stock Exchange.
TIES CARRIED ON MARGINS.
Bilson Fractions Bought and Sold."
PLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY.
(of Chicago).
Wall Street, New York, Nov. 1st, 1901.
,000 additional stock of the PEOPLES AS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago) issued on the New York Stock Ex- ange is hereby given that on and after Nov. 6th, the Fiscal Agency of the PEOPLES GAS LIGHT AND COKE COMPANY (of Chicago) in the City of New York, will be closed. Certificates of the additional stock are exchangeable for certificates of the PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago) at the office of the Fiscal Agency in the City of New York. No. 54 Wall Street, New York. Certificates engraved stock certificates of the PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago) for fractional parts of shares may be obtained. Certificates presented for exchange must be indorsed in blank, and if engraved certificates are desired a duly executed power of attorney, the proper stamps must be attached and the signature must be duly verified.
GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY
H. W. OLCOTT,
Assistant Secretary.
NOTICE
is given that the partnership lately existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of
CHAPIN & GAYLORD,
was dissolved on the 4th day of November, 1901, by mutual consent. Robert Gaylord having withdrawn from the firm.
All business heretofore conducted by said firm will be settled at No. 9 Rookery Building, Chicago, and 618 Empire Building, New York, will be continued by Simeon B. Chapin, Robert Gaylord and Tracy L. Turner, under the firm name of
S. B. CHAPIN & CO.,
who are authorized to pay all debts of said firm and receive all outstanding accounts due to said firm.
SIMEON B. CHAPIN,
ROBERT GAYLORD,
FREDERICK F. COUDITES,
TRACY L. TURNER.
INVESTORS
ead the Business ance column to- y. You will find any interesting d profitable offers.
GAS LIGHT AND COKE CO. (of Chicago).
is hereby given that a dividend of ONE DOLLAR PER SHARE has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable at the office of the Company on November 15th, 1901. Transfer books will close in New York on the 6th inst., at 3 p. m., and will reopen on the 16th inst., at 10 a. m.
L. A. WILLEY, Secretary.
TRIBUNE PRINTS ALL THE NEWS.

HARRIMAN-HILL DEAL REPORTED.

Plan to Divide Business Between Burlington and Pacific Coast Lines.

NEW SECURITY COMPANY.

This Corporation Will Take Over Securities of the Roads Interested.

GENERAL RAILWAY NEWS.

Rumors were current yesterday that the Northern Pacific complications had been adjusted amicably and that this will establish close business relations between the Harriman and the Hill roads. No information regarding it was obtained from New York, but it was claimed that the news was brought here by a prominent Western financier who had just returned from the East after having been in consultation with those interested in the Northern Pacific deal.

The plan which it is said has been practically agreed upon is outlined as follows:

A security company to be formed of which J. J. Hill is to be the President, the company to include all of the values of the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific, and the Burlington. The Union Pacific is to have a one-third interest in this security organization, upon whose Board of Directors the Harriman-Kuhn, Loeb & Co. interests will be represented. Each road is to be allotted a certain territory in a manner that will avoid all traffic conflicts. There is to be no change in the status of these securities excepting the Northern Pacific preferred. This issue, it is said, is to be retired by a 4½ per cent bond on a basis of 120.

An official announcement, with all essential details, it is said, will be issued within a week. Railway officials here doubt the correctness of the plan, but they think some action will be taken shortly to settle the Northern Pacific disagreement.

East-Bound Shipments Lighter.

East-bound freight shipments by the all-rail lines from Chicago last week were lighter than for the previous week. Old contracts made at cut rates are being closed up, but it probably will take until Dec. 1 before many of the roads will be prepared to take new business and charge the higher rates recently put in effect. Flour shipments last week were 108,971 barrels, a decrease of 3,533 barrels from the previous week and an increase of 45,136 barrels over last year. Grain shipments were 1,531,000 bushels, a decrease of 9,000 bushels for the week and a gain of 258,000 bushels over last year. Shipments of provisions were 29,152 tons, or 1,060 tons in excess of the previous week and 3,617 tons over last year.

Deliveries of grain here last week were the smallest in four months and the lightest in seven years for the last week in October. Aggregate receipts were 4,490,000 bushels, a decrease of 377,000 bushels from the previous week and of 508,000 bushels from last year. The Milwaukee and St. Paul remained in the lead of all roads, securing 23 per cent of the traffic; the Rock Island moved up into second place with 14 per cent; the Northwestern and Burlington practically divided fourth place between them, each getting 13 per cent; the Illinois Central came in with 9 per cent; the Santa Fé had only 4 per cent, and the Great Western 3 per cent.

New Toledo-St. Louis Line.

The recent purchase of the Eel River railroad by the Lake Shore and Pennsylvania companies, acting jointly, it transpires, was a significant move. It is announced that the two companies will combine to make a Toledo-St. Louis route, using the Lake Shore to Butler, Ind., the Eel River to Logansport, and the Pennsylvania's line to St. Louis. The route is only sixteen miles longer than the Wabash. Through freight and passenger service is to be established. This is said to be in retaliation for the Wabash building a new Chicago-Toledo line in competition with the Lake Shore and a Pittsburg line in competition with the Pennsylvania.

Transportation Notes.

Chief Engineer Brown of the Pennsylvania railroad company emphatically denied the truth of the report from Altoona that his company contemplated the construction of a tunnel under the mountains near the famous Horseshoe Curve, coming out at a point west of Cresson, for the purpose of getting rid of the grade and curve.

Announcement is made by the Chicago Great Western of the following appointments: C. P. Cogswell Jr. to be acting division engineer of the Fort Dodge division, which will include all tracks from Hayfield to Lehigh, with headquarters at Fort Dodge, Ia. W. F. Mahoney will be roadmaster of the Fort Dodge division, having jurisdiction over all tracks, bridges, and buildings, with headquarters at Fort Dodge. J. R. Stevens will be assistant roadmaster of the Fort Dodge division, with headquarters at Mason City.

Gross earnings of the Milwaukee and St. Paul for the fourth week of October were phenomenally large, reaching $1,643,250, against $1,534,910 for the corresponding week last year, an increase of $108,340.

LUETGERT SAUSAGE FACTORY SALE FINALLY IS COMPLETE.

Notorious Building, Through Master's Deed, Passes to Mrs. Helen Tuohy—Other Deals in Real Estate.

The last step in the passing of the notorious Luetgert sausage factory to a new owner was completed yesterday with the filing of a master's deed conveying the property to Mrs. Helen Tuohy of Rogers Park. Mrs Tuohy bid $41,297 for the premises at foreclosure sale.

The building is of brick, four stories high, and stands on ground 150x300 feet. It was built by Luetgert several years ago and was used for a sausage factory, but at the time of the tragedy which brought it into prominence he was beginning to operate it as a soap factory. It has not been used since the tragedy.

Victor F. Lawson has purchased from Edmund C. Ingalls of Oak Park an undivided one-half interest in the premises at 119 Fifth avenue, 22x81 feet, with four-story building. Only a nominal consideration is named in the deed, but the $18.75 in revenue stamps affixed indicate a value of $40,000. On Nov. 14, 1874, Mr. Ingalls and his brother George, who owns the other half of the property, leased it to James L. Batcheller for a term ending Nov. 1, 1905. This lease was acquired by Mr. Lawson on Oct. 28, 1895. The present sale was negotiated by Walter H. Wilson & Co.

The Illinois Medical College and Summer School of Medicine has purchased from the People's Gas Light and Coke company the old headquarters of the latter company at the southwest corner of Washington boulevard and Halsted street for $50,000. The college gave back a trust deed for $45,000, part purchase money, running five years at per cent. The building is four stories and basement, 82x100 feet, and will be extensively remodeled by the college, which will take possession of it by the first of the year.

Two quit claim deeds to clear title to the premises at 303-305 Wabash avenue, 30x170 feet, were filed yesterday. In one Thomas M. Walker of New London, Conn., and Albert R. Page of New York City convey to Isaac T. Farrell of Hartford, Conn., an undivided three-fourths interest; and in the second deed the same grantors convey to Thomas M. Waller and S. Harrison Wagner of Waller & Wagner, New York, an undivided one-quarter interest.

"Copeland" stoves and ranges. Awarded first prize Paris Exposition, 1900.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Holdom—209628—Arthur H. Holt vs. Illinois Car and Equipment Co.; on findg., $235; satisfied.—217491—Edwin Plumgner vs. Anderson; on ver., $2.—218600—William L. Brent vs. Kate B. Parish; by dedt., $772.40.—207210—Fred Newman vs. J. A. and Frederike Kleinke; mo. n. l. denied and judt., $242.70; appl.

Judge Brentano—2230—Jennie Farley vs. William M. Moore; on findg., $275; satisfied.

Judge Garry—189074—Milo H. Wagar vs. Patrick F. Ryan; on find., $4,061.44.

Judge Hutchinson—210727—Charles T. Mason et al. vs. Samuel B. Lingle; by dedft., $1,085.65.

Judge Haney—220453—State Bk. of Chicago vs. Muskoka Lumber Co.; mo. pltf. attch. sustd. and Muskoka Lumber Co. for $1,082.97 judt. in rem. vs. Muskoka Lumber Co. for $1,082.97 and spec. szn. and property levied, condl. judt., etc.

Judge Burke—215906—Frank Willuweit vs. C. U. T. Co.; on ver., $750; satisfied.—220796—Smith & T. Co.; on ver., $750; satisfied.—2220521—Baker vs. N. H. Michaels; on ver., $110.—2220521—Margaret Conatrello vs. City; on findg., $200.

Judge Baker—210422—London Guarantee and Accident Co. vs. Natl. Stone Co.; on findg., $470.38.

Decrees.

Judge Chetlain—2747—Vancura vs. Nowak; dec. sale.

Judge Stein—1966—Hubard vs. Furness; dec. sale.—756—Wangiesiai vs. Orsada; dec. sale.—1772—Bates vs. Boemie; dec. sale.—1526—Bates vs. Witt; dec.

Judge Kavanagh—1485—Earhardt vs. Earhardt; dec. div.

Judge Tuley—2496—Rogers vs. Lakomi; dec. sale.

Judge Horton—7546—Schlietter vs. Schlietter; dec.—1324—Sonn vs. Christman; dec. sale.—2807—Brodie vs. McCormick; dec. sale.

Judge Baker—17044—Illinois Trust Co. vs. Mediand Temple Co.; def. dec.—9051—Brooks vs. Quinn; dec. sale.—353—[I. r.] In re petn. of Scanlan; dec.—4100—Sunderlund vs. Woolbridge; dec. sale.

Judge Willis—719—Jones vs. Griffin; dec. sale.

Judge Haney—7346—Van Dell vs. Van Dell; dec.

Judge Bishop—9213—Mason vs. Mason; dec. div.

Judge Caskins—Caskins; dec. div.—6845—Main vs. Bain; dec. div.—4333—McLaughlin vs. McLaughlin; dec. div.—9114—Clancy vs. Clancy; dec. div.—8257—Poppertuss vs. Poppertuss; dec. div.—5675—Hawkes vs. Hawkes; dec. div.—8650—Roth vs. Roth; dec. div.—221468—Lapham vs. Lapham; dec. div.—220704—Jonorka vs. Jonorka; dec. div.—5697—Haining vs. Haining; dec. div.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

9630—Benjamin F. Hoke; liabil., $28,000; no assets; O'Brien & McSherry, attys.

9640—Frederick E. Franks; liabil., $1,400; assets, $400; Grant Newell, atty.

9641—Francis H. Stevens; liabil., $500; assets, $300; A. K. Manning, atty.

9642—Fred Miller; liabil., $400; no assets; J. A. Hoover, atty.

9643—Frederick W. Miller; liabil., $700; assets, $500; L. B. Langworthy, atty.

9644—Albert D. Hilegas; liabil., $9,300; assets, $3,900; Wheeler & Silber, attys.

9645—Martin Ludolph; liabil., $3,500; assets, $200; L. M. Kane, atty.

9646—Norman E. Beall; liabil., $300; no assets; James Turnock, atty.

9647—Julius B. Fox and Leo J. Strauss; liabil., $25,000; assets, $4,000; A. J. Fisaum, atty.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Tuley—Trial call [Law], 3220, 3523, 3646, 2007[illegible].

Judge Haney—Trial call [Law], 3390, 5025, 5319, 6781, 3439, 4408, 4500, 5269, 4725, 3023, 10254, 6124, 8779. Short cause call, 17725, 18136, 13564, 5145, 10937, 17036, 17214, 17122, 18316, 18249, 14036, 18180, 14944, 16301, 18048, 13146.

Judge Horton—Trial call [Chancery], 6797.

Judge Neely—3385 on trial.

Judge Clifford—Trial call [Law], 12753, 12883, 12940, 13090, 13129, 13130, 14194, 12216, 13397, 13322, 13352, 15269, 11796, 11368, 11196, 10747, 5161, 12932 on trial.

Judge Burke—Trial call [Law], 2659, 4470, 4513, 5451, 2640, 4948, 5949, 5009, 6163, 2170 on trial. And motions for new trial.

Judge Baker—12465 on trial.

Judge Willis—Trial call [law]—8361, 8375, 8266, 7472, 4566, 6234; on trial, 394.

Judge Holdom—Trial call [law]—3479, 3480, 3493, 3339, 3624, 3625, 3630, 3631, 3685, 3120, 3576, 3749, 3750, 3494, 3151, 3122, 3674, 3750, 3751, 3752 on trial.

Judge Chetlain—Trial call [chancery]—1167, 11000, 138, 717, 2137, 214762; on hearing, 212872.

Judge Haney—Trial call [law].

Judge Stein—Trial call [chancery]—118, 1950, 2002, 328.

Judge Gary—Trial call [law]—658, 678, 679, 708, 710, 733, 775, 778, 780, 1014, 1077, 4565, 4569, 4572, 4610, 4080, 1102, 1105, 1164, 1165, 1169, 1196, 1198, 1216, 1220, 1225, 1260, 1270, 1904, 1907, 1310, 1332, 3785, 4511, 1718.

Judge Brentano—Trial call [law], 3100, 3173, 2219, 3360, 3766, 3585, 3288, 3488, 3439, 3602, 3442, 3500, 3510. On trial 3332.

Judge Hutchinson—First call, 201 to 300, inclusive. Trial call [law], 3435, 3436, 3437, 3835, 4232, 4233, 4234, 4237, 4325, 4327, 4328, 4330, 4331, 4332, 4333, 4334, 4335, 4336, 4161. On trial, 4071.

Judge Patton—986, 1068, 1073, 613, 2125, 2124, 2126, 2129, 2136, 2195, 2207, 2208, 2207, 2038.

Judge Post—County Court—Trial call [law], 19198, 18462, 19465, 19085, 19171, 19707, 19224, 19225, 19229.

Judge Carpenter—County Court—Motions of course and legal objections in Grossdale special assessment cases 16 and 77.

Judge Ball—Criminal Court—1800, 1782, 1783, 1342.

Judge Dunne—Criminal Court—907, 1622, 1633, 1694, 1520.

Judge Smith—Criminal Court—1380, 1888, 1812, 1794, 1802.

Judge Kavanagh—Criminal Court—Call not extended.

Judge Cutting—Probate Court—10:30 a. m.—Estates of Guy C. McDonald, Henry Hillman, Elisabeth Finan, Patrick L. Garrety, Maydatena Passenders. 2:15 p. m.—Angela Rosania, Ferdinand Hasencamp, Samuel Beasley, Mary E. Tompkins, Amelia Welter, Thomas Hickelson.

United States Circuit Court of Appeals—No court.

United States Circuit Court—Judge Kohlsaat—2946? on trial; 2946?, 2947?, 2947?, 2948?, 2935?, 2936?, 2937?, 2938?, 2939?, 2940?, 2941?, 2942?, 2943?, 2944?, 2945?, 2946?, 2947?, 2948?, 2949?, 2950?, 2951?, 2952?, 2953?, 2954?, 2955?, 2956?, 2957?, 2958?, 2959?, 2960?, 2961?, 2962?, 2963?, 2964?, 2965?, 2966?, 2967?, 2968?, 2969?, 2970?, 2971?, 2972?, 2973?, 2974?,

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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1901.

No Brutal Shooting in Chicago.

The opposition in New York to the practice of using live birds for targets at trap shooting contests has made it impossible for the "American Handicap" to be held in that city next spring. Though New York may tolerate Tammany she has no place for gentlemen who are amused by wholesale slaughter of pigeons. It is likely, however, that the handicap will come West and will be conducted on new ground, with all the old incidents of heartless cruelty. Among the cities which have been mentioned for the dubious honor of serving as host on this occasion is Chicago. Let the event itself go elsewhere. The hands of these prospective guests have shed innocent blood and Chicago will not care to grasp them in her own. This pigeon shooting is not a hunt; it is an execution. It has few elements of sport in it. The birds are released from the traps only to be butchered.

The New York City Election.

Two weeks ago the New York Herald made a preliminary postal card poll to ascertain the probable result of the Mayoralty election to be held today. That poll indicated a small majority for Low in Brooklyn, but a larger majority against him in the boroughs composing the old City of New York. A new poll made by the Herald and the Brooklyn Eagle, the latter looking after Brooklyn only, indicates the election of Low. This latest poll gives him a majority over Shepard of 23,000 in Brooklyn and Richmond, and gives Shepard majorities of 10,000 in Manhattan, the Bronx, and Queens. Assuming the substantial accuracy of these figures Mr. Low will be elected Mayor, but Tammany will elect some important borough officers and will be likely to defeat Justice Jerome. All that can safely be claimed for these figures is that they show that the fusion ticket has made gains during the last two weeks and that in all probability the vote will be closer than either side is now willing to concede it will be.

A Good State Exhibit.

THE TRIBUNE has received from the office of Mr. C. E. Watson, Deputy Commissioner of Labor in Nebraska, a copy of the official statistical map of the State. It is seldom that a more interesting document issues from official sources. A great deal of what one wants to know about Nebraska can be found here in small compass. Tables of statistics on public lands, public schools, grain, and live stock, marriages and divorces, irrigation grants, artesian wells, libraries, secret organizations, and many other subjects are interspersed with pictures of typical scenes and buildings, while in the center is a map of the State, with railways and all other desirable features. The whole exhibit is creditable both to the State and to the Bureau of Labor; to the State for the excellent condition which makes an excellent report possible, and to the bureau for the zeal with which it has collected many different kinds of information, and for the skill with which it has put that information into attractive shape. Even considered merely as an advertisement for the State, few things could be better than this statistical display of Nebraskan progress.

GOLF AND TEMPERANCE.

With the end of Indian summer comes the end of the golf season as far as the more moderate devotees of the sport are concerned. Of course, there are some players whose devotion amounts to infatuation and who will continue to go around the links with red hands and blue noses until the snow drives them back to town. But for most people golfing is over till next spring. It is the right time, therefore, to make any remarks about the season in general and to notice what it has effected.

The remarks which might be made are, of course, innumerable. There is one, however, which will seem to many persons to be of prime importance. That is that golf has in a great many cases proved to be a successful rival of wine, beer, and spirits. If the matter were looked into carefully it might easily be shown that the playing of golf, like the playing of any other athletic game, reduces the consumption of liquor. In the first place, the men who play golf are taken away from the billiard-rooms, with the attendant bar, where they might otherwise take their recreation in the afternoon and evening, and are carried out into the country, there to pass their time in the open air, where the fumes of tobacco are lost in the fragrance of fields and trees and where cocktails and gin fizzes yield to cool streams and water-barrels. Many a down-town resort has felt the absence of former customers who have taken to outdoor life.

It is true, of course, that the clubhouse on almost every links is furnished with the stimulating liquids and the ingenious skilled laborers necessary for the production of American mixed drinks, but in the case of at least one of the most important clubs it is well known that the bar receipts have shown a steady decrease for the last four or five years. Men find that a drink or two between the ninth and tenth holes will have a perceptibly bad influence on their score. Therefore they prefer not to drink while they are playing. And after the playing is over most men are ready for an early return home. Cards, dancing, and drinking, although still practiced by a great many with great enthusiasm, tend to languish in a club where golf is the main entertainment, and even at their worst they are not so bad as they are where the athletic element is not to be found. The friends of health and temperance, then, should welcome golf as an ally. They should also notice that in this case as in all others more is done for temperance by indirect substitution of other pleasures than by intemperate denunciation and inoperative prohibitory legislation.

THE COUNTY INSANE ASYLUM.

It is a serious thing that the care of the unfortunates—the sick and indigent—of this community should be in the hands of a board which has the effrontery to contract for this year's coal supply with the very firm implicated in the shameful coal scandals of last year. It is morally impossible that such a board should zealously and watchfully perform the remainder of its official duty. A body which squanders in political contracts the resources designed for its wards is bound also to become listless and debauched in its whole attitude toward them. Politics and patients are mutually exclusive in their respective interests.

This indicates precisely where official responsibility rests, not immediately but ultimately, for the charges just made respecting the ill-treatment of patients in the insane asylum at Dunning. It is alleged with much circumstantiality that two women died there last month from deliberate underfeeding by the attendants, the motive—to give it the best construction—being a purpose first to discipline troublesome patients and then to reduce them so that they would be removed out of the way to another ward. It is charged that the superintendent ignored notice of this practice while it was going on and also notice of two previous instances of similar conduct by one of the same attendants. It is affirmed that while obvious features of the institution, such as floors and bedspreads, are in excellent order, there is a dearth of attendants which provokes excessive resort to restraint, that no proper records of such restaint are kept as required by State law, that out of 800 women enrolled one day last week 163 slept on the floor, that their mattresses, thin in quality and in many cases worn out, were stacked in a side room without being aired and many of those used by the more helpless patients were filthy; that there is an insufficiency of blankets, that bathing facilities are deficient, and that only seventeen wraps for outdoor exercise could be found recently in a ward containing sixty-five patients. It is charged also that although hopeful cases of insanity require high medical skill, yet for seven weeks prior to last Saturday the superintendent omitted to fill the vacancy of head physician for the women—an omission alleged to be due to his dislike of the first person on the civil service list—the 800 women having in the meantime no medical attendance save that of two interns. Finally, it is charged that the staff of visiting physicians supposed to act for this institution does not do so, assumedly because of the intolerable manner in which it is managed.

The Civil Service Reform league—not the County board—has already announced that charges will be preferred against the attendants impeached. No prosecution of underlings, however, or even of the superintendent himself—who replies to the charges made by imputing bad motives—should shift attention from the seat of ultimate responsibility for the character of the entire administration at Dunning. It lies with the County board, whose fifteen members draw over $50,000 in salaries, and the consequences of whose coal scandals and related abuses rest finally upon the helpless members of the community.

EXTRADITION REFUSED.

The Governor of Indiana has refused to grant the requisition of the Governor of Kentucky for the extradition of ex-Governor Taylor and Charles W. Finley, who are under indictment for complicity in the murder of Governor Goebel. This is the second time extradition has been refused, and Governor Durbin in his letter to the Governor of Kentucky sets forth that the same reasons which ex-Governor Mount gave not only still remain but have grown stronger by reason of events which have occurred since that time.

Briefly, Governor Durbin declines to consign these two men to "the wild beasts at Ephesus" because they cannot have an unprejudiced and non-partisan trial, and because the alleged prosecution is in reality persecution. The Governor forcibly says, referring to the trial and conviction of Caleb Powers:

> I unhesitatingly affirm that conviction based upon such a mass of self-evident perjury reflects the poisoned passions of a court and jury and strengthens the belief that were those requisitions honored I would only be aiding the determination of the prosecution to convict these men without any reference to law, justice, or fact.

The Governor further adds that when any assurances of a fair and impartial trial are given the requisitions will be honored, and not until then. This, of course, ends the matter and exhausts the legal resources of the Kentucky authorities. So long as Taylor and Finley elect to remain in Indiana, and they will not be likely under the circumstances to return to Kentucky, there is no way the authorities of the latter State can get them under existing laws. To kidnap them would be illegal. While the constitution contemplates the surrender of every person charged with crime when demand is made by the Executive of the State from which he has fled, it is not remarkable that Messrs. Taylor and Finley do not care to go, and Governor Durbin does not care to have them go to a court for trial in which a jury will be organized for conviction, and in which a checkroom is kept open for the deposit of pistols as a preliminary of each day's session.

MRS. PADGETTE'S TRIUMPH.

It is only a few months ago that a Southern Colonel, a crusty old bachelor, created considerable interest in New York real estate circles, as well as diversion for the public, by his refusal to vacate his rooms in an apartment building which was about to be torn down to make way for a skyscraper. The Colonel being persistent in his refusal the wreckers began tearing down all around him, thus interfering with his lighting, heating, water, and elevator service, whereupon he applied to the courts and obtained an injunction of such a binding character that the owners of the property were glad to settle with him on his own terms so as to get speedy possession. It is not known how much the Colonel received, but it was undoubtedly a goodly sum, and, in the meantime, he had vindicated his personal rights, which probably pleased him more than the money did.

Now for the second time New York is interested in a somewhat similar case. The general principle as to right of tenancy is the same, but the details differ. In the place of a crusty old Southern Colonel and bachelor we have a dashing widow, who is a stage-struck beauty. Instead of living alone in an apartment about to be torn down she lives in a fashionable apartment house crowded with tenants. The method of procedure is the same, however. Mrs. Padgette has a lease of her rooms for a year and pays her rent in advance. Nevertheless, the owner called upon her the other day and requested her to leave. She promptly declined the invitation. Thereupon the water, gas, and electric light supply was cut off and she was refused the use of the elevator. She was in the same plight as the Colonel, and she resorted to the courts, as the Colonel did, and with the same fortunate result. She won a complete victory over the proprietor, and will remain where she is for a year with all the rights of the most privileged tenant.

The animus of the effort to oust the two tenants was widely different. The owners would have made no objection to the Southern Colonel's possession of his apartments had they not wanted to tear the building down. There was no one in the house to object to his staying there. He was monarch of all he surveyed, and as it turned out it was useless to dispute his title. Mrs. Padgette is an actress. That was enough to set all the other women in the apartment against her. They gossiped about her. They pulled their dresses aside when she passed. They conspicuously snubbed her. She cared little for all this, but when the owners tried to freeze her out then she rose and went to the courts and, the "court" being human and a man, and she being pretty and a widow, won her case and returned in triumph to enjoy a full supply of gas, electric light, and water. She will also ride in the same elevator with her persecutors and plume herself over their discomfiture.

BANK RS ON ASSET CURRENCY.

THE TRIBUNE printed yesterday a letter from a Chicago banker in which he said that he had not as yet "seen any evidence produced showing that the bankers of the country, as a whole, or even a majority of them, are in favor of asset currency." He courteously suggests, therefore, that it would be wise to avoid speaking of "the bankers" as a class as being in favor of asset currency, thus, perhaps, fostering an unjust class prejudice.

THE TRIBUNE admits that the American bankers as a class are not demanding an asset currency. It has not desired to create such an impression by anything it has said concerning that currency. When it has spoken of "the bankers" it has had in mind always the bankers who—with the Secretary of the Treasury at their head—have been prominent of late as advocates of an asset currency and who have assumed to be the spokesmen of the bankers as a class.

Whatever impression may exist in the public mind that bankers as a class are active or passive believers in the bank note heresies of Secretary Gage grows out of the fact that the bankers who agree with him have been doing all the talking while the bankers who do not agree with him have been doing all the thinking. It is only recently that the latter, concluding that their silence might be taken as assent to monetary theories they have no faith in, have begun talking. Their past taciturnity is not to be wondered at. Naturally a banker feels disinclined to criticise the views of a Secretary of the Treasury, who is ex-officio the chief of American bankers, until there seems to be need of that criticism. Nor are smaller bankers inclined to take issue with men at the head of great financial institutions—who often dislike opposition exceedingly, being somewhat autocratic—until it becomes necessary to do so to avoid being misunderstood.

The bankers who are against an asset currency are coming to the front now. They are resenting the assumption of the advocates of that currency that these advocates hold the proxies of all the bankers of the United States. It is becoming apparent now that Secretary Gage's army is not so large as his captains and lieutenants have tried to make the public believe it was.

THE TRIBUNE is convinced that a decided majority of the bankers in Illinois and the Northwest believe firmly that an asset currency would be a curse to the country. THE TRIBUNE is inclined to believe that if a private poll could be taken of the Chicago bankers a majority of them would say unhesitatingly that Secretary Gage's scheme, though buttressed with all the precautions that have been suggested, would be extra hazardous and ought not to be adopted. It is the belief of this paper that a poll of the Eastern bankers, those of New York City included, would reveal a similar state of mind.

The bankers who have proposed to convert the people to a belief in an asset currency will have to begin their operations by converting the majority of the bankers. The developments of the last few days show that this will be no easy task. There are not, after all, many bankers who wish to return to an old and discredited system of supplying the people with their currency.

TRUE SITUATION IN THE PHILIPPINES.

There appeared in Sunday's issue of THE TRIBUNE a letter from a staff correspondent at Manila, in which the proper method—the only effective method—of dealing with the Philippines was briefly set forth. The correspondent in question has not made a flying visit to Manila, as some Congressmen have done. He has spent months in Luzon and has used his eyes and ears to some purpose.

The islands, to be intelligently governed, must be governed from Manila, not from Washington. Congress can provide satisfactorily for the management of the affairs of territory, no matter how remote, when the inhabitants are Americans. when the inhabitants are Asiatics Congress, which, with all its wisdom, knows nothing of the workings of the Oriental mind, so difficult of understanding by those who study it at close quarters even, is unable to legislate wisely.

Congress must not tie the hands of the men on the ground. It must give to them the broadest possible powers and hold them responsible. If they make mistakes and fail to accomplish results, then they must make way for others. It must not be assumed, however, that they are making mistakes because their methods of government are not the same in all respects as those which prevail in the United States.

The correspondent of THE TRIBUNE says that of the Congressmen who have visited the Philippines during the last summer nearly all left "with a lively appreciation of their ignorance of things Philippine," but that one of these visitors promptly suggested the solution of problems which have puzzled the best heads on the commission, and departed prepared to introduce much "remedial legislation" in Congress. For the excellent reasons which have been given Congress should not attempt to administer remedies prescribed by amateurs.

To keep the Filipinos in order there is need of American priests rather than of Congressional legislation. To the extent that the Filipinos are Christians they are Roman Catholics. They desire the ministrations of that church. But they do not want and will not have the friars. They want secular priests. The sooner priests are sent there who will strive to keep their flocks quiet under the shadow of the American flag the sooner will the Philippine problem be solved.

It is not insoluble, but it can be solved only by men on the ground, who are endowed with patience, tact, and intelligence, and who have almost autocratic powers. Such men will be able in time to get at the workings of the Filipino mind and discover how to make the Filipinos acquiesce cheerfully in American rule.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY didn't duck during the fire of cross-examination, either.

THE Hon. Pat Crowe was merely having a little fun at the expense of his fellow-men.

THE high-wheeled bicycle is now among the antiquities in the Field Museum. Even for the all-conquering horse there may be a warning here.

THE election may go against Boss Croker today, but the checks have all been made in his favor.

THE mother of those quadruplets looks with proper scorn on a woman who has to go over Niagara Falls in a barrel to attract the popular attention.

WHILE it is true that the Indian summer did sit down in the lap of November it is also true that the liberty was promptly resented.

EDITOR BRYAN will be compelled to shed a few bitter thourhts over the recreant Senator Jones of Nevada.

THE Police board of Jersey City has decreed that there shall be no fat men on the police force of that city. It is easier, certainly, to pad a lean policeman to an average degree of rotundity than to shrink a corpulent one.

IN A MINOR KEY.

No Hindrance.

Harold, aged 20, had just returned from a trip to the mountains, having been out of reach of the barbers for a period of about six weeks.

He brought back with him, therefore, a perceptible streak of down across his upper lip.

"Well, Puss," he said, as his 10-year-old sister met him at the door. "I suppose you won't kiss me this time."

"Why not?" she asked.

"Because I've raised a mustache."

"Huh!" said Puss, putting up her mouth, "when I want to kiss anybody do you think a little thing like that is going to stop me?"

Preferred the Ignorance.

"Opera books! Books of the opera!" sung out the boy at the theater entrance. "You can't tell what they're singin' 'thout the book!"

"I'd rather not know what they are singing, my son," replied the benevolent looking old gentleman who was just going in.

His Deserts.

The conversation happened to turn on young Skimmerhorn, who was standing at the other end of the room looking gloomily away into vacancy.

"What's the matter with him?" asked the lovely creature with the Gibson girl neck. "Has he been disappointed in love?"

"Not at all," said the girl with the Julia Marlowe dimple. "He's only been disappointed in marriage. He thought she was worth $50,000 and she turned out to be worth only $5,000. Hadn't you heard?"

Speaking for the Corporation.

"Before you'll be taxed,
The reporter "axed,"
"Will you leave the town, as they say?"
"Leave the town, my child?"—
And the magnate smiled—
"Not unless we can't take it away."

Showing How Great Men Differ.

Borus (struggling author)—"And Howells says he can't dictate fiction to a stenographer or typewriter! That's what surprises me. I've dictated all of the stories I've written lately."

Naggus (literary editor)—"And you haven't had half the practice writing stories he has had, either. Howells ought to be ashamed of himself."

In Washington.

Senator Biggun—"The young lady that's lobbying for that Swearingen claim lost a vote the other day."

Senator Largeon—"How?"

Senator Biggun—"She was trying to jolly a Congressman from Missouri and she said she supposed he was laying his corncob pipes for reelection."

Struck His Gait.

"What are you doing these days?" asked the friend.

"I'm investigating snails," said the amateur naturalist.

"Snails? I thought ornithology was your hobby."

"Well, it used to be, but I found that birds were a little too—er—swift for me."

PERSONALS.

Colonel N. Schinas, government military engineer at Athens, Greece, is in this country inspecting water departments for his government.

A complimentary banquet was given in Boston a few evenings ago to George O. Davis by his associates in the naval office of the Boston custom-house. Mr. Davis having completed fifty years of continuous service in that office.

Dr. Jacob Cooper, professor of logic and mental philosophy at Rutgers College, and also Vice President of the institution, has been granted an indefinite leave of absence. He will go abroad, but has not set a definite time for his departure.

José de Olivares, representative of the St. Louis Exposition company at the Pan-American Exposition, has been appointed commissioner to several of the South American countries, including Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay, Bolivia, and Chile.

The Rev. Asher Anderson, pastor of First Congregational Church, Meriden, Conn., for the last twelve years, has resigned his charge, having been appointed secretary of the National Council of Congregational Churches. His office will be in Boston at the Congregational House.

The Bromley lecturer for this year at Yale will be Lewes Dickinson of England. Mr. Dickinson is a prominent member of the School of Political Science, London. The Bromley lectures were established two years ago, and deal with some subject connected with journalism, literature, or public affairs. The lecture will be given this week.

PRECOCITY AND RELIGION.

The quaint sayings of little folk furnish an abundant supply of amusing anecdotes. A Baltimore lady, an Episcopalian, relates the following story, which she declares is authentic:

"Mrs. J. of Georgia, a relative of a prominent Bishop of the Episcopal Church, had a little daughter who had just begun to attend school. Mrs. J. was herself a devout Episcopalian and her little one had been carefully trained.

"One day the child returned from school almost in tears. She said a little Jewish girl in her class had treated her badly, and she began to speak slightingly of her schoolmate's race, when her mother said reprovingly:

"'My dear, you must not talk in that way. The Jews were God's chosen people. Our Lord himself was a Jew.'

"After a moment's deep thought the child replied, in a tone in which horror and regret were equally blended:

"'O, mamma, I didn't know that. I'm so sorry; I always thought he was an Episcopalian.'"—Baltimore Sun.

A Foggy Morning.

'Tis autumn, and across the sky
There falls a mist;
The world by sunbeams from on high
No more is kissed.

The year grows older, and her charm
Begins to fail,
And she in prudence and alarm
Lets drop her veil.
—Washington Star.

An Egotist Described.

"What kind of a man is Willigson?"

"Well," answered the mutual friend, "he is one of those people who thinks he is spiting the world because he won't write a book and tell all he knows."—Washington Star.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

WEATHER FOR TODAY.

Feels kind 'er like rain.

TWINGES

A FEW cold November days need not change one's opinion that the winter will be an open winter.

PEOPLE at the ends of the earth will meet some very agreeable American naval gentlemen this winter. They testified in Admiral Schley's favor.

GENEVIEVE: Well, that depends.

THERE is encouragement in the fact that the chauffeur is beginning to take out accident insurance. He may run into a locomotive any day.

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

George W. Woodmancy returned from the East without visiting the Pan-American Exposition. Had he gone to Buffalo, as was his intention on leaving home, he would have been on the exposition grounds and possibly in the crowd at the Temple of Music when the President was assassinated.—Atlanta (Ill.) Argus.

DOWN in classic Kansas there is a lively controversy over the statue of Ceres, which is to be placed on the dome of the State-house. A great many Kansans object to giving such prominence to an actress.

The Book Booster.

Alice in Bookland.

CHAPTER I.

Down the Rabbit Hole.

ALICE was yawning over a book for children. She didn't understand it very well. The language was as big as the type, and that was Great Primer. And putting hyphens between the syllables didn't seem to help matters very, very much. One verse in particular she had read over and over again without being able to fathom its meaning:

> There was a man whose wife was cross,
> And so he sued for a divorce.
> His wife came back with a cross-bill,
> And charged he used her very ill.

"I have heard of a cross-bow," thought Alice, "but not a cross-bill. It must be some kind of a duck.

"I dare say it's very difficult to write for us children," continued Alice sleepily. "Still, I suppose there's lots of money in it, and that publishers will take anything these days."

When you consider that Alice was only 8 years old you will have to admit that she was wise for her age.

Just then a rabbit went hurrying past, glancing at his watch, and Alice heard him say:

"Five thousand words to write before dinner! And not a proof read!"

"What a strange rabbit!" exclaimed Alice, jumping up and running after the creature, which plunged into a large hole under a hedge. Without thinking Alice followed, and presently found herself falling—falling. But not far. She alighted unhurt, although rather out of breath, upon a heap of rubbish. Examining this more closely, she saw it was a pile of new books.

[Continued in our next.]

(14)

WHAT'S got into the professional nurses? Here's a pair of 'em charged with starving patients to death, and a Massachusetts nurse is accused of employing the diabolic art of Lucretia Borgia.

DIARY OF A FOOTBALL PLAYER.

Nov. 2.—Intended to stay out of Saturday's game with Duckwell College, but in the first half, with things going against us, I went in in spite of my broken leg.

We braced and held them on the five-yard line and I kicked. Never kicked better in my life, for I could get a magnificent swing with that broken leg. Just as I punted their full back hit me, knocked my head against the goal post, and cut off my other ear. Glad of it. Those ears always caught wind and impeded my progress; only I can't run as fast before the wind as I could.

The score was nothing to nothing, and ten minutes left to play. Duckwell had the ball on our six-yard line. In stopping a mass against tackle I got twisted. Heard my spine turn. When I got up my feet were pointed one way and my face the other.

On the next play they tried a double pass. I broke through the line. Their left half, mistaking me for one of his own men because of the way my face was turned, passed me the ball and I ran ninety yards for a touchdown. We won 6 to 0, and I walked off the field bowing to the crowd behind me—no, in front of me. This being twisted turns me around, but the coaches are confident they will get me turned back by next Saturday.

R. H. BACK.

A PETULANT Kansas farmer wishes that Ben Davis also had been hanged to a sour apple tree, so his apple would have had a flavor.

QUERIES AND CRITICISMS.

[We must decline responsibility for the idiosyncrasies of contributors to this department.]

Marco Bozzaris.

To the Editor: Can you tell me the meaning of the words "Marco Bozzaris"? A friend of mine says it is an Oriental phrase, meaning "May his tribe increase." Is that correct? NATALIE.

Oak Park, Ill.

[Your friend is twisted. "Abou Ben Adhem" means "May his tribe increase." Marco Bozzaris is the name of a five-cent cigar. Probably it's the name of the manufacturer.]

Concerning Genevieve.

To the Editor: Did Genevieve strike her mitt against a post during some recent mill with the muse? I've been too groggy to catch all the events since she sent me asleep to my corner in the bout for the rhyming dictionary.

STOCK-YARDS DREAMER.

Chicago.

To the Editor: What is it that Genevieve wishes to know that you can't answer poetically or otherwise without knowing her age? B. D.

[We know only in a general way. We are endeavoring to learn the details.]

The Critic Criticised.

To the Editor: I missed Mr. Dubbe's weekly review of the Thomas concert. Perhaps the omission is explained by the fact that on Saturday night I observed the gentleman in a well known restaurant, with a foaming stein before him, discussing (I gathered from floating bits of the conversation) the theory of music. I should think that one who pretends to be so devoted to music would set a good example by attending the concerts. T. I. F.

[We should think so, too.]

Lady in Distress.

To the Editor: Being rather stout, I have great difficulty in buttoning my shoes. Can you tell me whether there are any extension buttonhooks on the market. I should want one about two feet long.

MRS. ADDIE POSE.

Chicago.

[If you put on your shoes the first thing you might not need the extension hook; but then, again, you might. We cannot say whether there are any long-distance buttonhooks for sale. Some lady reader may know.]

S. P. P., Peoria: Wait till she's out of the woods.

GENTLEMEN that have promised sealskins to the partners of their joys will be dismayed to learn of the wreck of the sealladen steamer Kong Haakon. Oddly enough, the wreck occurred on Isle Madame. One Madame at least will be plentifully supplied this winter.

WHEN Cap Lemly opens up his argument Admiral Schley will have to remind himself occasionally that he is not on trial for sheep stealing.

MRS. SYLVESTER: Tulip bulbs should be planted about six inches; hyacinths about the same; crocuses and snowdrops two to three.

POPP IS A POPPER.

Born to Henry Popp and wife a young daughter. All are doing well. Cigars, Henry.—Palatine (Ill.) Enterprise-Register.

CHIEF O'NEILL is not so up-to-date. Policemen have been seen asleep with their uniforms on.

DAN VISION and Clara Sunshine have been licensed to wed. Make your own puns.

"DID you ever know," asks an earnest correspondent of the esteemed Post, apropos of the modern methods for not teaching spelling in the public schools, "did you ever know of a mathematician who was a poet or novelist?" Why, to be sure. Lewis Carroll.

THE gentleman or the tiger? B. L. T.

The Case of "Jacky"

"Mamma," he said, sweetly but firmly, "I want another piece of mince pie and some more ice cream."

His mother glanced about the huge dining-room, where perhaps 300 people, most of them in evening dress, were at table. Then she frowned severely and assumed a tone of great decision.

"Not another bite, Jacky," she said. "You've eaten too much sweet stuff already."

"Mamma," went on the child, "if you don't order me what I want I shall scream. You know how ashamed you'd be if your son should scream in a public dining-room."

His mother knew by painful experience that "Jacky" was as good as his threat. She might have yielded but for the fortunate fact that just at the moment her husband and "Jacky's" father came in and took his seat with them, his chair being pulled out for him by a colored waiter, who did a few cake walk steps by way of adding grace and elegance to the service.

"Papa," said Mrs. Bruhlingham, "Jacky is a bad boy. He wants more pie and ice cream, and he says he'll scream if he doesn't get it."

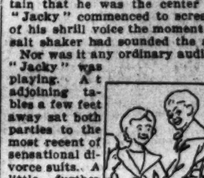
"Jacky," said the Bruhlingham pater in what was intended to be an impressive and awful manner.

"Well," said "Jacky," "I want that ice cream and pie, and the governor can't work any four dush on me. I want it—do you hear?"

"Jacky," broke out Mr. Bruhlingham in a burst of anger, "leave the table and go to your room. I'll come up and punish you when I'm done dinner."

For answer the child seized the cut-glass salt shaker from the table and threw it on the floor, where it broke with a crash. A dozen negro waiters closed in upon the table, and almost everybody in the big room concentrated his gaze of the unfortunate Bruhlinghams. By way of making certain that he was the center of attraction "Jacky" commenced to scream at the top of his shrill voice the moment the shattered salt shaker had sounded the alarm.

Nor was it any ordinary audience to which "Jacky" was playing. At adjoining tables a few feet away sat both parties to the most recent of sensational divorce suits. A little further away was a man who had recently failed for a million. The latest eloping couple had seats of honor in the middle of the room. At many tables fashionably dressed women were seated by themselves, their husbands being out of town on business. To all of them the performance of "Jacky" came as a delightful interruption in the well-greased monotony of existence. It furnished a fertile subject for conversation. Besides stuffing themselves with rich food and sleeping, gossip was their chief amusement, and when gossip goes on steadily for eight hours a day, with plenty of, overtime work in the same direction, it takes an immense number of subjects to supply the demand. Everybody who had been in the hotel for a month had been long ago exhausted. Their characters and financial reputations were hanging on the conversational clothesline.



The Bruhlinghams had only been in the hotel for a fortnight, and consequently they were still good food for discussion. "Jacky's" escapades, especially, were highly enjoyed by all present.

As his screams grew shriller the buzz of gossip swept round the room. Presently the latest divorcée spoke to her tablemate in a painfully clear aside.

"Well, I must say, they are a well-bred family," she said.

Mrs. Bruhlingham heard the remark, and made haste to set before "Jacky" her own slice of mince pie. Instantly his screams stopped, and he devoted himself to devouring the pie. "Jacky" was a wise youth. He was willing to compromise on pie, provided he could escape the consequences of his tantrum.

"Mamma," he said, finally, "if I'm a good boy you promise me I shan't be punished?"

"Yes, dear," she said. "But you mustn't act that way again. Think how ashamed you make your mamma."

Presently, by way of making assurance doubly sure, "Jacky" slipped down from the table before the rest of the family, and ran out into the long front hall where three other small boys were waiting for him.

On either side of the hall groups of men and women were sitting, smoking and chatting. As the little boys went by "Jacky" heard some one say: "There goes that Bruhlingham brat. I guess he does just about as he pleases."

In the hotel office half a dozen men were standing in line, leaning against the marble counter. Four of them were stiff hats and long coats. The others were in checked clothes and caps. Behind the group a marble counter stood a tall, white-faced clerk, with dingy blue eyes half hidden in folds of flesh. His smile was persistent and mechanical.

"Hullo, Jacky," he called over the counter as the child went by. "Did you get your pie?"

"Bet yer life," said "Jacky," sweetly.

"Say," said one of the men in the row to a newcomer, "did you ever hear that kid sing? No?

Well, just wait a minute."

"Jacky," he called after the retreating boy, "I'll give you a quarter if you'll sing 'Mah Red Hot Baby' for us."

"Can't," said the child. "Got a date down-stairs."

"Jacky" and the other boys went down to the end of the hall. Then they slipped out on the piazza, and ran down the steps and into a vacant store-room. There half a dozen of the colored waiters, relieved from duty temporarily, were "shooting craps." "Jacky" and the other boys looked on with knowing interest. Presently one of them drew a dime from the pocket of his brown velvet trousers, and said, "Gimme a shoot."

He threw the dice, won, picked up 50 cents in winnings, and the boys retreated up the stairs to the corridor.

There they found the men who had asked "Jacky" to sing in the hotel office. They were sitting now about a big table in one end of the corridor drinking Scotch highballs and smoking.

"Come on, Jacky," one of them called. "A song for a dime."

The child, with his head of yellow curls and brown Russian blouse, his little bare legs showing above the tops of his white socks, was lifted up on top of the big table, where he stood surrounded by tall glasses.

"All ready, 'Jacky?'"

"Where's the dough?" he asked.

"That's right, 'Jacky,'" said one of the men. "Make him pay in advance. The drinks are on you, Mercer," he added, with a laugh.

Mercer paid the quarter, and started to whistle a tune, to which the baby voice of "Jacky" sang the words. Presumably even the wise "Jacky" did not know the meaning of all the allusions which are conveyed to the more mature "guests," who laughed loudly at different points in the song.

"'Jacky,'" went on Mr. Mercer, "how does old lady Worgram talk?"

Old Lady Worgram" was a rich, eccentric, and venerable old person who occupied the most expensive "suite" of rooms in the house and suffered from an infirmity of the throat which made her voice harsh and rasping.

"How much?" asked "Jacky" promptly.

"Another quarter," said Mr. Mercer.

The money was paid and "Jacky" took his place in the middle of the table again. He pulled some of his curls forward and twisted up his small face till it looked like the miniature of an old woman. Then he whined out a complaint against a bell boy for failing to answer a bell promptly. It was really funny.

"Thanks, 'Jacky,'" said Mercer when he had finished. "What'll you have to drink?" he added to the men about the table.

"I wonder," said the Philosopher, as he watched the boys run away down the corridor. "I wonder which is the worse off—the child which is reared in the slums or the child which is brought up in a fashionable hotel?"

Those Halloween Charms.

She tried a lot of silly tricks
On Halloween;
And thought by them her fate to fix.
But wa'n't it mean?
No voice, no face she heard or saw,
So stopped and fiercely 'gan to jaw,
With tears between.
Then he who'd come to say "Let's wed,"
Appearing, heard her, turned, and fled.
"Whew! My escape I owe," he said,
"To Halloween."
(Which proves that fate oft takes a course
Quite unforeseen.)
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Sorrows of a Philanthropist.

Convict—"What're you arresting a cove for, anyway?"

Officer—"You know well enough; for jail breaking."

Convict—"That's all the thanks a feller gets in this world. I heard them saying the jail was overcrowded, and to accommodate 'em I just skipped out. By good rights they'd ought to vote me a purse o' money."—Boston Transcript.

Effect of Sunday Clothes.

True piety is found among the people who make a wide distinction between their week day clothes and what they wear on Sunday days. The same people call Saturday night "tub night." They take a wash then and feel elevated until Monday. Such folk seldom go wrong.—New York Press.

...fore the rest of the family, and ra... the long front hall where three other ...ys were waiting for him.

...her side of the halls groups of men ...men were sitting, smoking and chat... the little boys went by "Jacky" ...me one say: "There goes that ...ham brat. I guess he does just ... he pleases."

...hotel office half a dozen men were standing in line, leaning up against the marble counter. Four of them wore silk hats and long coats. The others were in checked clothes and caps. Behind the gorgeous marble counter stood a fat, white-faced clerk, with tiny blue eyes half hidden in folds of flesh. His smile was persistent and mechanical.

"Hullo, Jacky," he called over the ... as the child went by. "Did you get ...?"

"...yer life," said "Jacky," sweetly. ..." said one of the men in the row to ...omer, "did you ever hear that kid ... No? ...ust wait ...ky," he ...after the ...ing boy. ...ive you ...arter if ...sing ...Red Hot ...for us." ...'t," said ...child. ...a date ...tairs." ...y" and ...her boys ...town to ...d of the ... Then ...slipped ...on the ...and ...and into ...nt store-

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"Come on, Jacky," one of them called. "A quarter for a song—a fine one, with his long yellow curls and brown Russian blouse, his little bare legs showing above the tops of his white stockings, was lifted up on top of the table, where he stood surrounded by tall men.

"...d ready, 'Jacky?'"

"...here's the dough?" he asked.

"...hat's right, 'Jacky,'" said one of the ... "Make him pay in advance. The ...are on you, Mercer," he added, with ...gh.

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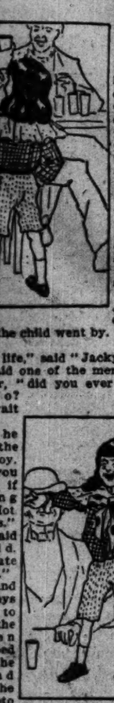

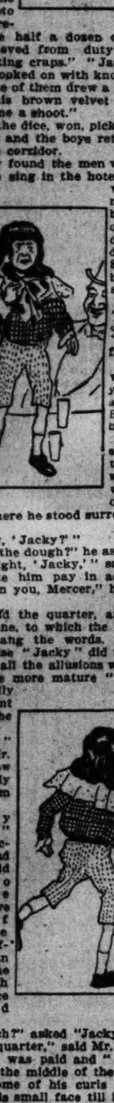

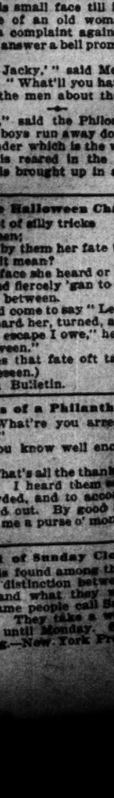

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

LUNCHEON GIVEN FOR THREE YOUNG WOMEN VISITORS.

Mrs. Alonzo C. Mather and Mrs. Lyman H. Tower Entertain in Honor of the Former's Guests—Mrs. Frank Howard Madden of Kenwood Gives a Coming-Out Reception for Her Daughter—President Seelye of Smith College to Visit Local Alumni.

Mrs. Alonzo C. Mather and Mrs. Lyman H. Tower gave a luncheon yesterday at the residence of the former at 531 North State street. It was a buffet affair for 150 guests, and was given for three young women, Mrs. Mather's guests—Miss Millard of New York, Miss Dent of Washington State, and Miss McCune of Cleveland, O. The table decorations were pink roses, the same flowers decorating the rooms. Miss Helen Stewart and Miss Kate Smith assisted the hostesses, and the Smith sisters' Quartet sang. Mrs. Mather gave a supper for her guests on Sunday night, and took them to the Horse Show last evening. They will remain in the city a month, and, with Mrs. Mather and Mrs. Tower, will be at home Mondays in November.

The first of the Kenwood comin-out receptions was given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Frank Howard Madden of 5222 Woodlawn avenue for her daughter, Miss Zoe Madden. Five hundred invitations were issued, the reception hours being from 4 till 6. Receiving with Mrs. Madden and her daughter were Mrs. E. D. Gilbert and Mrs. J. Herbert Ware. The following young women, some of whom will have their own coming-out receptions later, assisted in receiving:

Miss Caroline Morton.	Miss Grace Sawyer.
Miss Frances Small.	Miss Ida Grinnell.
Miss Daisy Darby.	Miss Edith Hall.
Miss Lena Small.	Miss Belle Lewis.
Miss Louise Morris.	Miss Berta Grinnell.
Miss Rowenna Gilbert.	

Miss Madden's gown was white tucked mousseline with chiffon, the latter over pink, and her bouquet was of violets. Her mother wore black crepe de chine, trimmed with gold embroidered lace. There was music during the reception hours, Mrs. Sheffield singing, with Miss Thurston at the harp. Mrs. Madden gave a dinner for the receiving party last evening, followed by a theater party. Miss Madden later in the season will visit in Memphis and New Orleans.

Miss Juliet Goodrich, whose coming-out reception will be on Nov. 20 at the residence of her grandmother, Mrs. Grant Goodrich of 70 Astor street, will be presented by her aunt, Mrs. Mary Goodrich Maguire, the reception hours being from 4 till 6 o'clock. The young women who will assist will be:

Miss Ruth Burley.	Miss Fanny Caruthers.
Miss Elsie Chey.	Miss Indie Gardiner.
Miss Mary Thomas.	Miss Belle Wilson.
Miss Martha Stearns.	Miss Elsie Stearns.
Miss Margaret Thomas.	Miss Bessie McMurray.
Miss Amy Waller.	Miss Marion Ewen.

Miss Delight Wilson of 434 North State street will give a debutante luncheon on Wednesday of next week. At Mrs. Wilson's coming out reception for her daughter on Nov. 11 the North Side debutantes will assist in entertaining.

Mrs. Malcolm Caruthers of 37 Banks street will give a tea on Nov. 30 to introduce her daughter, Miss Fannie Caruthers.

President L. Clark Seelye of Smith College will be given a reception by the Chicago Alumni association on Friday evening in the Woman's club rooms in the Fine Arts Building. The annual luncheon of the alumni will be given on Saturday at the Victoria Hotel, and President Seelye will make an address.

The People's Dancing club will meet on Nov. 28 at the residence of Mrs. George E. Adams, 530 Belden avenue.

Mrs. L. Z. Leiter sails from Liverpool on Wednesday on the Teutonic.

J. B. Van Cauwelaert, a celebrated artist and an associate member of the Societe Nationale des Beaux Arts at Paris, is the guest of Samuel Insull, 3067 Lake avenue. Arrangements are being made with the Art Institute to exhibit some of his work, which he has brought over with him. Several of his earlier paintings have been hung in the Art Institute for some time. The pictures that he now brings with him are those that have been seen in the Salon at Paris, exhibited at Brussels, Antwerp, and St. Petersburg, and have received the stamp of merit at the Salon in Paris.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

The Lunar Romance.

"The First Men in the Moon." By H. G. Wells. Bowen Merrill Co.

H. G. Wells has chosen a domain of romance in which he is not pressed by competitors. Perhaps that is why he keeps so faithfully within its limits. His latest contribution to the imaginative literature of the spheres is "The First Men in the Moon." It is a good yarn of the far-fetched order, though it does not keep the interest quite at the pitch of "The War of the Worlds" and is not as well written as some others of the author's stories have been. The extravagant fancies with which it abounds are put, however, to such ingenious uses that the reader is easily attracted to the narrative. Excitement is the sole magnet used. There is not a hint of a love story between the two covers of the book.

The voyagers through space are two men, a queer, self-centered inventor named Cavor, and a matter-of-fact young man, Bedford, who becomes the historian of the expedition. The invention of a composite metal which arrests the force of gravitation and which is called Cavorite, and the discoverer, makes the trip possible. A huge globe is the actual vehicle. Having flown to the moon explorers find that it is inhabited, though the regions under the frozen covering, and not that surface itself, constitute the abode of life. The adventures which follow are startling, and they follow numerously. In the end Bedford, more resolute and less scientific than Cavor, escapes from the moon-folk and flies back to earth alone, believing his companion dead. Electric communication from the moon convince him, however, to the contrary, and in a sort of sequel new phenomena are recounted. Possibly a new installment of the story is on the way, for Cavor still is in the moon when the record stops.

Books Received.

"Life on the Stage." By Clara Morris. McClure, Phillips & Co.

"Mistress the Man." By Walter Bagehot. McClure, Phillips & Co.

"The Traitor's Way." By S. Levett-Yeats. Frederick A. Stokes company.

"Women in the Golden Ages." By Amelia Gere Mason. Century company.

"On the Great Highway." By James Creelman. Lothrop Publishing company.

"The Beginnings of Poetry," by Francis B. Gummere. The Macmillan company.

"Harvard Lyrics." Selected by Charles Livingstone Stebbins. L. C. Page & Co.

"The Children's Health," by Florence Hall Winterburn. Baker & Taylor company.

"Rights and Wrongs of the Transvaal War," by Edward T. Cook. Longmans, Green & Co.

"Constantinople and Its Problems," by Henry Otis Dwight. Fleming H. Revell company.

"The Benefactress," by the author of "Elizabeth and Her German Garden." Macmillan company.

"Among the Great Masters of Oratory." By Walter Rowlands. "Among the Great Masters of Painting." By Walter Rowlands. Dana Estes & Co.

"Fables for the Fair," by Josephine Dodge Daskam; "Dunstable Weir," by Zack; "The Ruling Passion," by Henry Van Dyke; "The Argonauts," by Elizabeth Orescko. Scribner's Sons.

"The Doom of Dogma." By Henry Frank. "The Stars." By Simon Newcomb. "Royal Rogues." By Alberta Bancroft. "Sonnets and Songs." By Mary M. Adams. "The Love of a Cat." By Margaret Benson. "The Marriage of Mr. Merivale." By Cecil Headlam. "Songs of My Violin." By Alfred L. Donaldson. G. P. Putnam's Sons.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Dr. Price's Baking Powder supplies a pure, wholesome leavening agent, which makes the biscuit and cake of highest healthfulness at medium cost and protects the food from alum, which is the greatest dietary danger of the day.

The foremost baking powder in all the world.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Alum baking powders are low-priced, as alum costs but two cents a pound; but alum is a corrosive poison and it renders the baking powder dangerous to use in food.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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AN extraordinary story is current in court circles abroad, which I give for what it is worth, contenting myself with pointing out the fact that the Bavarian royal family, to which it relates, has from time immemorial, and especially in more recent years, been noted for the amount of drama, romance, and tragedy with which it embellishes the annals of the sovereign dynasties of Europe.

The story in question is to the effect that King Otho has suddenly recovered both his reason and his speech. It is added that his memory, so far as concerns the years which have elapsed since he became insane and was placed under restraint, remain a perfect blank. In fact, his knowledge of events ceases with 1882, and he has apparently no information whatsoever of the death of his elder brother, and of his mother, and of his own accession to the throne. He is said to own accession to the throne. He is said to have asked repeatedly within the last two weeks after his brother, the King, and his mother, the Queen, and it is said that no one until now has dared to enlighten him as to what has taken place, or of the fact that he is now King.

Indeed, the situation is such a peculiar one that no one knows what to do, and it is said that not only have a number of Cabinet and family councils been held at Munich but that the wires between Munich and Berlin, and Munich and Vienna, have been kept hot with messages to and from the two Kaisers.

It is asserted that both Emperors are urging upon Prince Luitpold, who is now over 80 years of age, to retain hold of the regency, no matter what happens. For King Otho, like his elder brother, was imbued with sentiments of bitter animosity towards Prussia and used to express the opinion that the court of Berlin was capable of any dark deed to accomplish its end.

If King Otho has really recovered his reason, then there is no reason to believe that his sentiments with regard to Prussia have undergone any change, and in that case he probably would lend a willing ear to the fantastic tales still current among the peasantry, according to which his elder brother, King Louis, was put to death through the machinations of Bismarck, because he would not work in harmony with Prussia. This would lead to all kinds of trouble, all the more as the masses in Bavaria would be in sympathy with King Otho's views, being filled with hatred for everything Prussian.

Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph, both of whom dread any disturbance of existing arrangements, are endeavoring to urge upon old Prince Luitpold that if the King has recovered his reason it is only the last flare of the flickering candle previous to total extinction. But the Prince, who is an extremely conscientious man, is reluctant to retain the regency, well aware that according to all constitutional and legitimate principles he has not a vestige of right thereto from the moment that the crazy King recovers his reason. He is the more embarrassed as the story about the King's recovery is circulating among the people.

I may add that tales of the same kind—namely, of the sudden recovery from insanity have been current for some time past concerning former Sultan Murad of Turkey and former Empress Charlotte of Mexico, who have been under restraint for many years past as lunatics.

Automobiles are replacing horses everywhere in royal and imperial stables abroad, especially is this the case with the reigning house of Italy. King Humbert had nearly 400 horses in his stables. His son and successor has reduced this number to 120. But instead thereof he has no less than twenty automobiles, three for his own use, two for that of the Queen, and the remainder for the use of the royal household and of the suite. The Duke of Aosta has eight automobiles and has reduced the number of his horses by 40 per cent. King Leopold uses automobiles exclusively, and has even gone to the length of having an automobile state coach built. If any horses remain in his stable it is because the Queen and his unmarried daughter, Princess Clementine, are so fond of them and so devoted to riding and driving.

King Edward only uses horses for driving on state occasions, the services of one or another of his numerous automobile cars being utilised at all other times. The widowed Czarina has had a beautiful automobile given to her by her sister, Queen Alexandra, and in the driving of which she has become an adept. But her son, the Czar, has until now given no evidence of sharing her taste in this respect, and, when he is not riding or driving horses, uses the bicycle, of which he is quite fond. The Kaiser is another convert to the automobile and makes use of it especially for military inspections and maneuvers, while the Sultan has entirely overcome his former prejudice against the machine, and now spends much of his time "bubbling" in the immense park surrounding his Yildiz Kioske Palace at Constantinople.

Mention of King Humbert recalls a rather peculiar episode that took place at Naples the other day, where the King and Queen are now staying, quartered at the Capo di Monte Palace. It seems that at Salerno there is a photographer of the name of Bertolani, who bears such a striking resemblance to the late King Humbert that he could almost be taken for his double. The other day business brought the photographer for the first time in several years into that portion of Naples in which the Capo di Monte Palace is situated. As he drove past the gates of the palace, he was observed by the sentinel on duty, who, in years gone by had frequently stood guard at the gates of the Palace of Monza, during the stay of the court there, and where he would see King Humbert daily. When he caught sight of the photographer he became convinced that it was the ghost of King Humbert, and, shouting for the guard to turn out, fell to the ground unconscious. On being revived he told his story to the officer on duty, who relieved him and placed another there in his stead.

About an hour later the photographer had occasion to drive past the palace again. This time the sentinel, though badly scared and convinced that he saw the apparition of the murdered King, did not faint, but shouted for the guard to turn out, and the officer reached the scene in time to be able to stop the cab and to ascertain the identity of the photographer, thus convincing his men that there was nothing supernatural in the apparition, but that the latter was merely an instance of a most striking resemblance and one of those doubles with which every crowned head in Europe appears to be saddled.

Among the most prized possessions of young Archduchess Elisabeth, who is about to marry Prince Otto Windisch-Graetz, is a miniature piano which formerly belonged to her father, the Crown Prince Rudolph. The latter was a most accomplished musician and even as a child manifested wonderful talent for the piano. This taste of his was fostered by his mother, the Empress, and finding that her boy, owing to his youth and the consequent smallness of his hands, was unable to take the octaves on the ordinary sized piano she had one specially made for him, with the keyboard so arranged that his hands could grasp the octaves. It was tuned to the same key as that ordinarily used by the Empress herself, was placed in her music room, and there the imperial lad would daily play with his mother, she at her piano and he at his. After his death this piano became one of the most cherished possessions of the Empress and when she followed him to the grave it was found that she had specially bequeathed it to her grandchild, the young Archduchess Elisabeth, among whose belongings it has ever since held a place of special honor.

PROF. HAND'S ANNIVERSARY.

Plays His Violin and Shakes Hands with His Friends by Way of a Celebration.

"Johnnie" Hand, the veteran orchestra leader of Chicago, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his residence in Chicago yesterday by playing his violin. The day passed much the same as other days pass with him, except for the fact that he shook hands with more people and was happier.

Sparks Not a College Graduate.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In the item which appears in "The Tribune" this morning relative to C. H. Sparks, sentenced to be hung for murder at Opelika, Ala., there is one mistake. Mr. Sparks is not a graduate of the University of Chicago. He was in attendance for seven quarters as an unclassified student, but, judging from his record, he could hardly be called an unusually intelligent student, as he seldom succeeded in passing his courses.

JAMES H. TUFTS,
Dean of the Senior Colleges, University of Chicago.

FLOWER SHOW ON TODAY.

AUDITORIUM BLOOMS LIKE A VAST GARDEN.

Exhibit Includes Chrysanthemums, Roses, Violets, Orchids, and Other Blooms—Poster Exhibit to Be a Feature and There Will Be a Cake Sale and a Candy Booth—One Display Is in the Form of a Grotto—Fountain Adds Realism.

A thousand blushing blossoms will be introduced to Chicago society with the opening of the annual chrysanthemum and flower show at the Auditorium this afternoon. There will be chrysanthemums, of course, and roses, violets, lilies of the valley, carnations, and orchids.

Cases of blossoms carefully packed with cotton and moss arrived by the score yesterday afternoon and evening from the various conservatories and the South. The foyer was a mass of brilliant color and workmen were busy transforming the great hall into a bower of blossoms. By 2 o'clock this afternoon all the exhibits, the officials say, will be placed and the display ready for the public.

One exhibitor has introduced a novel feature to the show. The display is in the form of a grotto constructed entirely of different varieties of palms, ferns, and green plants. The roof and walls are massed with similar and colored incandescent lights among the leaves will illuminate the interior. A miniature water fall rolls from under the moss and palms over the grotto and falls among a bed of ferns and rocks.

Pullman Exhibit Arrives.

The exhibit from Mrs. George M. Pullman's conservatory arrived early in the afternoon. It consists of more than 200 palms, ferns, and tropical plants. Considerable trouble was encountered in the placing of one of the gigantic palms and the prize of the Pullman collection. It is of the Latania borbonica variety and stands thirty feet high, weighing nearly two tons. In carrying it into the hall one corner of the massive pot was permitted to strike the floor and the great weight splintered the boards. This palm has been awarded a central position and grouped around it are fine specimens of other rare tropical plants. The Pullman exhibit includes three Pandanus of unusual size and one Cantia over fifteen feet tall.

Posters, Cake, and Candy.

Mrs. Elizabeth Belknap was busy arranging the poster collection which is to be exhibited in the foyer as an auxiliary to the flower show. The exhibit includes posters from France, England, Germany, Italy, and America. Many originals of famous posters will be displayed and also some of the best examples of Aubrey Beardsley. Fully 200 posters will line the walls and encircle the pillars in the foyer. Among other collections exhibited will be those of William Bulger, Mrs. Lux, Wall Moore, J. C. Vaughan, and Mrs. Belknap.

Mrs. Stanley Fleetwood has completed all arrangements for the cake sale in the foyer and which is a distinctive feature of this year's exhibit. The proceeds of the sale will be devoted to charity and the booth will be presided over by débutantes of this and last season. In connection with the cake sale the Young Ladies' North Side Auxiliary club will conduct a candy sale. Miss Myrtle Batterman will preside at the candy booth.

Colored Preachers Elect Officers.

The Chicago A. M. E. Preachers' association organized for the new conference year yesterday by electing the following officers: President, Rev. G. C. Booth; vice presidents, the Rev. H. H. Thompson, the Rev. Jason Bundy; Secretary, the Rev. A. J. Carey; Treasurer, the Rev. A. L. Murray; Executive committee, the Rev. I. N. Daniels, P. A. Hubert, T. J. Porter, W. S. Brooks, and I. W. King.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago without place of residence is given:

	Age
Charles H. Boone, Lou Benham	27—19
William B. Ward, Lillian Klos	25—18
Louis Klein of Peoria, Ill., Mary H. Moon of same	27—17
William W. Jaeger, Edith L. Boyer of Fort Dodge, Ia.	22—21
Horace Bowermaster, Adelheid Zvanstig	27—19
Wawrzyniec Kaszuba, Josie Moszynska	22—18
Gus A. Bonnivier, Christinia Hueker	21—19
Lambert Grana, Rosalie Jovely	21—18
Thomas G. Turner, Henrietta Van Dell	21—18
Otto Kormann, Ida Rutz	30—32
Felix Kruzel, Josepha Jankvska	27—18
Oliver H. P. C. Miller of Oak Park, Ill., Mabelle L. Burroughs of same	27—19
Henry Nielsen, Rosalia Dennis	25—19
William Glocaris, May Eckland	29—19
Gordon H. Hodgson, Josephine Lewis	29—20
Cornelius Harris, Margie Daniels	30—20
Herman Kranz, Mary Hofmann	27—24
John C. Heiman of Benton Harbor, Mich., Katherine Kennedy of same	29—22
Frank W. West of Evansville, Wis., Blanche Barnard of same	22—19
Frank Gumpf, Anna Bremer	22—19
Herman Ziegelman of Milwaukee, Wis., Eleanor Hanson	29—20
John Kerr, Anna Nosko	30—21
Ellsworth B. Brent, Edith Seames	25—18
Julius Laemmerhirt, Minnie Sturm	25—18
Charles Lorenz, Emma Havlicek	30—24
John Schuszta, Ada Wessel	27—19
Frank Grgalek, Bertha Simera	29—19
Johann Marawzak, Maryanna Kanah	22—20
Dan Vision, Clara Sunshine	21—21
Charles Hawley of Ida City, Mich., Caroline E. Pitcher	27—18
Adam Hembes, Augusta H. Drendel	27—19
John Kaiser, Lizzie Fuhrmeister	25—23
Antoni Kajak, Stanislawa Kozidlowska	25—18
Michael Artery, Elizabeth Hickey	27—21
Paul Siebert of New York City, Lena Peterson	30—30
Joseph Wiedl, Annie Portner	27—23
James Jones, Lottie Jacobs	27—18
Thomas Mehl, Mary A. C. von Wichtinek	30—27
Josef Patarski, Susanna Wotinek	29—21
Louis English, Mary E. Wenning	25—23
Heinrich Krowger of Bloomendale, Ill., Wilhelmine Caester of same	25—20
Oscar L. Boynton, Ellen H. McLaughlin	25—22
Bernard Jacobson, Lydia Peterson	21—18
Simon Hilbert, Mary Goralska	29—20
John J. Boeye, Eva E. Hormell	19—19
Emil C. Schaefer, Dessie M. Norton	25—23
Frank J. Harrington, Lulu A. Peters	30—28
William F. Edrar, Sarah E. Winthrop of Davenport, Ia.	25—23
Guy C. Miller of Detroit, Mich., Grace A. Hiles of Oak Park, Ill.	24—22
Max Mikulski of Hammond, Ind., Agnes Wachalski of Hegewisch, Ill.	21—16
John E. Tull of New York, Lottie F. Adams	27—27
Richard Vanderlein, Marie Bieber	27—21
William B. Ashmann, Kate Gorry	27—21
Harry Herwitz, Mary Rispert	21—18
Martin Krul, Antonia Bosek	21—18
William B. Rogers, Lillian Davis	27—19
Frank J. Hoffman, Anna C. Harrison	21—19
William H. Vincent, Martha Semmer	27—19
John Panaki, Antoni Sibora	21—18
John Bonek, Frantiska Andelska	22—21
Paul Siegert, Meta Ulrich	27—23
Charlie Zito, Catrina Olezo	21—19
Ernest Sampson, Agnes Faberski	27—21
William Hayes, Ellen Jansen	25—23
Andrew E. Koch, Gertie L. Robb	27—23
William MacLeod of Erie, Pa., Lillian M. Baldwin	25—26

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Monday, Nov. 4, 1901:

Aberdeen-st., s e cor 54th, w f, 55x124, Nov. 2 (E. M. Gilgoban to Louis Boeger) ... 1,000

Ashland-av., s e cor of Courtland-av., w f, 50x125, Nov. 2 (Charles J. L. Arensmann to Henry C. Gehlbach) ... 2,625

Belmont-av., s e cor of Sawyer-st., n f, 48.74x124, Oct. 31 (Iona F. Labahn to Mary E. McNally) ... 1

Belmont-av., s e cor Robey-st., n f, 50x125, and other property, Oct. 31 (same to Charles J. Labahn) ... 1

Bissell-st., 1st s of Center-st., w f, 24x125, Nov. 1 (E. St. Louis quitclaims to J. E. Mayenaugh) ... 1

Bradley-pl., 3d w of Hoyne-av., n f, 30x120, July 26 (L. Dominguez to John Hulmeyer) ... 1

Carpenter-st., 4th s of 54th, e f, 50x124, Oct. 5 (E. H. Furman to Robert H. Barrat) ... 1,000

Carroll-av., premises No. 748, 24x125, Nov. 2 (T. Murphy to Emma Lentz) ... 2,000

Cleveland-av., 100 s of Addison-st., e f, 87½x121 9-10, Nov. 2 (E. M. Gilgoban to Louis Boeger) ... 1,000

Division-st., 1st w of Leavitt-st., s f, 24x100, Nov. 1 (Adolph L. Luetgert et al., by T. C. to Ellen Thorby) ... 1

Fullerton-av., 74 e of Southport, n f, 24x118, Oct. 31 (M. Lange to Jacob Swaid) ... 1

Grand-av., 170½ s of Robey-st., s f, 24x122, Nov. 2 (Emma Louis to Thomas J. Murphy) ... 1

Grand-av., 148 w of Robey-st., s f, 24x122, Nov. 2 (Emma Louis to Thomas J. Murphy) ... 1

Gunnison-st., 100 e of Shoits, s f, 81x100, Oct. 26 (Jas. J. Corboy to Alfred V. Martin) ... 1

Hamilton-st., premises No. 748, 24x124½, Nov. 1 (A. Reiden to August L. Reiden Jr.) ... 3,000

Hermitage-av., premises 853 and 855, 60x120, and other property, July 29 (Jas. D. Lauden to M. J. Lauden) ... 1

Hermitage-av., 175 s of Harrison-st., w f, 25x125, Oct. 31 (L. J. Sinnatrom to J. N. N. Nelson) ... 3,000

Irving Park-av., s e cor E. Ravenswood Park, s f, 132x125, reversion $18.75, Oct. 23 (James S. McDonald to J. S. McDonald Co.) ... 1

Irving Park-av., s w cor Hermitage-av., n f, 125x125, revenue $18.75, Oct. 23 (same to same) ... 5

Irving Park-av., premises 1041, 50x150, Nov. 22, 1899 (J. Smith to F. L. Smith) ... 1

Jefferson-av., 118 n of 41st-st., w f, 24x118, Oct. 19 (W. Aiken to Jas. M. Aiken) ... 1

Jefferson-av., n w cor 53d-st., e f, 120x150, and 1-5 int, Oct. 10 (Edward Rosing to John A. Jamieson) ... 1

Same property, und 1-5 int, Oct. 31 (John A. Jamieson to Carrie S. Young) ... 1

Kedzie-av., 75 e of Francisco-av., s f, 24x120, Oct. 14 (P. Marshall to Jas. Samuel) ... 1,700

Washington-st., s w cor Halsted, n f, 50x100, and buildings, July 5, 1901 (The People's Gaslight and Coke Co. to Illinois Medical College, Chicago Summer School of Medicine) ... 50,000

Yates-av., s w cor. 91st-st., e f, 62½x124½, and other property, Oct. 26 (Edwin P. Masterson quitclaims to Mary Masterson) ... 1

Coles-av., 210 s s of 72d-st., s f, 50x188, Sept. 11 (L. B. Dutton to M. J. Martin) ... 1,250

Elm-av., premises 3711, 18¼x114, incumbrance of $2,500, Nov. 2 (Ruth M. Vallette and husband to Ella J. Murray) ... 5,000

54th-av., premises 119, 22x80 99-100, undivided ½ interest, revenue $18.75, subject to lease from Geo. A. Ingalls to Jos. Batchelder, dated Nov. 15, 1872, Nov. 1 (Edmond C. Ingalls of Oak Park, Ill., to Victor F. Lawson) ... 1

Haddon-av., 239 e of Hoyne, n f, 24x120 6-10, Feb. 10, 1900 (S. Lichtenstein to W. Braun) ... 5

Same property, Feb. 10, 1900 (W. Braun to Louis Lichtenstein) ... 5

Hudson-av., 225 n of Menominee-st., e f, 24x125, Nov. 4 (Adolph L. Luetgert et al., by T. C. to Ellen Thorby) ... 41,207

Hudson-av., 225 n of Menominee-st., e f, 24x125, Oct. 31 (M. Meginn to Mathias Himmes) ... 2,500

Kingston-av., 561 s of 79th-st., w f, 26x124, and other property, Oct. 30 (M. Curran to T. R. Burford) ... 2,000

Rhodes-av., s cor 75th-st., w f, 24x125, Oct. 31 (J. T. Costello to M. J. Costello) ... 1

Same property, Oct. 31 (M. J. Costello to Kathleen Costello) ... 1

79th-st., 121 e of Normal-av., s f, 24x100, Oct. 15 (Silas S. Willard to Emogene Parkhurst) ... 5

State-st., 50 s of 37th, w f, 22x120, Oct. 22 (Est. of C. C. Fowler to Frances Fowler) ... 100

22d-st., 116 w of Sawyer-av., n f, 24x122, Oct. 26 (F. Chlacek to Albert Svoboda) ... 1

Same property, Oct. 26 (Albert Svoboda to Rosie Chladek) ... 1

Wabash-av., premises 309 and 309, 30x170, undivided ¼ interest, revenue $4.69, Oct. 24 (Thomas M. Waller and Alfred K. Page to Thomas M. Waller and Harriet Wagner) ... 1

Wabash-av., premises 305 and 307, 30x170, undivided ¼ interest, revenue $14.06, Oct. 24, 1901 (Same to James T. Farrell) ... 1

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED yesterday by the Building department:

Anna Cheney, 4-story brick factory, 225-43 Washington-st.	$35,000
F. Michalec, 2-story brick flat, 1107 Trumbull-av.	3,000
Karel Sedlak, 1-story brick store, 1371 Spaulding-av.	2,000
Ida C. Richards, 5-story brick store, 9-17 W. Madison-st.	50,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

Henry Botsford, 3-story brick store, 1336 Michigan-av.	4,000
W. Jenkins, 2-story brick residence, 4707-4709 Ellis-av.	25,000
Fred Hilgbold, 1-story frame cottage, 2619 Drake-av.	1,100
J. O. Hunt, 3-story brick flat, 762 Cornelia-st.	4,500
A. Hedstad, 1½-story frame cottage, 1818 N. Avers-av.	1,600
Rice & Crighton, two 1½-story frame cottages, 1902-1904 Potomac-av.	2,000
Fred W. Page, 1½-story frame cottage, 1904 Tripp-av.	1,500
Gerhard A. Anderson, 2-story brick flat, 901 N. 41st-av.	2,400
John H. Mueller, 1½-story frame cottage, 5401 Lincoln-st.	2,000
Ellis Kleicke, 2-story brick flat, 1802 N. Hoyne-av.	2,400
R. Hamilton, 2½-story frame residence, 3054 Kenmore-av.	5,000
C. W. Randolph, 2-story frame flat, 1136 Otto-st.	1,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

Weaver & Hill company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; general construction work; incorporators, Harry P. Weaver, Clarence M. Hill, Frank P. Reynolds.

Automatic Lock Nut company, Oregon; capital, $60,000; manufacturing nut locks, springs and machinery; incorporators, Charles Rystrom, Charles H. Smith, James C. Peslet.

Consumers' Produce company, Chicago; capital, $30,000; to handle and manufacture; incorporators, Hamlet Collamore, I. M. Hawell, Ellis C. Morrow.

James Corday & Co., Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing gas and electric fixtures; incorporators, James Corday, Frank R. Ferguson, Robert D. Hamlin.

Rockford Hotel company, Rockford; capital stock increased from $125,000 to $160,000.

Coleen Implement company, Peoria; capital stock increased from $25,000 to $100,000.

A. L. Sercomb company, Chicago; name changed to Sercomb company.

Foreign corporations:

New Process Manufacturing company, Dallas, Tex.; capital stock, $50,000; in Illinois, $10,000.

Illinois Stove company, St. Joseph, Mich.; capital stock, $5,000; in Illinois, $2,500.

LOST AND FOUND.

$300 REWARD AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED. This amount will be given for the return of three rings left in ladies' toilet-room in sleeper on Lake Shore train No. 37, arriving at Cleveland Oct. 26 at 7 p. m. Address 25 Eastman-st., Cleveland, O.

LOST—WHITE BULL TERRIER; ANSWERS to the name of "Geeser"; large black spots over eye. Suitable reward for return and no questions asked. F. R. BARTLETT, 5407 Madison-av.

LOST—$250 REWARD FOR RETURN OF pocketbook lost in toilet-room, 7th floor, Chamber of Commerce Bldg., 12 o'clock, Monday; return to office of building. No questions asked.

LOST—POCKETBOOK AT MARSHALL FIELD'S Monday, containing money and postoffice order; reward for return to owner. 1216 Lill-av. MRS. I. WATSON.

FOUND—BUGGY ROBE, SATURDAY EVENING, at 55th and Harvard. Apply at 6631 Harvard.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—MY D. L.: HAVE NO DOUBT made you feel sore, but you were unjust; please forgive; repeat or write. Mail letter in the morning. DL.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, PREMature loss of hair, and all the diseases of the scalp successfully and scientifically treated by MADAME HESS, the well known HAIR SPECIALIST. If you cannot call personally send the combings of your hair. A microscopical examination will be made and a report covering the condition will be sent you. It is not necessary to lose your hair or remain bald. Consultation free.

MADAME HESS, 31 ADELAIDE-PL.

SPECIALIST FOR THE HAIR AND SCALP. 930-3-4 Marshall Field Annex Bldg.

PERSONAL — THOUSANDS OF SALARIED PEOPLE and families in moderate circumstances do their trading with us by mail, to their profit. Over 1,000 you can select from our elegant new stocks everything worn by men, women, and children or used in furnishing a home complete, from parlor to kitchen. Beautifully decorated chinaware given away with all purchases amounting to $5 or over. Established in 1854. E. BRODY & CO., 317-319 State-st.

PERSONAL—HIGH-CLASS FURS. REAL MINK, Persian, and other garments remodeling and repairing at our factory prices. Inspection in order everything in the line of fur wearing apparel. Our goods are guaranteed. DAVID BENNER & CO.

Formerly of Marshall Field & Co., 80 Wabash-av., corner Washington-st. Telephone Cent. 3540.

PERSONAL—YOUR MOST IMPORTANT PERsonal business is to select a diamond for the loved one's Christmas before the holiday rush. You can make it your own on delivery and pay for it in very small monthly payments thereafter. Open evenings. Send for Diamond Proposal. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 105 State-st.

PERSONAL—"GOOD SENSE" BEAUTIFYING, according to Mme. Qui Vive's "Good Sense" ideas. Facial treatments, scalp treatments, egg shampoos. Orders by mail. Mme. Qui Vive's complexion brushes, 75 cts. MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, 36 Washington-st., city.

PERSONAL — MANICURING, FACIAL TREATMENT. LADIES' GENTLEMEN! MME. BARTON, Suite 522, 263-269 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—SPECIAL SCIENTIFIC TREATment for inflammation, ulceration, female trouble, tumors, cancers, pains in back, abdomen, hips; medicines $2 month. MRS. SMITH, 2406 Prairie-av.

PERSONAL—FINE FUR AND SEAL GARments made to order; remodel; repairing; garments in select from; low expense; guarantee low prices. L. SCHOSBERG, 507 E. 43d-st. Tel. Drexel 2173.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, birthmarks; 12 years' experience; 7 years in present office; indorsed by prominent physicians. MME. ANNA HOYER, 1717 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—BUY WHEAT AND CORN ON present condition; present prices look cheap; send for our book, "Successful Speculation," free. A. K. ROWTON, 29 Traders' Building, Chicago.

PERSONAL — MILLINERY — FUR SETS. French Novelty Jewelry; Chicago agency for the genuine world-famed Vassilief Perfumes. 2d floor SON PERFUMERIE, 310 Wabash-av.—Auditorium bl.

PERSONAL—COCKROACHES AND

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—$25 TO ANY ONE HAVING influence or information that will assist me in getting a good office position; age 22; references. Address D 532, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — ACTIVE YOUNG MAN from country desires connection; have office and general business experience; can give best of reference; reference; credentials, bond. D 567, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER; YOUNG man; 3 years' exp.; excellent penman; rapid at figures; moderate salary to start, if there is chance of promotion. Address F H 357, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOOKKEEPER, AS cashier, ticket seller, or office work during evening hours. Address D 550, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BILL AND ENTRY clerk; young man; 3 years' exp.; plain, rapid penman; $10. Address F H 356, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, EDUcated man, good figurer, fair penman; references; will take any position. Address D 505, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE MAN AND asst. bookkeeper; 4 years' exp.; A1 figurer; best refs. Address D 541, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, GENeral office work; several years' experience; references. Address D 536, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper. Address D 530, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HOTEL CLERK; EXPErienced; refs. R. E. STRONG, Hotel Morrison.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT SALESman, manager, or correspondent, now open for engagement; long experience in wholesale drug, chemical and kindred trades. Address F V 71, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SALESMAN, TRAVELing; experienced; salary and expenses. Address D 527, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SALESMAN. ANY good line; city or country. D 504, Tribune.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN WITH some good commercial house, telegraph operator; understand R. R. work and can furnish best of references. Address G A 8, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK; COLORED MAN; hotel or boarding-house; thoroughly up to date, A1; 7 years' experience; reference given. Address, three days, D 516, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ELECTRICIAN; EXperienced man on generators, motors, and line work; Address D 509, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT JONES & Lamson and Cleveland automatic machinist; special tool designer. C. A. Bacon, 1776 Milwaukee-av.

SITUATION WANTED—WALL PAPER CLEANer, 41 a room; papering, painting, and calcimining. 194 W. Monroe-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS DRAFTSMAN. EXperienced; special machinery preferred. Address D 526, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ALL-ROUND MAchinist. Address D 516, Tribune office.

House Servants.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MARRIED COUPLE, cook and butler; best reference, city or country; can give best services. D 503, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG JAPANese, to do general housework; wages $4 per week; good city reference. 1000 W. Taylor-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BUTLER; EXPERIenced young colored man, with good family; main consideration family; ref. Address 302 Erie-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED — NEAT COUPLE, housework and cook; no Sats. Tel. 2469 North.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BUTLER; VERY competent; good reference. 46 Cass-st.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS colored coachman; sober and industrious, understands horses; careful driver; city reference. Address A. D., 1806 Michigan-av.

SITUATION WANTED — COACHMAN; COW; furnace; all work around place; city or suburb; city ref's. Address D 545, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — COACHMAN; WILL-ing; obliging; married preferred; refs. Call Telephone 3600 North.

SITUATION WANTED—MARRIED MAN, AS coachman; can furnish very best of references. JOSEPH CHADBOURNE, 478 24th-st.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines; Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Can. 1393.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER; 2 years' experience; rapid and accurate; moderate salary. Address F H 354, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, EXPERIenced shipper, desires position. Address L K 294, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED stenographer, with literary man or educational institution; best of refs. Address D 519, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT BOY STENOG.; furnish machine; $6 to start. D 512, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER; EXperienced; best references. N O 256, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — GENTLEMAN, AT present Treasurer of steel company, wishes to make a change as he desires more active position; ability; excellent business record; capable of handling any responsible position; can give good reasons for wishing to make change. Address F D 14, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, GENeral office work; several years' experience; references. Address D 536, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—

BUSINESS CHANCES.

OU WISH TO OBTAIN AN INTEREST IN
largest body of copper ore now known in the
? It is an investment better than United
bonds, railroad stocks, or real estate mort-

The reasons will be made obvious to any
king for further information. This copper

mbraces an area of land one and one-fourth
in length and one mile wide, covering the
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of underground work all in ore. 600 feet
shows OVER SEVEN FEET SOLID COPPER
OF ORE IN SIGHT. This mining property
located at a railroad station in a climate
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at 75 cents on the dollar, the proceeds to be
to bringing the mine to a dividend paying
Full particulars given upon application by
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Every component part of KIMBALL pianos and or-
gans is made in our own factories under the super-
vision of experts in their respective branches and
by the most economical conditions.

RESULT—Every instrument bearing the name
"KIMBALL" represents the practical realization
of the most approved ideas in piano and organ
making.

SEE OUR SPECIAL BARGAINS

in second-hand pianos. The assortment is varied,
including all of standard makes, such as the Weber,
Steinway, Knabe, Steinway, and others. Also a
few of Kimball pianos returned from rental at
greatly REDUCED PRICES.

NEW REED ORGANS, $35 and up.
USED REED ORGANS, $15.

PIANOS INSTRUMENTS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.

W. W. KIMBALL CO. [Established 1857].
Cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.

PIANOS PIANOS PIANOS PIANOS

We have the most magnificent stock of pianos
ready for your inspection that was ever assembled
under one roof. This week special sale of a num-
ber of new and slightly used pianos at a great sacri-
fice, including discontinued style Steinways and
Knabes. See the new pianos at $124, $135, and up.
Also the greatest bargains ever offered in second-
hand pianos. Note these few examples:
Parlor upright, $150; three pedals. Steinway
grand, slightly marred; cost, very low; Huntington oak
upright, $165; New York upright, $175; neat Brad-
bury upright, $180; Thorne upright, $205; Gould up-
right, $210; Steinway upright, $260; Haselton up-
right, $165; New England upright, $175; Emerson
upright, $185; Chase upright, $195; Steinway grand,
style 2, $750; Chase upright, thoroughly renovated, $300;
fine Knabe upright, $300; two used Knabe grands
at a sacrifice; fine Steinway square, $150; Sterling
upright, $190; Emerson upright, $115;
Wheelock upright, $135; Lyon & Healy, $135;
Vose & Sons, upright piano, rosewood case, $165;
Krakauer, upright, $200; Knabe mahogany upright,
latest model, from rental, $375; and many others.
Very low prices; terms may be arranged.
We make a study of pleasing out-of-town piano
purchasers. The average freight on a piano
shipped out of town is only about $5. Satisfaction
guaranteed to all purchasers.
LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN?

READ THIS LIST.

Mahogany upright	$ 75
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Parlor upright	90
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Decker Bros. upright	140
Hallet & Davis upright	145
Fischer, walnut case	150
Bauer & Co. upright, rosewood case	160
Chickering upright piano, mahogany case	235

WHILE OUR NEW WAREROOMS ARE BEING
built we will sell discontinued styles of
NEW PIANOS
AT FACTORY PRICES.
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Walnut upright piano ..... $ 70
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$125 BUYS A STERLING UPRIGHT PIANO; $135
buys a Lakeside Planter upright piano; $150 buys a new
Hallet & Davis upright piano; $110 buys a Brad-
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upright piano; these pianos are in excellent con-
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new pianos not in our regular catalogue at a saving
of from $50 to $75. Terms to suit purchaser at $5
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$50 PIANOS FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS;
Wegman, Haines & Co., Foster, Bryant, Holmes,
and others; easy payments, $4, $5, and $7 per
month; rent $3 and $4 month; second-hand pianos,
$60 and up.
WM. J. A. BRYANT, 144 and 146 Wabash-av.
2d floor, near Madison.

PIANOS TO RENT.
$2, $3, $4, $5 PER MONTH.
One year's rent allowed on purchase.
BUSH & GERTZ PIANO CO.,
207 Wabash-av.
JOSEPH T. LEIBERT, Manager.

$140, $150 EACH—FINE TONE NEW UPRIGHT
pianos, slightly marred on varnish only; latest
improved lightwood cases; warranted for 10 years;
equal to any sold at $300; no small monthly payments.
Established 1864. 147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

CAUTION—STEINWAY PIANOS—BEWARE OF
bogus instruments offered as genuine Steinway
pianos. The stock of used Steinway uprights at
very low prices may be found at LYON & HEA-
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the only authorized Steinway dealers in Chicago.

BEAUTIFUL [IRVING] UPRIGHT PIANO,
used 5 months; unsurpassable tone; will sell for
$200 cash; new if taken at once. Can be seen
today or any time this week. 263 N. Clark, oppo-
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UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT AT LOWEST
possible terms, with privilege of applying one
year's rent to handsome new upright piano.
THE JOHN CHURCH CO.,
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$185—CHICKERING UPRIGHT PIANO; ROSE-
wood; sweet tone and in excellent condition; easy
payments if desired. JULIUS BAUER &
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SEE OUR NEW FALL STOCK OF BEAUTIFUL
Chase Bros. Pianos. Prices, terms, case, and tone
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$185—EMERY & MILLER UPRIGHT PIANO;
slightly used; in fine condition; a decided bargain;
new patents. CLAIMS, collections, etc.
will tell you what trade, business, or profession
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LOVE, COURTSHIP, AND MARRIAGE
Gives truthful revelations on all love affairs;
courtship, marriage, and the proper advice
where lost affection, reunites the separated.
Do lovers' quarrels, tells you WHEN AND
HOW TO WRITE MARRY, and how to win
the man or woman you love, and how to make
husband or wife true to you, and how to
make you loved, admired, caressed; how
natural and charm any one you love or meet.
HE NEVER FAILS TO GIVE PERFECT
SATISFACTION;
by consulting Prof. Marshall you will learn
to preserve health, retain youth, and restore
you are told how to avoid weakness, warn
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HE TELLS EVERYTHING.
In all, tells your life from the cradle to the grave
exactly what you want to know.
Consultation given or no fee taken. Hours
a. m. to 6 p. m., Sundays included.

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1224—MICHIGAN-AV.—1224.
PRINCE OF CLAIRVOYANTS MEDIUM.
READS PAST, PUTURE CORRECTLY.
Advice on business, speculation, investments,
lawsuits, sales, changes, travel,
all business transactions. Gives perfect pre-
dictions in love, marriage, divorce, and family
affairs. Restores lost affections, unites the
separated, tells how impossible cases in your
affairs may seem, call and know the truth.

MME. LA FORBS, PALMIST; ELECTRO-MAG-
netic; friends, lovers, forced to return. 9 Mad-
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WILL TELL YOU IF YOUR IDEA IS WORTH
money; special machinery, apparatus, tools,
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ACCURATE ASSAYS OF ORES, GOLD, SILVER,
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FOR SALE—
GIVEN AWAY. GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.
On receipt of a postal I will send you plans of 150
new houses, located on the South, West, and North
Sides and in suburbs; for sale on monthly payments
of from $8 to $25, same as rent; very small cash
payment; price $1,175 to $5,000; let your rent money
pay for a home.
WRITE AT ONCE. WRITE AT ONCE.
CALL AT ONCE. CALL AT ONCE.
S. E. GROSS.
6th Floor Masonic Temple, State and Randolph-sts.
OVER 12,000 HOMES SOLD ON MONTHLY
PAYMENTS IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE — MANUFACTURING
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advance money for building; lowest switching
charges. H. H. WALKER & CO., 207 Tacoma Bldg.

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FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—
SEVEN WASHINGTON-PARK-PL. ELEGANT 9-
STORY, SEMI-DETACHED STONE FRONTS, FURNISHED IN
HARDWOOD THROUGHOUT, ELEGANTLY
DECORATED; LARGE YARD; ONLY $12,000.
218 La SALLE-ST. SOUTH BOARD OF TRADE.

FOR SALE—8-STORY BRICK, STONE FRONT,
store and 2 fine flats, 224-st., near State, at a
bargain; will take part cash. Address D 315, Tribune
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185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—EQUITY IN 4-
flat side, near 35th and Grand-blvd.
Rents, $1,000. Owner, 1,000. Owner, 1,000.
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FOR SALE — SNAP — $160, $165, AND $200
Wentworth-av.—6 and 7-room flats, rented for $600
per annum; also 3 bedrooms; low price, and easy terms;
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FOR SALE—BLOCK CONTAINING 46 LOTS,
between 35th and 36th-sts., Nutt-av. and Brookes-
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guide; see them. DELAMATER, 88 Washington.

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room house; will accept part payment in vacant.
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FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULE-
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50x125; $4,500; must sell; make offer. JOHN
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FOR SALE—WOODLAWN-AV., BET. 58TH AND
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FOR SALE—$67.50 FT. BUYS 25 FT. ON COT-
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FOR SALE—METROPOLITAN ELEVATED—
$15—A MONTH—$15.
26 TWO-STORY HOUSES BUILDING.
14 FINISHED.
8 SOLD.
5 OCCUPIED.
GO AND SEE THEM. COUNT THEM.

Best-arranged houses on West Side; contain re-
ception hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, bath-
room, three large bedrooms (some houses have 5
bedrooms), cabinet mantel, sideboard, open plumbing,
marble washbowl, porcelain bathtub, sewer, water,
and gas; beautifully decorated; excellent neighbor-
hood; $60,000 school two blocks; price $2,500; $150
cash and $15 month.
Located on N. Lawndale, Humboldt, and Costello-
avs., just north of Armitage-av.
HOW TO GET THERE.
Take Humboldt-park line Metropolitan elevated
to N. Lawndale-av. station and walk north four
blocks to Costello-av.; just north of Armitage-av.;
or take Milwaukee-av. car, transfer at Lawndale-
av. car, get off at Lawndale-av. and walk north
two blocks.

Houses open every day. Go and see them or call
and be taken free to see houses.

S. E. GROSS, 6TH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE,
STATE AND RANDOLPH-STS.

Over 11,693 HOMES SOLD IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON-BLVD., NR. 42D-
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CALLAS & VARTY, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST CORNERS ON
West Lake-st., between Canal and Jefferson, at
a great bargain for cash or will exchange. Price
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owner on premises; price $2,700.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—$4,950 TAKES STORE AND FLAT
building. Cedar-st. Pulls-st. worth $6,000.
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FOR SALE—

SPOTLESS STREET.

THE WHOLE CITY OF CHICAGO
IS HEREBY INVITED
TO SHOW ANOTHER STREET WITHIN ITS
ENTIRE BORDERS WHICH COMPARES
WITH ALTA VISTA TERRACE

IN
ABSOLUTE CLEANLINESS,
ARCHITECTURAL BEAUTY, SANITARY
CONDITIONS,
AND RESIDENCE DESIRABILITY.

Quiet, exclusive, healthful, beautiful; high-class
in every respect.
ON NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED RAILWAY,
AT SHERIDAN DRIVE STATION—
16 MINUTES' RIDE.
Between Grace and Byron-sts.
IDEAL MODERN HOMES OF ELEVEN ROOM
HOUSES, OF ROMAN PRESSED BRICK AND
STONE. WILL BE SOLD ON

$30 MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
$30 MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

N. CLARK-ST. ELECTRIC, ONE BLOCK WEST
ON GRACE-ST.

EVANSTON-AV. ELECTRIC, THREE BLOCKS
EAST ON GRACE-ST.

Roman pressed brick and stone, two and three
stories and basement, handsome and beautiful designs.
Seven to eleven rooms, reception hall, mosaic
vestibule, bathroom, large closets, cupboards, sta-
tionary tubs, laundry, laundry stove, pat-
ent clothes drier, and tubular vacuum.
Handsome consoles in parlor, richly carved man-
tel and sideboard in dining-room, combination gas
and electric light fixtures, window shades, china
cabinet, enameled bathtub, tiled floor, and open
nickel plumbing, entirely decorated, mahog-
any finish and hardwood floors.
Asphalt street, with combination curb and gut-
ter, greensward and ornamental shrubbery.

HOUSES OPEN FOR INSPECTION EVERY DAY.

GO AND SEE THEM.

S. E. GROSS, 6th floor Masonic Temple, State and
Randolph-sts.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING PROPERTY
AT A GREAT BARGAIN.
297 feet front on Ohio-st., east of Kingsbury.
Will sell whole or part.
Apply to W. D. KERFOOT & CO.,
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FOR SALE—RAVENSWOOD—A BEAUTIFUL
home on 50 ft. lot, 2 blocks from station; near Pau-
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FOR SALE—DOCKS, WAREHOUSES, AND MFG.
sites at Chicago or Detroit, or rent.
WALLACE BROS., Detroit, Mich.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
ELGIN, ILLINOIS.
Will offer a better opportunity to get a "MODERN
HOME" at a moderate cost than any other sub-
urban town near Chicago. The C. M. & St. P.
Ry. and C. & N. W. Ry. furnish good railroad
facilities, and the new electric line now under
construction will by next spring furnish hourly
service between Elgin and Chicago. We have some
very fine residences for sale. Latest architectural
styles, all modern improvements, and large, attrac-
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"MODERN HOME."
They range in prices from $4,000 to $10,000; some
of these are to be had at almost
"50 PER CENT OF ORIGINAL COST."
For further information call or address
WILLIAM GROTE,
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Home Bank Block, Elgin, Illinois.

FOR SALE—WILMETTE. BARGAINS.
FINE HOUSES,
READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
FOERSTER, 1523 Columbus-av. Wilmette,
Or WM. FRIES, R. 1001, Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—N. EVANSTON—BARGAINS—
$11 Hinman-av., 8-room house.
2524 Harrison-st.
Terms to suit.
FOERSTER, 1523 Columbus-av., Wilmette., or
WM. FRIES, R. 1001 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE — WINNETKA, GLENCOE, AND
other north shore suburbs; houses, lots, and
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FOR SALE—BERWYN—5 TO 15 ROOM HOUSES,
$1,000 to $15,000; some bargains; will build to
suit. W. J. ANDREWS, 184 La Salle, R. 522.

FOR SALE—ACRE LOTS ON WOODED HILLS
at Palos Park; $200 and up; altitude 150 feet;
fare 13c. MONSON & PARK, Chicago.

FOR SALE—MORGAN & PARK—CHOICE VA-
cant corners.
JOHN GOLDMAN, 218 La Salle-st.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—CARNEGIE SAYS THERE HAS
been more money made in real estate than in all
other lines of business put together; good acres only
¼ of a mile from the city limits that I can sell
for 1-5 the price. 1-5 down, and the balance on
or before 10 years' time; will improve; a
fortune. N. THOMASSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FARM AND SUMMER HOME IN
rolling prairie, beautifully located, overlooking
the Desplaines River valley.
Three never failing springs; long distance tele-
phone, rural free delivery of mail. The very best
gravelled roads, and excellent neighbors; good
barn and fair house. Room for 50 head of cattle and 15
horses are kept on this farm.
Ice to Chicago, 8 to 8 trains each way; time 50 to
60 minutes. Will sell cheap and on improved
for $5,000 or $6,000, balance cash and mortgage.
AUSTIN CLEMENT, 200 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—SOME CHOICE DAIRY FARMS IN
the Fox River Valley and in the vicinity of Elgin,
the great dairy district. We have farms ranging
from 30 to 500 acres, at
PRICES THAT ARE CHEAP.
Prices, of
course, differ according to location, soil, and im-
provements, from $60 to $100 per acre.
For further information call or address
WILLIAM GROTE,
Real Estate and Investments,
Home Bank Block, Elgin, Illinois.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
Out they go to N. Dakota, where crops are boun-
tiful, climate healthful, land cheap, and very pro-
ductive. Low prices and excursion rates and map
call upon WM. H. BROWN & CO., 155 La Salle-st.,
Chicago.

FOR SALE—ATTENTION—HUNTERS' RESORT
and sportsmen; $7,000; ½ cash, will buy 13
acres, including 3 acres beautiful lake, within 38
miles of Courthouse, Illinois; timber and plow land
all around lake. A. GRAY, 77 S. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—
If taken at once, 80 acres on the Belt road, high
ground, south of East Chicago, $75 per acre cash.
HAIR & WINEMAN,
187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—THE SORT THAT SELL.
GOOD OLD ILLINOIS FARMS, 250 acres, 16
miles from Chicago Courthouse; very deep black
loam; very rich; if you want it see the hustlers
quick. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES GOOD SOIL, 80 CULTI-
vated, balance timber, 2 miles from Friendship,
county seat Adams Co., Wis., with personal proper-
ty; $5,800; great bargain. D 511, Tribune.

FOR SALE—A SNAP—WABASH BOTTOM, 1,680
and 1,800 acres; great for corn; well located in
fill. Call or write. 155 La Salle-st. WM. H.
BROWN & CO.

FOR SALE—200 ACRES, 50 MILES FROM CHI-
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frontage. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—I HAVE FOR SALE 1,280 ACRES OF
Bessemer ore land. Address D 315, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—OWNERS—
Through my expert and honest management of a
large apartment building containing 71 flats the
property has been sold; references to this effect;
open for new engagement. W 61, Tribune office.

WANTED—CLEAR IMPROVED FOR EQUITY
in 6-flat building, Prairie-av., near 51st; incum-
brance $9,000. CHARLES L. SCHAAR, 184 La Salle-st.

WANTED—TO SELL OR EXCHANGE YOUR
property, suburban or a farm in any part of the
country, see TAYLOR CO., 118 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—WE BUY NORTH AND SOUTH DA-
kota wild land for cash. WM. H. BROWN &
CO., 155 La Salle-st., Chicago.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—SEVERAL MODERN SIX-
flat blocks, lightly incumbered, and all near Alley
L road.
One nr. 43d-st., rents $2,400, inc. $10,500, 4½%
One near University, rents $1,980; inc. $10,600.
One on 50-ft. corner, rents $1,650, inc. only $8,000.
Want clear vacant, Hyde Park or Woodlawn.
Also, two Side corner 6-flat blds., rents $1,625; no
expense heating; will take 50 ft. worth $5,000, and
$7,000, on time to suit, or part cash.
CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO.,
106 La Salle-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—25 FT. LOT, WITH FRAME
house, on Green-st., near Adams; or corner, 18x
125, on W. Kinzie-st.; also 28 lots on W. 14th and
Throop-sts.; all of above property clear and valued
at $25,000; will assume on part; no agents.
WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 95 Washington.

WANTED—CLEAR, CHOICE FARM CONVEN-
ient to Chicago; will exchange for interest in
FINE 21-FLAT BLDG., NEAR WASHINGTON
PK. AND 51., STA.; RENTS $7,700; MTGE
$50,000 AT PER CENT. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108
Dearborn-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—3-STORY BRICK FLATS ON
Morgan-st., near Monroe, value $15,000, clear;
WILL EXCHANGE Morgan, near Randolph, value $10,000,
clear; will assume $20,000 to $40,000 on North Side
modern apartment.
WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 95 Washington.

TO EXCHANGE—$4,500 W. S. 3-FLAT, CLEAR,
for S. S. vacant or modern Hyde Park house;
will pay cash difference, $5,000 to $10,000.
HOMER SELEY & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPER-
ty, clear, for equity in modern flat-bldg. worth
about $18,000. CARR, 434 N. Y. Life Bldg.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS—
We will make loans as small as $5,000 at 4½%
where margin of security is usually large.
Can you pay a portion of your present loan? If
so, we can quote you very advantageous rates.
Prepayments allowed. No delay. We pass
on security.
If under foreclosure, save your equity by sale
of property through our
REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.
We have many clients with cash in hand looking
for bargains in real estate.
BUILDING LOANS AT LOWEST RATES.
HENRY A. HUTT & CO.,
110 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO PROPERTY
at 5 and 5½ per cent without commission.
Special fund for large loans. Privilege
of prepaying all or any part of principal at
any time and stopping interest.
Payments are not required, but are preferred.
Every payment reduces the amount of principal
and interest.
The borrower sees payment credited on his note
and pays interest only on the balance.
Prefer applications for sale in amounts to suit.
Send for detailed memoranda, stating amount
you wish to invest.
Bank and individual references.
ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
CHANDLER MORTGAGE COMPANY.
(Not incorporated.)
FIRST MORTGAGES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

FIVE PER CENT.

Collateral trust bonds of the F. R. Chandler
Securities Trust in denominations of $1,000. Lim-
ited issue.

110 DEARBORN-ST.

WE DO NOT LOAN MONEY WITHOUT COM-
mission, but the cost of loans made with us is less
than others will charge on any amount that you
may want.
BUILDING LOANS MADE AT LOWEST RATES.
Prepayment privileges given. Prompt service.
We have several choice pieces of property which
we can sell for 1-3 cash, balance second mortgage,
and loan money to build.
Call and see us before applying elsewhere.

MADLUNG, RIDMANN & McCORTNEY,
401 and 403 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—
WITHOUT COMMISSION.
Lowest rates for desirable business.
BUILDING LOANS—ROOM 1 INSPECTION.
W. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE LOANS, 184 LA SALLE-ST.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS
ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PRABODY, OTIS & CO.,
104 DEARBORN-ST.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHI-
cago real estate; lowest rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLURE, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 3147 Clark-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT
LOWEST CURRENT RATES
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY BANK.
100 Jackson-blvd.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE
at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fee; privi-
lege to pay all or part before maturity and stop in-
terest thereon. Building loans made.
ROBT. J. McLEAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE, $2,000
to $10,000, 5 per cent, no commission or charges;
borrower pays only for construction of abstract.
HENRY SIEGGINSEN, Main Floor, 88 La
Salle-st., opposite City Hall.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for
building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
95 and 97 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE
AT LOWEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRANT, BLISS, BANCROFT & CO., Fire Insurance,
and Steamship Agents, 134 W. Madison-st. Open
evenings.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and
will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

WHY NOT BUILD A HOME ON THAT LOT OF
yours? We put it up complete and furnish the
money; 100 styles of plans; payments like rent.
CASE & PADDOCK, Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—6% GOLD MORTGAGES, $700, $800,
$1,000 $1,200 $1,500, $2,000, $2,500. Chicago
Title and Trust Co., trustee. Send for list. SAM
BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 4½, 5, 5½, AND 6 PER
cent any amount, upon approved Chicago real
estate securities.
BARNES & PARISH, 145 La Salle-st.

W. G. STOUGHTON, 182 LA SALLE-ST.—
Money to loan at 4½, 5, 5½ & 6 per cent.
Prompt building loans.

MORTGAGES FOR SALE ON NEW BRICK AND
stone improvements; Chicago Title and Trust Co.
papers. JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 115 Monroe-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
Phone 2137 M. 150 La Salle-st.

BAIRD & WARNER, 80 LA SALLE-ST., LAKE
LOANS ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES;
QUICK ACTION.

CAIRNS & McINTOSH, 125 LA SALLE-ST.
have private funds on loan on Chicago improved
city real estate, from $2,000 to $50,000 at lowest rates of int.

WESTERN STATE BANK—
N. W. cor. La Salle and Washington-sts.
Loans made on Chicago real estate.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT
choice real estate loans; building loans made.
KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, Bankers, 78 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUB-
urban real estate, reasonably monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 84 Clark-st.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-
st., loans on Chicago real estate and building
loans made at lowest rates; no delay.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAY-
able in currency.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., MONEY
loaned on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; im-
mediate inspection. Second floor, 95 Dearborn-st.

SHORT TIME, 1ST AND 2D MORTG. LOANS
Loans made on 1st mortg. collaterals.
CHAS. HOPPER, 205 Tacoma Bldg.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN
Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust
Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-
st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest
current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

SIDNEY LOEB & CO., 125 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN
money on CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT
LOWEST RATES; NO DELAY.

$200 TO $50,000 REAL ESTATE LOANS, 4½%.
Manager of mortgage loans, Chicago Title and
Trust Co., 145 La Salle-st., Chicago.

ELSER & WESTMAN, 85 DEARBORN-ST.,
make loans on improved city real estate at lowest
rate; mortgages bought and sold; no delay.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. CORNER DEAR-
born and Washington-sts.—Loans on Chicago real
estate.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE
at lowest rates.
D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON
approved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

McLANE & GUNN, 100 WASHINGTON-ST.—
Real estate loans; we pass on security; no delay;
small expense; building loans made.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 69 WASHINGTON-
st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay;
we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

TO LOAN—5 PER CENT; ANY SUM. BUILDING
loans. Loans pass on security; no delay.
EDWIN WYNN & CO., 122 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT AND IMP.;
lowest rates. C. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO, CALL ON

ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.

You can borrow any amount you want on

EASY TERMS. AT LOWEST RATES.

ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CAR-
RIAGES, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.

ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT
MORTGAGE.

Payments arranged to suit convenience of bor-
rower; partial payments can be made at any time,
reducing interest accordingly.
No charge taken out in advance. You get the
full amount of the loan in cash.
You can deal with me quickly, privately, satis-
factorily, and confidentially.
It will be to your advantage to call at my office
before borrowing elsewhere.

ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2731.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT
you wish FROM $20 TO $1,000 ON THE FOL-
LOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE
IN COOK COUNTY: ON
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES,
CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RE-
CEIPTS OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY.
THE PROPERTY MUST REMAIN UNDISTURBED
IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE
MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION
SAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT
SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT
REDUCES THE LESSENS THE COST OF THE
LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON
YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH. NO
CHARGE FOR ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN AD-
VANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT
OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.
ROOMS 216 AND 217.

THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 202.
S. E. COR. OF HALSTED-ST.

LIBERAL ADVANCES WITHOUT DELAY ON

FURNITURE,
PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS,
CARRIAGES, ETC.,
OR ON PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ANY KIND,
WITHOUT REMOVAL.
LOWEST RATES AND MOST REASONABLE TERMS.
FAIR AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT
AT THE OFFICES OF

FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR,
CORNER CLARK-ST.

301 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV.,
ENGLEWOOD.
BEFORE BORROWING CALL AND SEE US
AND YOU WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO YOUR
ADVANTAGE.

ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB

MONEY LOANED AT 1 PER CENT AND UP-
wards on diamonds, watches, and jewelry.

Don't place your loans with unreliable loan of-
fices; your valuables are safe with us; reference,
First National Bank; highest prices paid for old
gold and silver.
Unredeemed diamonds, watches, and jewelry at
40 per cent less than wholesale or retail jewelers'
prices.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

BAUMAN LOAN CO., 150 South Clark-st.

BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB

WE WILL LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS,
ETC.—AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES; PAR-
TIAL PAYMENTS MADE AT ANY TIME
AND INTEREST REDUCED.

L. F. HOPKINS & CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.

$$$ LINCOLN-AV., UP-STAIRS.

Room 307 New Era Building, corner Bliss Island-av.
and Harrison-st.

LOANS CAN BE OBTAINED AT MY BRANCH
OFFICES WITHOUT GOING DOWN-TOWN.
Branch offices open at 8:30 a. m. to 8:30 p. m.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
100 Washington-st., Room 504.
Title and Trust Building.

SOUTH SIDE OFFICE—
47th-st., corner State-st.

WEST SIDE OFFICE—
507 W. Madison-st., Room 2, corner Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons.
Property left in your own possession. Our South
and West Side

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

This is an Announcement of an Extraordinary Silk Sale.

THIS will be a sensational "special sale" of silk fabrics, as values that are not usually found in reduction sales will characterize this event. The assortment is particularly good, and we believe it will be impossible to duplicate these bargains again this season.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 Fancy Silks at 50c a yard. 24-inch brocaded Japanese silk in all evening shades, $1.00 and $1.25 values; faille Francaise in evening tints and white; poplins, white regence, fancy brocades, liberty silks and $1.00 and $1.50 rich novelty silks in odd pieces, colors, short ends, etc., etc. All priced at, per yard.... **50c**

1,600 yds. 45-in. All-Silk Colored Crepe du Chine. Sold regularly at $2.50 per yard—colors are old rose, reseda, grays, dark blue, cadet, tans, brown, pink and cardinal—all priced at..... **$1.25**

$1.00 Black Silks— 50c 750 yds. imported black ordallie and paillette de soie—800 yards black figured taffeta meteore and 900 yards black all-silk Louisine dress silks, at, yard..... **50c**

Black Silk. 600 yards, 54 inch, $2.00 quality, black taffeta silk. Note the width. Priced at, yard..... **$1.28**

Velvets—$2.00 and $2.50 Novelty Velvets, 50c Brocade velvets, stripe velvets, novelty velvets, check velvets, odds and ends of our $2.50 quality fancy velvets and panne velvets, while they last, yard..... **50c**

Two Sample Lines of Women's Stylish Winter Coats.

Including Short Jackets, Box Coats, Automobiles and Raglans.

JUST at the time when the demand is greatest we have secured two sample lines of long and short Coats from makers whose reputation for making only the most stylish garments is well established, and having bought them on very favorable terms we will be able to offer our customers some extreme bargains.

These garments come in kersey, frieze and vicuna cloths, each perfectly tailored and handsomely lined.

The Short Jackets will be sold at from **$10 to $20.** | The Long Coats will be sold at from **$12 to $55.**

Not a garment that isn't worth at least 25% more than the price asked.

Other special values in Short and Long Coats.

27-inch Box Coats in Oxford, Frieze and Tan Black, Castor or Red Kersey—each garment lined with best satins..... **$12.50**

26-inch Box Coats in Black Montagnac Cheviots—coat or storm collars—lined with Skinner's satin..... **$15.00**

Ulsters and Raglans in Black or Oxford Irish Frieze and Coverts—$15, $16.50 and..... **$20**

Tan Covert, Black and Tan Kersey and Black and Oxford Frieze Ulsters and Raglans—each well satin lined..... **$30**

The Special $15 Suit Sale.

SPECIAL—We have gathered together in one lot several hundred ladies' stylish suits, consisting of etons, blouse and tight-fitting styles, odds and ends of the season's most popular styles—the lowest priced suit in the lot sold previously at $22.50, many in the lot much higher—materials the newest, black and colors, choice..... **$15.00**

Fur Wearing Days Have Arrived.

AND with their coming we urge all who want furs to visit the fur section on the third floor, where all that is best in furs will be found, and where you will find ready to wear the handsomest, best made and most stylish garments shown in Chicago.

Seal Coats—that is, Genuine Alaska Seal Coats—in this season's various styles. We have a complete stock, both of plain and trimmed coats, in almost all lengths and sizes, even to the popular automobile. Broad Tail Persian Coats, European models both plain and fancy.

Persian Lamb Coats from	$65.00 up	Near Seal Coats	$42.00
Natural Hudson Bay Otter Coats	130.00	Electric Seal Coats	24.00
		Astrachan Coats	25.00 up

Long Tab Storm Collarettes.

Sable Fox from	$45.00 up	Black Marten and Persian	$37.50 up
Mink	45.00	Black Lynx	45.00
Black Marten	36.00	Electric Seal	12.00

Eiffel High-Grade Underwear.

THIS most satisfactory of all standard brands of underwear is sold in Chicago in this store only.

Eiffel HIGH GRADE C·P·S & CO

Women's $6.50 silk and wool union suits..... $5.00

Women's $4.00 union suits, regular made, pure worsted, hand finished with silk, stayed shoulders, in a clear turquoise blue..... $2.95

Women's fine Egyptian cotton union suits, in light, medium and heavy weight, button down front or across chest..... $1.00

Our $1.00 assortment of separate garments is one of the best and largest in the city.

Dermophile (friend to the skin), highly recommended by leading physicians, pure wool, absolutely guaranteed not to shrink cost less than the Jaeger—in men's, women's and children's.

Women's $1.25 underwear, 65c.—A great sale on the main floor bargain counters, comprising in all two hundred dozen garments, bought from one of the leading makers, in lots of one to ten dozen of a kind. These goods were left over after the regular orders were filled. They are all first grade, no seconds, and only desirable qualities were included in the purchase. We shall offer them at the one price to sell quickly. In the lot are pure worsted, merino and cotton garments in light, medium and heavy weights, in nearly every style and in every desirable shade—**65c** a garment or **$1.25** a suit.

Blankets and Beds at Very Low Prices.

Blankets from our Surplus wholesale stocks, travelers' sample blankets and odds and ends reduced to the lowest prices—the best blanket purchasing opportunity that will be found this season. Get your blankets now, while the prices are the lowest.

White cotton blankets, 50c kind, 35c.
White cotton blankets, no borders, for sheets—90c kind, 65c.
Fancy striped blankets, 85c kind, 65c.

Fancy cotton blankets, 12-4 size, $1.50 kind, 95c.
White wool blankets, pure wool, 60x78 size, 4 lbs., $2.45.

Fancy plaid blankets, all wool, 4 lbs. weight, $4.50 kind, $3.25. 5 lbs. weight, $5.50 kind, $3.85.
Extra large white California wool blankets, 6 lbs. weight, $6.50 kind, $4.75.

Metal Bedsteads—Every Bed in Stock Reduced in Price.

THE best values to be found anywhere, from the plain enamel bed to the fancy all brass bed. Prices ranging from $1.85 and upward.

Fancy scroll beds, worth from $8.00 to $20.00, at $13.75, $10.75, $8.75 and $5.75.

Brass Beds of Best Makers.

$20.00 beds with bow foot, strong and well made, $16.
$35.00 beds, extra heavy posts, bow foot, $24.75.
$50.00 arch top brass beds, $36.50.
$45.00 bent post brass beds, $34.

An Elegant Ring

Entirely new in design, rich and artistic. The gold is hand carved and finished in roman color.

The DIAMOND is in keeping with the ring, of fine color and perfect luster.

WEIGHT, ¼-CARAT $60.00
$12.00 CASH ... $6.00 A MONTH

We Invite Comparison of Values.
New Catalogue, 1,000 Illustrations, Free.
Ours is the best Charge Account System in the World.

GEO. E. MARSHALL, Importer,
Columbus Memorial Building,
STATE AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

Albums and Portfolios For Preserving Tribune Pictures

Albums - - - 50c
Portfolios - - - 25c
These Are Cost Prices.
If sent by express 25c extra.
For Sale at Tribune Office, corner Dearborn and Monroe-sts., or 94 Market-st.

MARSHALL FIELD & Co.

Special Sale of Silks.

15,000 yards—at less than cost to manufacture.

In our large and convenient Basement section, we place on sale today a recent purchase of three hundred pieces of Plain and Fancy Silks, each piece containing from 50 to 60 yards.

This is a sale almost without a precedent—the very low prices being the result of a purchase ***at less than the actual cost of manufacture.***

Every yard of these silks is unquestionably splendid value—they are practical and serviceable fabrics that will command the attention of everyone, no matter how lightly interested. There will be no restrictions in the quantities to each customer, and a large force of experienced salespeople will provide prompt and satisfactory service.

Lot No. 1—yard, 55c.

Stripe Paillette de Soie, 2 sizes of stripes, 10 colorings, white stripes on colored grounds.

Pin and polka dot Paillette de Soie, eighteen colorings, white dots on colored grounds.

Faconne Paillette de Soie, Cubes and Fleur-de-lis, five colorings.

Two-toned Paillette de Soie, 21 combinations.

Roman stripe Paillette de Soie, six styles, a large variety of colorings and combinations.

Satin and lace striped Taffetas, 1 style in 8 colors.

Black figured Peau de Soie, 18 pieces, 4 designs.

Roman stripe Louisines, eight combinations.

Lot No. 2—yard, 65c.

White Figured Peau de Cygne—8 designs, comprising dots, sprays, rings, fleur-de-lis, crescents, etc.

Black Figured Peau de Cygne—eighteen designs, comprising dots, rings, cubes, sprays, vines, fleur-de-lis, etc.

Black Corded Taffetas—six styles.

Black Corded Louisines—four styles.

White and Black and Black and White stripe Peau de Cynge—three styles.

Black Brocade Satins—eleven designs.

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BRO'S.

"The Silk Store," 111 to 115 State-st.

Half Price

Special today—we will sell $20,000 worth of fine, stylish Silks and Crepe Bengalines at **half price.** Many other lots will be sold at even less than half price. $1.00 quality Crepe de Chine at 48c; 85c Washable Taffetas at 50c; $1.00 quality Colored Peau de Soie at 48c; 85c quality Corduroy Velvets, 25c, etc.

Velvet Corduroy—for waist and costumes, browns, navy, garnet, marine and blacks, 85c quality at..... **25c**

Crepe Bengaline—a new material very similar to Crepe de Chine—stylish for evening wear—beautiful colorings—white, cream, mais, lavender, nile, turquoise, light blue, cardinal, old rose, reseda, navy, tan, brown and gray—$1 quality at.. **48c**

Washable Taffetas—strictly pure silk—absolutely washable—it's heavier than the regular taffeta and more durable—comes in all the colors—85c quality at..... **50c**

Lace Taffeta—new lace taffeta effects—in all the new colorings—this material has the same effect as handsome lace over satin-finished taffetas, with black satin stripes spaced about two inches apart—$1.00 quality at..... **48c**

36-inch Black Taffeta—50 pieces heavy all-silk Black Taffeta, special French finish—36-inch—$1.00 quality at..... **58c**

Colored Peau de Soie—fine imported quality—soft, silky finish, in all colors—white, evening shades, medium and dark colors—splendid for costumes, waist and linings—$1.00 quality at..... **58c**

REVELL & CO.

A BARGAIN IN FINE DINING CHAIRS

Leather Seat	$2.65	Cane Seat	$1.85
Arm Chair	$5.50	Arm Chair	$4.25

These elegant Dining-Room Chairs illustrated above are made with box seats—are highly polished—made of quarter-sawed oak, etc. Sale on second floor.

ALEXANDER H. REVELL & CO.
Cor. Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

"Slow" Business is made prosperous by advertising in The Chicago Tribune.

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY is her hair. If Gray or Bleached, it can be restored to its natural color without injury to health or scalp by use application of the **Imperial Hair Regenerator** THE STANDARD HAIR COLORING. It is absolutely harmless. Any shade produced. Colors fast, and ONE APPLICATION LASTS MONTHS. Sample of your hair colored free. Imperial Chem. Mf'g Co., 126 W. 23d St., N.Y.
Sold by E. BURNHAM, 70-72 State-st., N. McCARTHY, 312 Wabash-av., W. R. STRELH, 34 Monroe-st.

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 70 & 72 State-st.

MARSHALL FIELD & Co.

Sterling Silver Sale.

Our Great Annual Sale of Sterling Silver Novelties at 45c and 95c is now in progress. First floor, Annex.

MARSHALL FIELD & Co.

Men's Overcoats.

All our overcoats are produced by America's best tailors, working out our advanced ideas of proper overcoat making in accordance with very exacting specifications regarding style and fit. Second floor.

Chesterfields, Essex Coats, Paddocks, Surtouts, Inverness Coats and Russian Belt Overcoats are shown; each style being in the fabrics and colorings most appropriate to its special use.

Cloths include Cheviots, Kerseys, Montagnacs, unfinished worsteds, and fancy English Coatings; colors are black, blue, the smart "black and white," and various effects in fancy plaids.

Linings are of serge, silk or of fancy wool, with silk shoulders; collars velvet or plain. Fit to assure in some one of our four sizes; slim, regular, stout, and extra stout.

Prices, $15, $18, $20, $22, $25, $30, $32, $35, $40, $45, $50.

Basement Section.

Here we show a splendid selection of Chesterfields and Essex Coats in less expensive qualities. Fabrics are handsome and well-wearing, tailoring excellent. Prices, $10.00, $12.00, $14.00.

Youths' Overcoats.

Sizes 16 to 19, or 32 to 35 chest measure.

A very special display of fine, ready-to-wear Overcoats, equal ***in every respect*** *to custom-made garments.* Third floor.

Materials are Irish frieze, fur beaver, Montagnac beaver, and best qualities of domestic cheviot. Some have serge body linings with silk sleeve linings, others have worsted body linings with satin lined shoulders and sleeves. Many are full silk-lined.

Our prices—which are very low for these high-class garments—are: $15.00, $18.00, $20.00, $25.00, $28.00, $30.00, $32.00, $35.00 and $50.00.

If you have a little ready cash it will be to your advantage to read the Business Chance column in today's Tribune.

KNOX Hats. Perfect in Shape ready. Try the ... JOHN T. CHAYNE & Co., Fourth floor, Clothing.

DESKS. REVELL & CO., Adams and Wabash.

VOLUME LX.—N

NEWS—Summ

THE WEATHER—
Increasing cloudiness Wednesday, w threatening, rising temperature. Sun rises at 6:39; sets at 4:49. Moon

ELECTIONS:—
Seth Low, the anti-Tammany can elected Mayor of New York by a plur about 33,000. W. T. Jerome, fusionist, District Attorney of New York Coun Mayor Robert A. Van Wyck defeat Justice of the Supreme Court. Retur dicated complete triumph of fusion tic Republicans elected Mayors in A Syracuse, Buffalo, and Utica, the Dem carrying Rochester by a small plu The fusion anti-Murphy Mayor was in Troy.
Defeat of Tammany Hall caused u dented popular rejoicing in New York. crowds around the bulletin boards and sang. Big impromptu street par ganized.
Richard Croker declared he has fou as his successor.
Election returns from Iowa indica utter demoralization of the Democrati in the State. Prohibition vote increas
Vote on the question of Oak Park a wyn separating from the Town of Cic carried in the affirmative.
Regular Republicans routed the fus in Pennsylvania, their majority in Ph phia reaching 50,000.
In the Ohio election big Republican were made in Cincinnati, Cleveland, Dayton, and Canton.
Democrats of Louisville, Ky., overc Republican majority of 3,000 and carr city by 5,000.
Result in Maryland in doubt, large result of a complicated ballot. charged.
Surprising gains made by the Repu in some of the fusion districts of Nebr
Lower House of New York Legi carried by Republicans by large maj
Judge Jerome in a speech to neighb his Connecticut home scored T. C. Pla
President Roosevelt sent congratu messages to Low and Jerome.
Union labor candidate elected Ma San Francisco.
President Roosevelt voted at Oyste

LOCAL:—
Antonio Natoli, an Italian, murder unknown assassins, his body put in a and taken to the prairie near West C and North Western avenues.
Man suspected of being one of the office stamp robbers offered large n of stamps for sale in Stock-Yards distri
Policeman Edward Koeller and his b William charged by the Coroner's jur the murder of the former's wife.
Gypsy Queen, a saddle horse own Thomas W. Lawson, was one of the the Horse Show yesterday.
James White, an expressman, arrest causing a row at the parish house James' Episcopal Church.
Architbald Savage, secretary of the H & Hogg company, declared to be sho 000 in his accounts.
Governor Yates charged with try change the State Board of Architects political machine.
Alderman Hunter planning to esta home for neglected and dilapidated of the city.
Mrs. Estelle Bigger of 1511 West T street arrested for using the mails for purposes.
Judge Haney refused to grant ch venue in the Chicago American co case.
Silver service for the battleship Ill to be presented on Nov. 15 at Old Poin fort.
Melville G. Holding, the new Oil Ins agreed to give office fees to the city.
Chicago contributions to the Mc memorial fund amount to $1,780.
New York jewelry firm sued Mrs. Snell Coffin for $600.
Chrysanthemum show opened at t Natorium.

WASHINGTON:—
Secretary Hay and Ambassador held long conference, which was d almost exclusively to the new Nic treaty. The Ambassador declared tha land would make treaty satisfactory country.
Hanna completed his argument Ashley inquiry and was followed by C Parker, who declared that none charges against the Admiral had be substantiated.
General Corbin and Miss Edyth Pa married today. Wedding to be ... ...ouse.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—
Interstate Commerce committee m ...ago today to investigate discrim ...ouis rates.